

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

INDONESIA: YOGYAKARTA EARTHQUAKE

Appeal No. MDRID001
1 July 2006

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilising the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organisation and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

In Brief

Operations Update no. 6; Period covered: 22 June to 30 June 2006; Appeal target: CHF 38 million (USD 31 million or EUR 24 million); Appeal coverage: 69.7%; Outstanding needs: CHF 11.5 million (EUR 7.4 million or USD 9.5 million)

[\(click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List, also available on the website\).](#)

Appeal history:

- Preliminary appeal launched on 27 May 2006 for CHF 12.8 million (USD 10.4 million or EUR 8.2 million) for 8 months to assist 200,000 beneficiaries.
- Revised appeal was launched on 6 June for CHF 38 million to assist 325,000 beneficiaries for 12 months.

Operational Summary:

One month after the earthquake struck Yogyakarta and surrounding regions, many affected residents in Bantul have started clearing the debris to begin the task of rebuilding their houses. However, according to Indonesian media, due to increasing demand, the prices, of construction materials such as sand, stones, bricks, cement and wood have increased sharply, making the task of rebuilding more difficult. With many residents still sheltering in temporary tents, the Governor of Yogyakarta has decided to extend the emergency phase, originally expected to end this month.

Currently running at a steady pace, the Indonesian Red Cross (Palang Merah Indonesia or PMI) operation supported by the Federation Yogyakarta Emergency Appeal continues to meet the needs of those affected by the quake. Relief, health and care and other programme components move forward, with relief in particular expected to surpass the target 65,000 beneficiaries less than two weeks. The early recovery project has been consolidated, with a full outline as well as scope and scale of the project defined and made available to partner national societies. The Federation wishes to express its sincerest gratitude for the still continuing strong financial support by sister societies, governments, ECHO, other international organizations and private donors.

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

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Background

An earthquake of magnitude of 6.3 on the Richter scale struck Yogyakarta and surrounding areas in Central Java at 05:54 hrs local time on 27 May 2006. It caused widespread destruction, injuries and loss of lives, with villages in the more remote areas south of Yogyakarta as well as in and around Bantul the most severely affected. The earthquake's epicentre was located some 20 km south-southeast of Yogyakarta at a depth of ten kilometres. Tremors were felt across the region, as far away as Semarang and Surabaya on the opposite coast of Java.



Imogiri, in Bantul district, was among the hardest hit by the earthquake.

Operational developments

The governor of Yogyakarta has extended the emergency phase of the earthquake operations for an additional month, according to a local media source and a report from the national coordinating board for the management of disaster (BAKORNAS PBP). The extension would take into account the recovery process, particularly the reconstruction of the houses of victims who remain fearful following continued aftershocks.

The earthquake operation is divided into three phases – emergency operation (one to two months), rehabilitation (two to twelve months), reconstruction (seven to twenty-four months)¹. The report also stated that the number of deaths has increased to nearly 5,800, with the number of injuries now showing a slight decrease to about 37,900 people.

To date, close to 141,800 tarpaulins or tents were distributed by the humanitarian community (comprising national and international groups) and the government of Indonesia to 122,300 households, according to data gathered by the Emergency Shelter Cluster Group². The damage assessment figures from the government, revised on 26 June, increased the number of houses 'beyond usability' by 47,000 to 353,700. With a distribution coverage of 37 percent, a total of approximately 230,000 households remain without any form of emergency shelter assistance. However, once supplies currently in the pipeline have been distributed by mid-July, the number of households still needing emergency shelter assistance is expected to reduce to 99,500. Currently, humanitarian agencies are operational in 58 of the 65 sub-districts affected by the earthquake (the total number of sub-districts in the two affected provinces is 104).

In the meantime, Mt. Merapi continues to pose a threat to surrounding areas, as lava continues to flow down the mountain and pyroclastic clouds travel distances of almost four kilometres. According to the latest report from BAKORNAS³, more than of 6,300 people have been displaced by Mt Merapi – 2,500 people from Klaten district and almost 4,000 people from Sleman district.

Red Cross and Red Crescent action - objectives, progress, impact

The operation has continued to run according to the parameters outlined in the emergency appeal, with more than two-thirds of targeted families already receiving emergency relief. Current and planned expenditure will amount to approximately 45 percent of the current forecasted income for the end of June. Expenditure has mostly incurred on emergency relief items, making up one-third of total current and planned expenditure to date.

There is increasing pressure on Palang Merah Indonesia (PMI) to expand its operations to meet the needs of the affected people, but the PMI is already working beyond its capacity. The PMI is discussing with partners to find a workable solution.

