

# PROGRAMME UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies  
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge  
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja  
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

## DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

11 December 2004

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilising the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organisation and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

For more information: [www.ifrc.org](http://www.ifrc.org)

### In Brief

Appeal No. 01.68/2004; Programme Update no. 03, Period covered: July to September 2004; Appeal coverage: 71.7%; Outstanding needs: CHF 4,040,761.73 (USD 3,481,615 or EUR 2,634,394).  
([click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List \(also available on the website\)](#)).

Appeal target: CHF 14,278,310 (USD 12,302,525 or EUR 9,308,811)

Related Emergency or Annual Appeals: [Appeal 2004 \(01.68/04\)](#)

#### Programme summary:

This programme update covers the third quarter of 2004, reporting on the progress made by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) Red Cross and the Federation during the months of July, August and September. The DPRK Red Cross and the Federation's health and care, water and sanitation, disaster management and organisational development (OD) programmes are more or less progressing according to plan. Several review teams were in DPRK over the reporting period to measure progress made in the DPRK Red Cross activities, and results from these visits for the most part were quite positive. Although progress in meeting the expected results for the OD programme is slightly behind target, the distribution of health kits to medical institutions will surpass the original appeal target because of an in-kind donation.

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This Programme Update reflects activities to be implemented over a one-year period. This forms part of, and is based on, longer-term, multi-year planning (refer below to access the detailed logframe documents). All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in this or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profile, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>

### Operational developments

Periods of severe rain in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) over the past three months did not culminate in any serious disasters. Although the rains had a negative impact on the maize harvest, the rice harvest appears to be a little better than last year. Despite some reported landslides and floods in the southern province, damage caused by the flooding did not necessitate the use of the society's disaster preparedness (DP) stocks and implementation of the programmes has continued more or less according to schedule.

On 15 September, the country's Flood and Disaster Relief Commission (FDRC) announced that after nine years of receiving humanitarian assistance, the DPRK government would not participate in the United Nation's Consolidated Appeal Process (CAP). The DPRK government favours continued aid focused on capacity building and technical

support with less monitoring and expatriates in the field, and will most likely refuse permission for NGOs with programmes that have demonstrated little impact to operate in the country. An interagency mission visited the country during the 3rd week of October to discuss the consequences with the government.

The DPRK Red Cross is also discussing the issue with the government since these measures will have repercussions on the work of the DPRK Red Cross, but as of yet it is unclear to what extent.

## Health and Care

**Overall goal: To preserve lives and promote the well being of vulnerable populations, including children and women, in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.**

**Programme objective: The health and well being of vulnerable people in 65 cities/counties of five provinces (North Phyongan, South Phyongan, Jagang, North Hwanghae and South Hamgyong) are improved.**

### Achievements

This summary reports against the indicators set forth in the 2004 Appeal, which were selected to measure the progress of the Federation's 2004 health and care programme.

## Drug and equipment distribution

### Progress/Achievements

The DPRK Red Cross (DPRK RC) and the Federation continue to ensure the timely and quality distribution of medical supplies to targeted health institutions in 50 cities/counties of four provinces (North Phyongan, South Phyongan, Jagang, and North Hwanghae), and conducted monitoring trips to 40 health institutions covered by the programme.

Over the third quarter, the Federation expanded its operational area to one more province, South Hamgyong, and health facilities in this province began receiving Federation supported medical items.

**Activity 1: Procure and distribute basic medical supplies to at least 2,277 health institutions on a quarterly basis.**

Date	Movement of Basic Kits
12 June – 8 August 2004	The 6,257 basic kits funded by European Commission's Humanitarian Aid Office (ECHO) were distributed to 50 city/county medical warehouses of North Phyongan, South Phyongan, Jagang and South Hamgyong.
26 August 2004	The last ECHO-funded consignment amounting to 5642 basic kits arrived at Nampo port and were first transported to the central medical warehouse in Pyongyang.
11 August – 10 September 2004	The 8,312 basic kits consisting of 2670 buffer stocks and 5642 basic kits were distributed to 15 city/county warehouses of South Hamgyong for the 3rd quarter of 2004, and 40 city/county warehouses of North Phyongan, South Phyongan, and North Hwanghae for the 4th quarter of 2004.

