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# DREF final report

## Kenya: Civil Unrest-Moyale

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

**DREF operation n° MDRKE021**  
**GLIDE n° FF-2012-000062-KEN**  
**08 October 2012**

The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent (IFRC) Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) is a source of un-earmarked money created by the Federation in 1985 to ensure that immediate financial support is available for Red Cross Red Crescent response to emergencies. The DREF is a vital part of the International Federation's disaster response system and increases the ability of National Societies to respond to disasters.

**Summary:** CHF 320,779 was allocated from the IFRC's Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) on 7 February, 2012 to support the Kenya Red Cross Society (KRCS) in delivering assistance to 5,000 households (30,000 beneficiaries) affected by clashes in Moyale District through provision of non food items, improving access to safe water and undertaking emergency health interventions in the affected areas. The funds received were also utilized in replenishing disaster preparedness stocks as KRCS had already begun responding to the disaster prior to the launching of the DREF request.

The conflict quickly escalated and necessitated quick response in order to save lives as the affected were either grievously wounded or displaced and living in the wild. Funds received under this DREF enabled the National Society to carry out an in-depth assessment in



**KRCS Emergency Ambulance Service airlift victim of clashes to Nairobi for specialized medical care PHOTO/KRCS**

the target areas, provide safe water to the displaced through implementation of an emergency water trucking intervention in the villages of Hellu, Mansille, Kinisa, Odda, Butiye, Illadu, Sessi and Manyatta, distribute food and non food items to approximately 5,752 households displaced by the conflict and provide mobile medical outreach services to 2,991 beneficiaries during the emergency phase of the operation.

KRCS sought to influence future outcomes in the affected regions by conducting reconciliatory meetings in Moyale that targeted elders from the warring communities. KRCS Secretary General held two separate meetings with elders from both the Borana and Gabra communities following the conflict in order to initiate reconciliatory discussions among the communities. A total of 90 elders participated in the meetings. A joint meeting was thereafter held by the provincial administration under tight security that brought the elders from the two warring communities together for similar discussions.

The Society reached and exceeded the targeted 5,000 households with the DREF. Response activities were implemented in collaboration with the provincial administration in the target areas given the nature of the crisis. The support of KRCS volunteers in Moyale and Isiolo districts was fundamental to the effectiveness and swiftness with which the response was executed.

The Office of U.S Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) provided an in-kind donation of NFI kits while the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) supported the operation through bilateral funds earmarked for the procurement of additional non food items (NFI) kits. KRCS used the kits to replenish its preparedness stocks.

The major donors and partners of DREF include the Australian, American and Belgian governments, the Austrian Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross and government, Danish Red Cross and government, the European Commission Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection (ECHO), the Irish and the Italian governments, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Luxembourg government, the Monaco Red Cross and government, the Netherlands Red Cross and government, the Norwegian Red Cross and government, the Spanish Government, the Swedish Red Cross and government, the United Kingdom Department for International Development (DFID), the Medtronic and Z Zurich Foundations, and other corporate and private donors. The IFRC, on behalf of the National Society, would like to extend thanks to all for their generous contributions.

Details of DREF contributions can be found on: [http://www.ifrc.org/docs/appeals/Active/MAA00010\\_2012.pdf](http://www.ifrc.org/docs/appeals/Active/MAA00010_2012.pdf)

[<Click here for the final financial report, or here to view contact details>](#)

## The situation

There have been renewed inter-ethnic clashes between the Gabra and the Borana of Moyale District since late 2011. The clashes affected seven locations in Moyale (Hellu, Odda, Butiye, Somare, Manyatta, Lami and Kinisa). A total of 17 villages from the seven locations were affected and displaced population moved to Sessi, Manyatta and some crossed over into Ethiopia. The assessment by Kenya Red Cross Society (KRCS) revealed that an estimated total population of 9,553 households (57,318 people) were either directly or indirectly affected.