¹ BAKORNAS earthquake bulletins are available in Bahasa from <http://www.bakornaspbp.go.id/html/buletindijjateng.htm>

² Emergency Shelter Cluster Group – Situation Report 28 June 2006

³ BAKORNAS Mt Merapi bulletins are available in Bahasa from <http://www.bakornaspbp.go.id/html/buletinmerapi.htm>

Indonesia: Yogyakarta Earthquake; Appeal no. MDRID001; Operations Update no. 6

Assessments in Gunung Kelin and Kulon Progo are being conducted by PMI. In Gunung Kelin, a crack in the mountain caused by the earthquake has forced 200 people to move from their homes to the village of Girimulyo, which is also at some risk. A team from the geology faculty of Gadjah Mada University and Pemda Kulonprogo are assessing the potential threat.

The PMI is developing a communications strategy to enable them to report back to beneficiaries as well as to build PMI's image in the wider community and support its role in civil society. A survey is being developed to ascertain information needs and communication options with both beneficiaries and volunteers, and is expected to be approved for implementation at the end of next week.

On IT/telecom, a more stable internet connection is expected to be available to the delegation in approximately two weeks. The Danish ERU has made a national staff available to provide IT support to the delegation. Radio installation has been completed, despite difficulties because of the topography of the area. The PMI's local knowledge of the area ensured the best locations for repeaters were identified with maximum speed and authorizations were granted within a week.

Related to Mt. Merapi emergency operations, Spanish Red Cross are still supporting PMI with trucking water in Sleman, covering approximately 7,000 people. The current plan in conjunction with PMI and the government is to cover this area until 20 August, after which the situation will be reviewed.

Emergency relief (food, non-food and emergency shelter)

Overall Goal: Beneficiaries have the necessary immediate support to meet their basic needs for food, non-food items and shelter until their permanent needs are met for the long-term.

Relief distributions are moving steadily toward the target of 65,000 families and are expected to pass the mark within ten days. Updated assessment information is being analyzed and Federation/PMI discussions are being held with shelter group members, as well as the government disaster coordinating agencies, BAKORNAS and SATKORLAK, to determine any gaps in shelter coverage.

Items for the full relief package are in the pipeline is expected to be complete and arrive within three days. Currently, relief teams are providing tarpaulins, hygiene kits, food parcels and baby parcels. Sleeping mats and sarongs, which will be added to the relief package, have been procured locally and are expected to arrive within three days.

In addition to these items, a limited quantity of hurricane lamps and stoves (5,000 of each) are being provided in areas without electrical coverage. A shipment of 30,000 bed sheets, which arrived from Medan on 3 July, is being added to the relief package and distributed in the colder mountainous areas of Gunung Kidul and Sleman.

In Gunung Kidul and Kulon Progo, all areas have been assessed and all targeted families have received shelter materials. Distribution teams are now returning to these same families to backfill and provide items from the relief package those were not available during the initial days (e.g. food parcels, hygiene kits).

Contents of the community tool kit have been identified and tenders for the supply of kits are being processed. The purchase and delivery is expected to take two weeks. As per the PMI relief team and Shelter Cluster recommendations, toolkits will be distributed to groups of families (five families per kit) through local community leaders. The PMI relief coordinator has developed visibility materials that outline PMI's programme objectives and guidelines for tool kit usage. These will be posted on community message boards prior to distribution.

The Spanish and German Red Cross have begun distributions of individual tool kits. The Spanish Red Cross is targeting 2,732 families in the Pundong sub-district, while the Germans are targeting 2,000 families in the Prambanan sub-district. Both partner national societies are closely coordinating their activities with the respective PMI sub-district offices and the American/Spanish relief emergency response unit (ERU).

Table: Distribution of food and non-food relief items by PMI/Federation (As of 27/6/06)

District	No. of families	Tents	Tarpaulins	Baby Kits	Family Kits	Food Parcels	Hygiene Kits	Sleeping Mats
Bantul	17,494	5,106	19,122	1,035	2,105	10,496	10,616	1,347
Klaten	8,804	4,954	7,790	914	1,830	5,698	5,753	1570
Yogyakarta	414	2	271	4	5	742	60	-
Sleman	6,720	370	6,339	888	1,775	1,648	2,169	-
Boyolali	1,165	129	249	386	-	408	1,513	105
Kulon Progo	5,229	1,216	4,942	-	-	715	1,385	-
Gunung Kidul	7,607	142	2750	646	-	2,239	3,248	-
Total	48,149	12,023	41,494	3,873	6,609	22,526	24,866	3,022
Magelang	716	104	31	-	369	580	122	-

Note: Magelang figures are for Mt Merapi operations.

Objective 1: Food: 65,000 families (approximately 325,000 beneficiaries) have supplementary food support until such time as they are able to resume their own income generating activities.

For detailed information on relief distribution, please refer to the table.

Objective 2: Non-food items: 65,000 families (approximately 325,000 beneficiaries) have the necessary household items and basic economic support to restore domestic stability, and their own capacity to initiate their recovery is reinforced.