**Activity 2: Procure and distribute supplementary medical drugs to 157 health institutions on a 6-months basis.**

Date	Movement of Supplementary Kits
10 – 29 July 2004	The 382 supplementary kits donated by the Danish RC, Norwegian RC and Canadian RC were supplied to 50 city/county warehouses of North Phyongan, South Phyongan, Jagang and North Hwanghae.
28 July – 12 October 2004	The Federation health delegates and national society counterparts monitored 382 supplementary kits at city/county medical warehouses before they were delivered to targeted health institutions in cooperation with local RC branches and health authorities.

**Activity 3: Procure and distribute household doctor kits to 1,759 health institutions, with household doctor kits departments in charge of primary health care.**

Date	Movement of Household Doctor Kits
10 – 29 July 2004	The 2,500 household doctor kits funded by the Japanese RC, Danish Red Cross and Norwegian Red Cross were transported to 50 city/county warehouses of North Phyongan, South Phyongan, Jagang and North Hwanghae by Federation trucks.
22 July – 17 August 2004	The Federation health delegates and national society counterparts undertook warehouse monitoring for 2,500 household doctor kits before they were distributed to individual household doctors.

**Activity 4: Procure and distribute orthopaedic surgical kits to one city/county hospital in each of 20 cities/counties.**

Surgeons are using twenty-six orthopaedic surgical kits donated by the Netherlands Red Cross in the operating theatres of facilities throughout 20 cities/counties.

**Activity 5: Procure and distribute autoclaves to three provincial hospitals and one city/county hospital in each of 50 cities/counties.**

Targeted health institutions received six autoclaves funded by the Danish Red Cross together with supplementary medical kits.

**Activity 6: Procure and distribute coal to health institutions from December 2003 to February 2004 to heat the most active parts of hospitals like operating theatres, inpatient wards, emergency departments and so on.**

No progress was made in regard to activity 6 over the reporting period.

**Activity 7: Procure and distribute anti-malarial materials (bed nets and screens) to 12,500 families in malaria-prone areas.**

Supported households in malaria prone areas used the 15,000 mosquito nets and screens donated by the Finnish Red Cross.

**Lessons learnt: Expansion of the Federation operational area.**

The Federation and the DPRK Red Cross expanded Red Cross activities into South Hamgyong province, which has a population of some 2.5 million people with 15 accessible cities/counties. The expansion of programme activities into a new province, even though expected and planned, required more resources, particularly transportation means to the northeast orientation. Distributions during the third quarter that covered a new area were a pilot period for efficient and effective administration of future activities.

## **Health promotion**

### **Progress/Achievements**

**Expected result: The capacity of DPRK Red Cross Society to improve the know-how of community health workers and Red Cross volunteers on prevention and care related to the most common health problems at community in cooperation with the DPRK Ministry of Public Health (MOPH) is increased by end of 2004.**

Health promotion activities carried out by the DPRK Red Cross and the Federation during the period July to September 2004 include:

- Two training-of-trainer (TOT) courses organised for 40 Red Cross trainers on community-based first aid (CBFA), health promotion and disaster preparedness in July and August 2004.
- Twelve workshops on waterborne disease prevention conducted for 240 Red Cross volunteers and water sanitation technicians from the Federation's water and sanitation project villages in July to September 2004.
- Seven workshops on communicable disease control organised for 140 household doctors from the Federation's supported health institutions.
- Teaching materials for household doctors on rational drug use and HIV/AIDS control developed and in the process of printing, while workshops are expected to be conducted in November and December 2004.

## Community-based first aid

### Progress/Achievements

**Expected result: The capability of the DPRK Red Cross Society to develop and manage appropriate community-based first aid activities is improved by the end of 2004.**

- First aid (FA) materials were packed into FA material refill kits in the Pyongyang Red Cross central warehouse for delivery to FA posts in the Federation's operational area.
- Previous teaching materials were reviewed and updated for CBFA training-for-trainers and -volunteers in 2005.

### Impact (on overall health and care programme)

Essential drug distribution, health promotion and community based first aid projects implemented by the Federation in collaboration with partners such as the MOPH, World Health Organisation (WHO) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) have helped protect and improve the health of vulnerable communities.

Medical items, consisting of essential drugs and consumables supplied by the Federation, have played a significant role in reducing common health problems such as acute respiratory infections and gastro-intestinal diseases.