KRCS staff and volunteers embarked on detailed assessment of the situation to assess the magnitude of impact manifested by the clashes. KRCS staff and volunteers fully engaged, separately, the warring communities to establish factual information as regards the impacts of the disaster. The following are the summary findings;

- A total of 48 people lost their lives over the last 4 months with 34 and 14 people from Garba and Boran tribes respectively. However, there are unconfirmed reports that there are more deaths that are not accounted for especially from the Gabra community.
- Approximately 1,251 people were reported missing by their respective families with reports indicating that they may have crossed over to Ethiopia or escaped to neighbouring villages.
- A total of 580 houses were burnt with an estimated over 300 houses looted of all the belongings (furniture, clothes, utensils etc) after their owners fled.
- 1,075 livestock (105 cattle, 35 camels, 835 shoats, 100 donkeys and unknown number of chicken) were lost or looted during the skirmishes.
- 20 pieces of water storage tanks (10,000 litres) were vandalized at different community water points.
- 8 classrooms of Funan Nyatta primary school were razed to the ground which disrupted learning activities in the area.
- Three rooms in Arosa dispensary were burnt together with the existing medical dugs and equipments while Hellu and Mansille dispensary were looted of all the drugs and, other medical equipments were stolen. The displaced families from Garba community could not access Moyale District Hospital based on its location in the midst of the Borana community whom they were embroiled in battle with. The destruction of medical facilities created a crisis in that the affected population had no access to medical care during the crisis and after since the shortage of drugs would take time to resolve. However, ICRC and KRCS supplied drugs consignments to support the operation.
- The displaced population faced water and food shortages.
- Apart from few private primary schools in the district, none of the public schools (primary, secondary and collages) are operational. Students and pupils have fled their areas thus not available to attend school.

## Red Cross and Red Crescent action

Emergency response for the displaced was initiated in February 2012 when approximately 9,553 households were displaced following fresh fighting between the Gabra and Borana communities. Kenya Red Cross Society responded by distributing NFIs to the affected 1,500 households while designing an intervention proposed to target 5,000 households for three months.

An in-depth assessment was thereafter carried out in the target areas as fighting and resultant casualties and/or displacements increased in order to enable the Society effectively determine the scope of response needed to cater for the needs of the affected. It was determined that the villages of Hellu, Arosa, Butiye, Goromuda, Kinisa, Mansille, Sessi, Dale, Butte Sessi, Illadu, Missa, Areswajila, Bunna, Bamba, Gurar and Godoma in North Eastern Province were all affected by the clashes. Those affected from the Gabra community migrated towards the border part of Wajir District. The assessment also revealed that the affected families faced acute shortage of safe water as water carting was the main source of water at the time of assessment. The water distributed was of low quality and was consumed raw devoid of any treatment processes (i.e. filtering, boiling or disinfecting) and was sourced from shallow wells in the vicinity that were generally unprotected and saline and/or neighbouring Ethiopia. Access to health facilities for the wounded was hampered by long travel distances, lack of medical supplies at the nearest facilities and a fear of retaliatory attacks by warring tribes.

The Society met the needs of the affected populations by providing safe water through implementation of an emergency water trucking intervention in the villages of Hellu, Mansille, Kinisa, Odda, Butiye, Illadu, Sessi and Manyatta, distribution of food and non food items to approximately 5,752 households and provision of mobile medical outreach services to 2,991 beneficiaries at the emergency phase of the project.

KRCS sought to influence future outcomes in the affected regions by conducting reconciliatory meetings in Moyale that targeted elders from the warring communities. KRCS Secretary General held two separate meetings with elders from both the Borana and Gabra communities. A total of 90 elders participated in the meetings. A joint meeting was thereafter held by the provincial administration under tight security that brought the elders from the two warring communities together.

KRCS received NFI kits for 7,500 households from the Office of U.S Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) to boost its NFI stocks for the disaster. The items enabled the National Society boost its emergency preparedness stocks.

## Achievements against outcomes

Tracing and dissemination	
<b>Outcome: Restored family links and enhanced protection of the most vulnerable among the approximately 30,000 displaced populations.</b>	
<b>Outputs</b>	<b>Planned Activities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Separated families are in contact with their families or loved ones</li> <li>Families of individuals can source information from RC about the location of family members</li> <li>Missing family members are reunited with their families</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continue assessments to identify RFL needs</li> <li>Registration of unaccompanied minors and vulnerable persons</li> <li>Conduct active tracing for missing persons in cooperation with ICRC</li> <li>Exchange of RC messages</li> <li>Provision of IEC materials for dissemination</li> <li>Publish list of names of missing persons</li> <li>Family reunification of successful cases</li> <li>Train 20 volunteers of RFL in disasters</li> <li>Disseminate the Red Cross humanitarian principles and values</li> </ul>

### Achievements

KRCS assessments revealed that families were separated as they fled from regions of active conflict to safety. Assessment teams noted that women, children, the sickly, the physically challenged and the elderly were the most affected by the displacements. An estimated 1,251 people were reported as missing at the time of assessment.

