This bulletin is issued for information only and reflects the current situation and details available at this time. The Indonesian Red Cross – Palang Merah Indonesia (PMI), with the support of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), are continuing to monitor and respond to the situation with local and national resources. If required, additional financial resources will be sought via the relevant IFRC international disaster response mechanism.

The situation

The National Agency for Disaster Management (BNPB) and the Agency for Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics (BMKG) reported that high tide/tsunami hit Carita Beach in Banten Province, and hit the coast around the Sunda Strait, especially in Pandeglang, South Lampung and Serang districts on 22 December 2018 at 21:27hrs.

The event is recorded four times in four different locations with height of 30-90 cm. According to the official update by the Indonesian Disaster Management Authority, the fatalities are increasing and the released the below mentioned statistics. The highest wave hit Serang sub-district at 21.27h local time with the height of 90 cm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fatalities</th>
<th>222 People (164 from Pandeglang; 11 from Serang; 48 from Lampung; 1 from Tanggamus)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Injured</td>
<td>843 People (624 from Pandeglang; 22 from Serang; 213 from Lampung)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missing</td>
<td>28 people (2 from Pandeglang; 26 from Serang; no info from other district)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damaged houses</td>
<td>556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damaged hotels</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damaged restaurants / food stalls</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damaged ships</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BMKG issued high-tide warning before the tsunami struck, however, this warning is not for tsunami early warning nor related to Mount Krakatoa activity. Approximately 5,000 persons were initially evacuated to Lampung Governor's office; most of them are now back to their houses.

Pandeglang is the worst affected area with most number of deaths, injured persons and damaged houses and properties. With reports of people getting back to their homes, the initial risk of population movement is reduced as most of them went back to their homes. Settlements and tourist sites on Tanjung Lesung Beach, Sumur Beach, Teluk Lada Beach, Panimbang Beach, and Carita Beach were severely affected. Being the tourist season, there were huge number of tourists present in the coastal area of Pandeglang, one of the worst affected areas when the event struck.
Assessments are in progress to estimate the damages, need analysis. The number of casualties might increase as some of the interior areas are being accessed now.

Response by the provincial disaster management agency (BPBD)
BPBD together with the military, police, the national search and rescue agency (Basarnas), local government office, Ministry of Social Welfare Volunteers (Tagana), Indonesian Red Cross (PMI), volunteers and the community are providing emergency response support to the affected people. Heavy equipment have been deployed for debris clearance. The government has also deployed field kitchen, field clinic and evacuation post.

Government has not yet declared emergency status or released response structure yet, currently it’s being locally coordinated along with the establishment of command post, field kitchen and displacement site. Heavy equipment was dispatched to clear debris to ease evacuation and response.

The initial prediction on the cause could be that of a possible underwater landslide due to the eruption of Mount Anak Krakatau combined with higher than usual tides due to the full moon. The causes of this event are being investigated by BMKG (Agency for Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics), BNPB (Indonesian Disaster Management Authority) and PVMBG (Centre of Volcanology and Geological Disaster Mitigation). This Government has issued a warning of no activity along the coastal area.

Immediate needs
Based on initial information from secondary sources as well as from PMI teams on the ground, immediate needs include evacuation and management of injuries, medical and health services including referral services, food and non-food items and evacuation sites

Red Cross and Red Crescent action

PMI has been on the ground from the onset of this event, with a total of 71 volunteers from provincial chapter and four branches on the ground to support search and rescue efforts, delivery of immediate assistance and undertake rapid assessment and coordination with BNPB and other stakeholders. PMI provincial chapter in Banten has a strong capacity of 282 staff and 782 volunteers across province.

Action taken by PMI HQ
PMI has mobilised:
- Branch teams are conducting assessments and need analysis.
- 22 units of ambulance (with medical crew), for referral service.
- Will deploy 14 water trucks (eight units for Lampung province and six units for Banten province).
- Emergency funds being released for operations support in Lampung and Banten.
- Deploying one team of Orthopaedic Specialist Doctors.
- Deploying five mobile clinic teams; three teams to Banten and two teams to Lampung.
- Two units of helicopters for search and rescue operations.
PMI Banten Province have distributed
- 150 blankets
- 100 tarpaulins
- 40 cleaning kits
- 20 shovels
- 20 boxes of mineral water
- three body bags
- five pairs of boots

Response by IFRC
The IFRC Country Cluster Support Team (CCST) in Jakarta is providing technical support and working in coordination with PMI on needs assessment and to support communications and media relations needs. The CCST is also set to provide financial support to enable the mobilization of personnel and supplies by PMI.

The situation is evolving as more information on the extent of damage and needs emerge. A detailed plan of action for the PMI response will be developed over the coming days based on rapid assessments and analysis of secondary data. The CCST in Jakarta, with back-up support from the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO), will continue to provide technical and coordination support to PMI, with personnel placed on standby in Kuala Lumpur for immediate deployment. Additional IFRC surge capacity can be mobilized from the global system in coordination with PMI.

A coordination meeting was held in Jakarta this afternoon with PMI and based on the current situation and initial discussions with IFRC CCST, an application to the DREF will be made, expected to be submitted 24th December 2018.
Contact information

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

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For resource mobilization and pledges:

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC’s vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

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The IFRC’s work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:

- **Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.**
- **Enable healthy and safe living.**
- **Promote social inclusion and a culture of non-violence and peace.**