## Water and sanitation

**Project objective: To provide clean water and locally appropriate sanitation facilities and education in the prevention of waterborne diseases in 40 *ri* and *dong* communities in North Phyongan, Jagang and South Phyongan provinces by end of December 2004.**

### Background

The project is part of the three-year, 100-community water and sanitation programme scheduled for completion by the end of 2005 - one year later than initially planned. For 2004, a number of the 30 ECHO/Netherlands Red Cross Society (NRCS) financed communities (68,124 beneficiaries) together with the 10 Swedish Red Cross Society (SRCS) financed ones (10,512 beneficiaries) will receive clean water and locally appropriate sanitation facilities and education in the prevention of waterborne diseases.

During this reporting period, technical monitoring was ongoing for the procurement of materials (cement, steel, pipes and accessories) for extended water supply systems to an increased number of beneficiaries in ECHO Phase 2 supported communities.

Progress concerning the 10 newly selected SRCS supported communities for Phase 3 (22,405 beneficiaries) includes the tendering, procurement and distribution of construction materials and pipes to targeted communities. Hygiene promotion continues with waterborne disease workshops involving Red Cross volunteers in the communities that are implementing water and sanitation projects.

**Expected result 1: Water and sanitation systems installed/rehabilitated in 40 *ri* and *dong* communities in North Phyongan, Jagang, and South Phyongan provinces.**

By the end of July, construction of water sources and water storage tanks, as well as laying of pipe for water supply systems was completed in 28 of the total 30 communities. Water systems were extended to accommodate the increased number of beneficiaries. Procurement and purchase of extra fittings and accessories as well as construction materials and transformers conducted during the reporting period were distributed to communities in North Phyongan province (funded by ECHO). In addition, construction material has been distributed to another 10 targeted communities for the construction of a new water supply system (funded by SRCS). Construction of these systems has been carried out by mobilising communities and the participation of Red Cross branches and volunteers.

Progress in regard to the project's sanitation component includes the construction of 320 out of the planned 610 Ecosan latrines, and construction material for an additional 300 latrines and biogas digesters were delivered to the targeted communities.

A draft proposal, logframe and budget for 2005, as part of the 100 village programme, was prepared and submitted to the Netherlands Red Cross in support of an application for ECHO funds.

**Expected result 2: Existing hygiene promotion activities expanded to/further developed in 40 *ri* and *dong*; and, at least one community health volunteer per 500 inhabitants trained to support the household doctors from each community.**

The Federation's health department and the social and medical department of the DPRK Red Cross conducted and actively participated in 14 workshops concentrated on the prevention of waterborne diseases as its main subject, training 280 health volunteers who covered the 40 communities with water and sanitation projects in 22 counties. The actual average of this indicator is one health volunteer to 280 community members trained, thus benefiting the communities.

**Expected result 3: Institutional capacity of DPRK Red Cross and Ministry of City Management to design, implement, monitor and evaluate water and sanitation activities strengthened.**

Two DPRK Red Cross programme officers, two of the society's programme technicians as well as one Federation delegate participated in a seven-day study tour to improve their technical knowledge on the use of biogas systems at the Shengyang Agricultural University in Liaoning province, China.

Eight technical workshops and a specific thematic workshop for problem solving held in *ri* communities in the Jagang and South Phyongan provinces involved village representatives such as water supply technicians, local Red Cross branch personnel and cooperative farm managers or their representatives. A technical manual in the Korean language entitled 'construction and management of water sanitation systems (WSS) in rural areas' finalised for use in future water and sanitation workshops is also available in English. Printing of the manual is planned for November.

A water and sanitation planning workshop held over the period 10-17 August 2004 in Pyongyang was facilitated by a water and sanitation officer from the Federation's Geneva Secretariat and an external consultant. Results and recommendations from the water and sanitation review conducted in February 2004 and future long-term water sanitation plans for 2004-2008 were discussed in the workshop.

## **Impact**

The successful completion of 30 water systems in the first phase allowed the extension of 15 more systems, which increased the number of project beneficiaries. Water supply systems originally expected to cover more than 48,000 inhabitants will now cover more than 78,000 beneficiaries.

People are already benefiting from the completion of 300 biogas digesters coupled with the Ecosan household latrine project. DPRK Red Cross staff will conduct an evaluation to determine the appropriateness and efficiency of Ecosan latrines versus biogas digesters.