Six volunteers were trained in RFL in Moyale district and supported the activities during the operation. KRCS in collaboration with the ICRC undertook tracing activities and were able to open 53 cases during the operation. Approximately 45 successful messages were exchanged during this period of note being a case in Sololo where a beneficiary sought his brother fearing that he may have been killed in fighting in the Sololo area. The beneficiary proposed that Hilu would be the nearest place that he may have sought refuge. The team took up the case and was able to successful exchange a message between the two. The brother had found refuge in Wajir District. Eight of the opened cases are still pending.

Shelter and relief	
Outcome: Distribution of NFIs for approximately 30,000 beneficiaries (5,000 families)	
<b>Outputs:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All IDP families are provided with non food items as per SPHERE standards.</li> </ul>	<b>Planned activities</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Procurement of a further 1,700 NFIs for immediate supply to complement those already supplied.</li> <li>Transport, warehouse and distribute non food items to the refugees</li> <li>Train 20 volunteers on non food distribution.</li> <li>Maintain proper records of all relief assistance</li> </ul>

### Achievements

KRCS began the distribution of non food item (NFI) kits as soon as the displacements occurred following fresh fighting between the two communities in February 2012. The society targeted a total of 5,000 households with the kits at the point of resettlement following displacements from their homes. A rub hall was established in Moyale District during the operation to enable proper storage and tracking of relief items deployed to the district.

The National Society procured NFI kits to cater to the needs of approximately 1,700 households using DREF. The items purchased included tarpaulins, blankets, mosquito nets, soap, jerry cans and kitchen sets. Distribution of NFI was sustained throughout the operation in areas where displacements occurred. KRCS reached 5,752 households, thus meeting and exceeding the target.

Disaster preparedness stocks were replenished with NFI kits that the society received from OFDA thereby ensuring that KRCS had supplies to utilize in its future response activities. KRCS sourced bilateral funds from OCHA which were utilized to procure NFI kits for 1,170 households and served to also replenish the Society's preparedness stocks.



Beneficiaries receive NFI kits from KRCS secretary General and volunteers. Photo/KRCS

**Table 1: A breakdown of NFI kits received during the operation**

Source of NFI Kits	Blankets	Tarpaulins	Kitchen set	Mosquito nets	Soap	Jerry cans
During DREF operation	5,752	2,985	2,943	5,693	5,525	6,488
In kind donation from OFDA	15,000	7,500	7,500	15,000	15,000	15,000
OCHA funds	2,340	1,170	1,170	2,340	2,340	2,340
Purchased by KRCS	3,400	1,700	1,700	3,400	10,200	3,400

<b>Emergency health and Care</b>	
<b>Outcome: Increased access to basic health care services for approximately 30,000 beneficiaries (5,000 families)</b>	
<b>Outputs</b>	<b>Planned activities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provide basic curative, preventive and promotive and referral health services</li> <li>• Enhanced community awareness on common communicable disease prevention and control</li> <li>• Enhanced coping mechanisms for survivors (as part of psychosocial support)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support the Ministry of Health facilities through provision of essential drug, equipment and personnel.</li> <li>• Conduct continuous medical outreach services targeting isolated villages and migrating populations</li> <li>• Deploy an ambulance for emergency referrals</li> <li>• Train 50 volunteer in community surveillance, prevention, control and referral of common diseases including malnutrition</li> <li>• Identify, adapt and produce IEC materials and key community health messages</li> <li>• Conduct regular community health education and promotion sessions</li> <li>• Conduct continuous nutritional screening and education during medical outreach and household visits</li> <li>• Provision of post trauma counselling</li> </ul>

**Achievements**

A medical team comprising of 2 clinical officers, four nurses, 1 pharmacist and 10 volunteers trained in the basics of emergency health were deployed to the region to cater for the needs of the affected populations. A total of 2,991 beneficiaries were reached by the intervention.

Funds from the DREF enabled KRCS to purchase medical supplies that were utilized during medical outreaches. Vandalism and looting of local dispensaries effectively eliminated access to medical care for people living in the affected areas thereby making the medical outreach intervention critical to the well being of the affected beneficiaries.

The National Society conducted medical outreaches in 12 villages; Bute, Karduse, Katama, Chufa, Odda, Bori, Arosa, Ogomdi, Ogorji, Darale, Kinisa and Harsaqa during the operation period.