## **Disaster Management**

**Overall goal: The impact of disasters on the vulnerable population of DPRK is reduced.**

**Programme objective: By the end of 2005, the DPRK Red Cross has the disaster management capacity to provide quality services to the most vulnerable in a timely and efficient manner.**

### **Progress/Achievements:**

**Expected result 1: The national society has a functioning disaster management programme and continues to play a key role in disaster management in the DPRK.**

In July, heavy rains in many parts of South Phyongan, North Phyongan, Ryangang, South Hwanghae and Kaesong resulted in floods.

During the first week of August, the DPRK Red Cross and the Federation participated in a joint field assessment conducted by the World Food Programme (WFP) and the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) to Eunsan and Pukchang counties. Flooding on 24-25 July in Eunsan county left 230 families homeless, damaged 300 houses and killed four people, while flooding in Pukchang county during the same time period left 400 families homeless and killed 20 people.

During the second week of August, the DPRK Red Cross and the Federation distributed the following relief items to flood affected families in Eunsan and Pukchang counties from the DP stock supported by British Red Cross Society (BRCS):

PROVINCE	COUNTY	NO. OF BENEFITED FAMILIES	NO. OF BENEFICIARIES	KITCHEN SETS	BLANKETS PCS	WATER PURIFICATION TABLET	WATER JERRICANS
South Phyongan province	Eunsan	120	520	120	520	31,200	120
	Pukchang	230	940	230	940	28,200	230
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>350</b>	<b>1,460</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>1,460</b>	<b>59,400</b>	<b>350</b>

The Federation posted two information bulletins at the Federation's web site, providing information to the general public and the media about both the flood situation in DPRK and the national society's response. The information bulletins were also posted on [www.reliefweb.int](http://www.reliefweb.int).

During the period July-October 2004, DPRK Red Cross disaster preparedness programme activities focused on capacity building activities. Emphasis was placed on disaster management workshops to strengthen the national society's ability in disaster preparedness and response. The five basic disaster management workshops conducted trained 128 community volunteers based in high-risk areas and covered these topics: the Red Cross/Red Crescent Movement; Red Cross roles and responsibilities; an overview of disaster management; disaster response with reference to the DPRK Red Cross; disaster assessment and methodology; the sphere project; relief management; community-based disaster preparedness; integration of DP with CBFA; and vulnerability and capacity assessment.

Disaster management workshops conducted by the DPRK Red Cross and the Federation over the period July-October 2004 included:

Date	Venue	Province	No. of participants	County
13-15 July	Nampo	S. Phyongan	30	Nampo
3-5 August	Sariwon	N. Hwanghae	30	Pongsan, Sonung, Rinsan, Yontan, Unpa, Songrim
10-12 August	Pyongsong	S. Phyongan	18	Mundok Anju, Neungon, Sunchon
8-10 September	Kaechon	N. Phyongan	20	Masan, Munkok, Nengon
12-14 October	Kaesong	Kaesong	30	Jangpung, Kaepung

A simulation exercise conducted on 14 September, World First Aid Day tested the level of disaster preparedness in Kaesong city. Up to 120 Red Cross youth volunteers from the Kaesong Secondary School participated in an exercise which simulated an emergency evacuation and featured a first aid competition in Kaesong city, one of the high risk areas.

Close coordination and regular contact have been maintained with national and provincial disaster management authorities, and the DPRK RC Kaesong city branch hosted two disaster management working group meetings in July and October. The meeting was an opportunity to share information on disaster management activities with community members and Red Cross volunteers.

From 18 September to 2 October, representatives from the United Kingdom's Department for International Development (DFID) visited DPRK to review the progress of the disaster management programme. The DFID team viewed field activities, specifically DP stock in the regional warehouses, and sites (old and additional new *ris*) where community-based disaster preparedness (CBDP) activities are carried out.

#### Impact:

Training in areas at high risk to natural disasters contributes to the quality of service provided by the national society to victims of both natural and industrial disasters.

#### **Expected result 2: The national society has involved an additional 10 *ris* at community level in disaster-prone areas in the community based disaster preparedness project.**

The national society has been implementing CBDP projects in a limited number of *ris* in South Phyongan province (nine *ris* in three separate counties). Based on the experience of the previous two years, the CBDP programme added nine new *ris* to its implementation: Namchil-*ri* in Anju city, Taegak-*ri* in Kaechon city, Mungok-*ri*, Masan-*ri* in Nyongwon county, Unhung-*ri* in Tokchon city, Sinsong-*ri* in Pyongwon county, Ryonghung-*ri* in Sonchon county and Jasan-*ri* in Pyongsong cities.

The CBDP workshop for the new *ris* was held in Pyongsong city, capital of the South Phyongan province, in mid-March 2004. The nine new *ris* and three model *ris* (altogether 12 *ris* for 2004) conducted basic disaster management training at the community level over the period of April to July 2004.

As a result, the CBDP project trained 2,157 community members to prepare and respond to possible disasters in their respective *ris*.

Up to 2,549 families living in flood-prone areas benefited from community-based mitigation activities. Over the period spanning July through October, the CBDP committees designed and implemented mitigation work in 12 *ris*, and 8,976 community members were mobilised to carry out mitigation work (mainly the river embankment and tree planting). During the four month period, the community completed 15,860 meters of embankment, including stone banking, with supplies such as 400 tons of cement and tools provided by the Federation and DPRK Red Cross, while local authorities provided stones, sand and gravel.

The national society/headquarters and the disaster management coordinator carried out follow-up visits to the 12 *ris* to monitor the progress of CBDP activities.

#### **Key findings:**

- All *ris* have established a CBDP committee comprising 7 to 11 people who are responsible for effectively preparing and responding to disasters at the local level.
- Nearly all *ris* have finalised hazard and risk mapping exercises. Through this process, they gathered information on main risks/hazards in their respective areas and identified community/Red Cross branch capacities to deal with risks.
- CBDP awareness activities by the volunteers are ongoing through community gatherings, exchange visits and simulation exercises.
- The follow-up team reported some positive changes in people's behaviour and actions, i.e. reinforcement of weak houses and some other key structures in the communities, community participation in feeder road construction work, more involvement of women in community decision making, working together in a formal and informal structure to form a *ri* emergency committee, initiation to generate a community contingency fund, assigning groups with specific tasks (awareness group, first aid/search and rescue group, warning and evacuation

group etc.), as well as the formulation of a CBDP plan including all preparedness and risk reduction activities based on available local resources.

- Progress of the self-help activities in targeted community groups is not equal as some are very active and some very slow. Contributing factors identified include lack of commitment among the community members as well as cooperation and support between leaders and community volunteers, absence of the Red Cross branch's physical presence, irregular communication and follow-up visits as well as less coordination between Red Cross and other stakeholders.
- Red Cross volunteers procured and used 50 telephones, 60 bicycles and 50 sirens to improve the communications and early warning system in the new CBDP *ris*.

To improve the flow of information between DPRK Red Cross headquarters and the CBDP areas and to measure the impact of CBDP, a monthly monitoring form was developed and distributed to the CBDP areas to support the progress tracking and the impact of the CBDP activities. The forms will be completed by the CBDP committees and sent to branches as well as headquarters.

#### **Impact:**

The DPRK Red Cross and Federation's ongoing community-based disaster preparedness activities, which teach communities and DPRK Red Cross branches mitigation skills that reduce the damage caused by disasters such as flooding, are having a positive impact.

#### **Expected result 3: The national society has sufficient material and financial resources for timely and effective disaster response.**

The DPRK Red Cross disaster preparedness warehouses in Sinuiju and Pyongyang have been replenished with the following DP items:

<b>Items</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Quantity</b>
Kitchen sets	set	2,500
Blankets	pieces	14,000
Water containers	pieces	5,040
Tarpaulins	pieces	2,000
First aid kit	kit	650
Supplementary kits	kit	45

The Danish Red Cross, with support from ECHO, has supported the replenishment of blankets, water containers, supplementary kits and tarpaulins, while the Federation has procured kitchen sets and first aid kits with support from the Ryongchon emergency appeal. These items arrived in DPRK in August and September. The Federation arranged the distribution to the central warehouse in Pyongyang, while replenishment of DP items to Sinuiju was completed in the middle of September. In addition to these items, the British Red Cross supported the procurement of 1,000 tarpaulins that will be used as DP stock.

#### **Impact:**

The replenishment of disaster management supplies will allow the DPRK Red Cross to respond quickly and effectively to the needs of affected communities in the event of future natural and/or industrial disasters.

#### **Constraints**

Emergency response activities in Ryongchon, particularly in April and May, and flood relief activities in August required the full attention of much national society staff and resources, thus affecting the scheduling and carrying out of programme activities.