<b>Water and Sanitation</b>	
<b>Outcome: Increased access to safe water, improved sanitation and hygiene awareness for approximately 30,000 beneficiaries (5,000 families)</b>	
<b>Outputs</b>	<b>Planned Activities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>At least 30,000 beneficiaries have access to at least 15 litres of safe drinking water a day.</li> <li>30,000 beneficiaries have access to improved sanitation</li> <li>Improved hygiene and sanitation, knowledge, awareness and practice for 30,000 beneficiaries KRCS volunteer capacity in hygiene promotion (PHASTER) is built.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide access to safe water through water trucking and repairing damaged water sources targeting estimated 10 focal points</li> <li>Procurement and distribution of PVC tanks at the focal points</li> <li>Distribute point of use water treatment chemicals (Aqua tabs, PUR sachets)</li> <li>Provide improved sanitation facilities (rehabilitate and construct 200 latrines)</li> <li>Conduct hygiene promotion</li> <li>Train 30 volunteers on PHASTER and cascade</li> </ul>

### **Achievements**

KRCS undertook emergency water trucking interventions in the villages of Hellu, Mansille, Kinisa, Odda, Butiye, Illad, Sessi and Manyatta reaching a total of 5,941 households with 259,000 litres of water. The National Society also purchased four 10,000 litre collapsible water tanks that were installed at the location of the targeted population.

Funds received from the DREF also enabled KRCS purchase 200 PVC slabs that were deployed to Moyale District. The use of the plastic slabs is cost effective as the target beneficiaries can re-use the slab for future latrine constructions due to the durability.

<b>Logistics</b>	
<b>Outcome: Efficient and effective logistical support and warehousing of stocks so far as to serve 30,000 beneficiaries</b>	
<b>Outputs</b>	<b>Planned Activities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficient dispatch of non food items to the final distribution point</li> <li>Efficient and effective logistical support to the operation</li> <li>Improved capacity to carry out the operation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To distribute non food items</li> <li>Procurement of one rub hall</li> <li>Transportation of equipment, personnel and volunteers</li> <li>Lease rent two vehicles</li> </ul>

### **Achievements**

The National Society utilized its logistics team during the operation to ensure that all activities were carried out in an efficient manner. KRCS carried out the primary transportation of NFI kits during pre-positioning and distribution to targeted beneficiaries.

The logistical team also enabled the distribution of food to the displaced communities in Isiolo District. Response activities were made possible by logistical support accorded to them. This included conducting needs assessments, NFI and food distribution as well as transportation of KRCS staff and volunteers responding to the crisis

KRCS purchased and established a rub hall in Moyale District during the crisis to facilitate the proper storage of supplies received from KRCS head quarters. The department coordinated the renting of warehouse facilities in Isiolo District, which currently doesn't have a warehouse.

## Contact information

**For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:**

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### DREF history:

- This DREF was initially allocated on 7 February 2012 for CHF 320,779 for 03 months to assist 5,000 households (30,000 beneficiaries)

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## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.



The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:

1. Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.
2. Enable healthy and safe living.
3. Promote social inclusion and a culture of non-violence and peace.



MDRKE021 - Kenya - Civil Unrest

Appeal Launch Date: 02 feb 12

Appeal Timeframe: 02 feb 12 to 02 may 12

Final

Selected Parameters	
Reporting Timeframe	2012/2-2012/5
Budget Timeframe	2012/2-2012/5
Appeal	MDRKE021
Budget	APPROVED

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

## I. Funding

	Disaster Management	Health and Social Services	National Society Development	Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL	Deferred Income
<b>A. Budget</b>	320,779					320,779	
<b>B. Opening Balance</b>	0					0	
<b>Income</b>							
<u>Other Income</u>							
<i>DREF Allocations</i>	320,779					320,779	
<b>C4. Other Income</b>	320,779					320,779	
<b>C. Total Income = SUM(C1..C4)</b>	320,779					320,779	
<b>D. Total Funding = B +C</b>	320,779					320,779	
<b>Coverage = D/A</b>	100%					100%	

## II. Movement of Funds

	Disaster Management	Health and Social Services	National Society Development	Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL	Deferred Income
<b>B. Opening Balance</b>	0					0	
<b>C. Income</b>	320,779					320,779	
<b>E. Expenditure</b>	-320,779					-320,779	
<b>F. Closing Balance = (B + C + E)</b>	-0					-0	