#### **Ryongchon operations (See [www.ifrc.org](http://www.ifrc.org) for further details):**

22 April's train explosion destroyed 1,850 homes and damaged a further 6,360 others. Seven months after the disaster, residents of Ryongchon county situated in North Phyongan province are once again able to resume their normal routine.

## Coordination

Close coordination and regular contact is maintained with national and provincial disaster management authorities, the FDRC and other related departments. Over the reporting period, coordination activities addressed the overall situation in Ryongchon and problems arising out of heavy floods that affected the country in August. The DPRK RC Kaesong city branch hosted two disaster management working group meetings in July and October. The meeting was an opportunity to share information on disaster management activities with community members and Red Cross volunteers.

## Organisational Development

**Overall goal: The Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will become a leading humanitarian organisation in DPRK, providing quality services to the vulnerable.**

**Programme objective: The Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will have a national network of well functioning branches and volunteers, with increased resources to provide sustainable assistance to the most vulnerable.**

### Progress/Achievements:

**Expected result 1: Management potential of national headquarters and branches will be strengthened by well-planned, managed, monitored and evaluated programmes.**

The first three Federation supported regional management skill-building workshops were conducted in September and October. The main objectives were first, to clearly distinguish the roles and responsibilities of the branch governance and management and to conduct a self-assessment in line with capacity assessment performance indicators (CAPI). Twenty-four provincial and city branch secretaries, many of whom were appointed in April, participated in the workshops.

Restructuring of the society's national headquarters occurred in August, in keeping with the resolution passed during the National Congress in May. As a result, the society dissolved their organisational, planning and finance departments, and formed the finance and personnel unit under the management of the society's secretary general, while one of the society's deputy secretary general will manage the newly formed programme coordination and development unit. In furtherance of the national society's *Development Plan 2010*, an income generation unit will reinforce the logistics and resource mobilisation department.

A two member OD delegation headed by the society's deputy secretary general met with the Federation's South East Asia regional OD delegate and Asia and Pacific OD coordinator in August, exchanging valuable experiences in capacity building and organisational development.

In July, two staff members from DPRK Red Cross headquarters participated in on-the-job training in reporting at the East Asia regional delegation facilitated by the Federation's reporting delegate based in Beijing.

Forty DPRK Red Cross headquarters staff benefited from training on budgeting and finance, project cycle management and reporting in August.

Further assessments were conducted in regard to the renovation of the three pilot branch offices, Kangwon provincial branch, Sinuiju and Huichon city branches.

Integration of branch development with ongoing CBDP and CBFA project was encouraged and monitored in this quarter.

**Expected result 2: The DPRK RCS will have a sound system of financial management, budgeting, accounting and motivated, effective resource mobilisation activities that will lead to sustainable programmes at the community level.**

In September, the Federation's newly appointed head of delegation visited the Huichon Red Cross water plant and discussed manners in which to diversify sources of income.

The national society commenced with the construction of a Red Cross service centre in the southern part of the capital. The service centre will be available for the minor repairs to vehicles, production of crutches and first aid training for drivers. A feasibility study was conducted and shared with the Federation delegation and donor society, the Norwegian Red Cross.

The logistics and resource mobilisation department is drafting the national society's resource mobilisation strategy in this quarter.

**Expected result 3: The DPRK RCS will enjoy increased public knowledge and understanding of the humanitarian values and programmes of the DPRK RCS and of the Movement among all the stakeholders.**

Two thousand copies of two different Red Cross posters, one describing the Fundamental Principles and one for the national society, were printed and distributed.

The national society's activity promotion board was upgraded in headquarters and at the North Hwanghae and South Hwanghae provincial branch offices.

### **Impact**

Representatives from some of the participating national societies supporting the OD programme, i.e. the Swedish, Australian, and the Danish Red Cross, visited the Anju branch and discussed the impact of the OD programme with participants at the North West regional management workshop. The management was streamlined from headquarters to provincial branch level over this quarter, and all provincial branches will conduct CAPI in the last quarter of the year with participation of the city/county level branch workers.

### **Constraints**

The OD committee and the OD taskforce based at headquarters has yet to establish clear job descriptions and division of roles and responsibilities.

## **Representation, Implementation and Management**

The International Federation participates in an interagency meeting, which takes place weekly. When the FDRC delivered its statement on the CAP and humanitarian aid programmes in the DPRK in September, the Federation was invited for discussions on its consequences, both in Pyongyang and New York. The CAP is the UN instrument of the United Nations (UN) to coordinate the activities of different UN agencies in humanitarian aid. As one of the major agencies in the DPRK, the Federation participates fully in sector discussions on aid with OCHA to streamline its activities and avoid overlap, while the CAP usually annexes the Federation's appeal. The decision of the FDRC not to accept a CAP for the country for 2005 does not directly affect the programming of the Federation. This, and the fact that the direct partner of the Federation is the DPRK Red Cross and not the government, made the Federation decide not to accept an invitation to the Interagency Standing Commission to participate in a high-level mission to discuss these issues with the government.

There were a large number of visitors during the months of July, August and September. In July, two auditors from ECHO assessed the health programme supported by the Danish Red Cross. Three facilitators from the Netherlands Red Cross participated in a water and sanitation workshop in August, while the Federation's regional desk officer responsible for the DPRK participated in a workshop in preparation for the DRPK annual appeal. In September, three consultants from DFID reviewed the Federation's DPRK disaster preparedness programme.

Also in September, a new head of delegation arrived in DRPK, and due to the efforts of both the incoming and outgoing head of delegation, the transfer of responsibilities took place over a period of two weeks. A portion of the funds received for the representation, implementation and management programme is funding support from the Federation's regional unit in Geneva to DPRK Red Cross programmes.

**[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page and contact information.](#)**

APPEAL No. 01.68/2004

## PLEDGES RECEIVED

07/12/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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## CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->				14,278,310	TOTAL COVERAGE 71.7%	
CASH CARRIED FORWARD				1,776,004		
BRITISH - RC		30,000	GBP	68,580	28.09.04	DISASTER MANAGEMENT
BRITISH - RC		10,000	GBP	22,860	19.11.04	DISASTER MANAGEMENT
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA		495,000	CAD	464,310	16.06.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA		132,285	CAD	124,083	17.11.04	
DANISH - GOVT				780,075	13.08.04	HEALTH, CBFA, ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPEMENT
ECHO/NETHERLANDS RC		1,344,182	EUR	2,096,252	05.05.04	WATER SANITATION & HEALTH PROMOTION
FINNISH - RC		7,910	EUR	12,151	07.06.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
GERMAN - GOVT		308,556	EUR	471,782	23.07.04	PURCHASE 3000 HOUSEHOLD DOCTORS KITS
GERMAN - GOVT		15,340	EUR	23,455	04.08.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
JAPANESE -RC		128,491	USD	162,476	02.09.04	HEALTH AND CARE
NETHERLANDS - GOVT		26,502	EUR	41,144	27.09.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
NETHERLANDS - GOVT		44,693	EUR	69,384	30.09.04	TRAINING, DISTRIBUTION & MONITORING
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		2,000,000	NOK	370,500	30.03.04	HEALTH AND CARE
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		400,000	NOK	74,100	13.04.04	REPRESENTATION, MANAGEMENT & IMPLEMENTATION,
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		331,760	NOK	62,371	02.06.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		1,078,749	NOK	202,265	25.11.04	COAL FOR HEALTH INSTITUTIONS
SWEDISH - GOVT		3,500,000	SEK	589,750	26.03.04	WATER SANITATION PROJECT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				7,411,542	CHF	51.9%

## KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
AUSTRALIA	DELEGATES			85,400		
DENMARK	DELEGATES			42,800		
FINLAND	DELEGATES			115,200		
GERMANY	DELEGATES			31,600		

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## PLEDGES RECEIVED

07/12/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
FINNISH - GOVT		132,000	EUR	202,752	07.06.04	120 MEDICAL KITS, TRANSPORT
GERMAN - GOVT		251,000	EUR	383,779	04.08.04	2400 RI HOSPITAL KITS, 80 RI COUNTY HOSPITAL KITS, TRANSPORT
NETHERLANDS	DELEGATES			80,600		
NETHERLANDS - GOVT		443,725	EUR	688,883	27.09.04	4700 BASIC DRUGT KITS, TRANSPORT
NORWAY	DELEGATES			77,000		
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		5,320,063	NOK	1,000,172	02.06.04	7'200 BASIC HEALTH KITS
SWEDEN	DELEGATES			124,600		
Note: due to systems upgrades in process, contributions in kind and services may be incomplete.						
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				2,832,786	CHF	19.8%

## ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				0	CHF	