MDRKE021 - Kenya - Civil Unrest

Appeal Launch Date: 02 feb 12

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Final

Selected Parameters	
Reporting Timeframe	2012/2-2012/5
Budget Timeframe	2012/2-2012/5
Appeal	MDRKE021
Budget	APPROVED

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

### III. Expenditure

Account Groups	Budget	Expenditure					TOTAL	Variance
		Disaster Management	Health and Social Services	National Society Development	Principles and Values	Coordination		
A							B	A - B
<b>BUDGET (C)</b>		<b>320,779</b>					<b>320,779</b>	
<b>Relief items, Construction, Supplies</b>								
Clothing & Textiles	61,943							61,943
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	22,299							22,299
Medical & First Aid	19,540							19,540
Utensils & Tools	58,230							58,230
Other Supplies & Services	11,138							11,138
<b>Total Relief items, Construction, Su</b>	<b>173,150</b>							<b>173,150</b>
<b>Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>								
Storage	21,816							21,816
Transport & Vehicles Costs	27,718							27,718
<b>Total Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>	<b>49,534</b>							<b>49,534</b>
<b>Personnel</b>								
National Society Staff	42,939							42,939
Volunteers	3,130							3,130
<b>Total Personnel</b>	<b>46,069</b>							<b>46,069</b>
<b>Consultants &amp; Professional Fees</b>								
Consultants	16,069							16,069
<b>Total Consultants &amp; Professional Fe</b>	<b>16,069</b>							<b>16,069</b>
<b>Workshops &amp; Training</b>								
Workshops & Training	4,080							4,080
<b>Total Workshops &amp; Training</b>	<b>4,080</b>							<b>4,080</b>
<b>General Expenditure</b>								
Information & Public Relations	11,782							11,782
Office Costs	517							517
<b>Total General Expenditure</b>	<b>12,299</b>							<b>12,299</b>
<b>Contributions &amp; Transfers</b>								
Cash Transfers National Societies		301,201					301,201	-301,201
<b>Total Contributions &amp; Transfers</b>		<b>301,201</b>					<b>301,201</b>	<b>-301,201</b>
<b>Indirect Costs</b>								
Programme & Services Support Recov	19,578	19,578					19,578	-0
<b>Total Indirect Costs</b>	<b>19,578</b>	<b>19,578</b>					<b>19,578</b>	<b>-0</b>
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURE (D)</b>	<b>320,779</b>	<b>320,779</b>					<b>320,779</b>	<b>-0</b>
<b>VARIANCE (C - D)</b>		<b>-0</b>						<b>-0</b>

Annex: Detailed expenditure report as provided by National Society

Budget Group	Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance
Clothing & Textiles	61,943	64,091	-2,148
Water & Sanitation	22,299	21,915	384
Medical & First Aid	24,607	26,442	-1,835
Ustensils & Tools	58,230	60,171	-1,941
Other Supplies & Services & Cash Disbursements	11,138	5,511	5,627
<b>Total Supplies</b>	<b>178,217</b>	<b>178,129</b>	<b>88</b>
Storage	21,816	21,768	48
Distribution & Monitoring	3,983	4,087	-104
Transport & Vehicle Costs	23,736	24,207	-471
<b>Total Transport &amp; Storage</b>	<b>49,535</b>	<b>50,061</b>	<b>-526</b>
National Society Staff	37,250	35,951	1,299
Other Staff benefits	2,431	2,108	323
Consultants	16,069	16,266	-197
<b>Total Personnel</b>	<b>55,750</b>	<b>54,325</b>	<b>1,425</b>
Workshops & Training	2,931	3,856	-925
<b>Total Workshops &amp; Training</b>	<b>2,931</b>	<b>3,856</b>	<b>-925</b>
Information & Public Relation	14,253	14,355	-102
Office Costs	517	671	-154
<b>Total General Expenditure</b>	<b>14,770</b>	<b>15,026</b>	<b>-256</b>
Cash Transfers to National Societies	-320,779	-301,201	-19,578
<b>Total Contributions &amp; Transfers</b>	<b>-320,779</b>	<b>-301,201</b>	<b>-19,578</b>
Program Support	19,578	0	
<b>Total Programme Support</b>	<b>19,578</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>19,578</b>
Total Services	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL BUDGET</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>-195</b>
<b>NET EMERGENCY APPEAL NEEDS</b>		<b>197</b>	<b>-197</b>