For detailed information on relief distribution, please refer to the table.

Objective 3: Emergency shelter: 65,000 families (approximately 325,000 beneficiaries) are provided with the appropriate type of emergency shelter, tools and materials to support their immediate recovery needs, with consideration of temporary, intermediate requirements for coping with the pending monsoon rain season that normally starts in September/October.

For detailed information on relief distribution, please refer to the above distribution table.

Logistics support

The flow of relief items is very satisfactory, with local production of hygiene kits in Yogyakarta well underway and 11,000 of the 40,000 kits targeted received to date. Longer-term logistics requirements are still being assessed.

Forty-two trucks are now operating from the central warehouse on a rotation basis, with up to 20 trucks despatched daily while the other 20 are being loaded. These trucks, as previously reported, are supplied from the International Organization for Migration (IOM) free of charge. The logistics team will manage the secondary warehouses to facilitate tracking of relief goods to distribution points.

Stocks originally taken from Sulawesi to meet the emergency needs of the earthquake operation (1,000 tarpaulins and 1,000 hygiene parcels) have been replaced and used for the emergency relief following recent flooding in Sulawesi. In addition, 2,000 family kits and 1,500 food parcels from the Mt Merapi contingency stock in Magelang have been replaced.

Early Recovery

The early recovery project will target 17,000 families and the remaining 48,000 will receive traditional relief, following discussions with the Federation secretariat. Meetings to share the concept and proposed action plan with the PMI continues, with further discussions required in Jakarta. The complete outline of the early recovery

Indonesia: Yogyakarta Earthquake; Appeal no. MDRID001; Operations Update no. 6

project, based on the in-depth assessment carried out recently, will be shared separately with partner national societies. This document sets the framework of the recovery operation for the coming months and focuses on:

- The operating model of scaling up without harm
- Early and intensive involvement of and regular operational feedback on beneficiaries
- An early replacement of relief distribution by a community purchasing programme

Based on these details, the delegation with PMI will establish a plan of action, identify specific delegate needs and establish an operational budget. For further details, please refer to the above mentioned early recovery project document.

Volunteers will complete the communications training as part of the early recovery project tomorrow and will head out next week into communities of the identified two sub-districts to begin the mapping process.

Health and Care

Overall goal: The mortality and morbidity amongst the affected population is reduced to pre-disaster levels by addressing immediate basic health care needs and future health risks through preventative and basic health care interventions.

Further normalization of the post-earthquake health situation is observed. The ministry of health (MOH) infrastructure continues to recover and health care functions are slowly being restored. Foreign medical support has been reduced and foreign surgical teams are no longer being used. The two field hospitals (Médecins sans Frontières and Malteser) remain functional in Bantul, and the Cuban medical team continues to operate on two sites in Klaten. All other field hospitals have withdrawn, with the MOH/PMI facility being packed this week and stored for future use.

Epidemiologic reporting to date is still incomplete, but is gradually improving (please refer to table on health statistics below). Although full breakdown of number of in-patients and outpatients treated in field hospitals are not available, overall figures have been reported – field hospitals have treated 17,969 inpatients and 65,952 outpatients across affected areas.

Province	Victims		No. of inpatient		No. of outpatients	
	Deaths	Injured	Hospital	Field Hospital	Hospital	Field Hosp.
Yogyakarta	4,715	19,381	15,687	2,282	23,575	42, 377
Central Java	1,063	18,502	-	-	-	-
Totals	5,778	37,883		17,969		65,952

Province	Tetanus				Immunisation	
	Cases	Deaths	In Treatment	Healed	Measles	Tetanus
Yogyakarta	48	15	28	5	72.3%	42.6%
Central Java	23	9	11	3	87.8%	52.3%
Totals	71	24	39	8	77.4%	46.1%

Source: WHO/MOH reporting from the 28 June, 2006

Table: Health statistics

The MOH and World Health Organization (WHO) confirms there have been no epidemic outbreaks. Acute respiratory tract infections remain the most common complaint, while diarrhoea has increased over the last year – at least in Yogyakarta as the data is not available from Klaten at the time of this report – but the increase is stable, showing no rise in incidence. A report from the Republic of Korea Red Cross medical team prior to departure earlier this week showed that of the 3,619 patients treated, the most significant illnesses presenting were acute upper respiratory tract infections (778 patients), injuries caused by the earthquake (977 patients) and psycho-social/trauma (343 patients).

Indonesia: Yogyakarta Earthquake; Appeal no. MDRID001; Operations Update no. 6

Ongoing distribution of medical supplies continues. The PMI is now evaluating requests for drugs from health facilities within their branches' jurisdiction, confirming needs to the Federation, which then supports them with the distribution.

Objective 1: To provide psycho-social support programs (PSP) to affected communities in districts severely affected by the earthquake and to PMI volunteers supporting the response.

The Turkish Red Cross has shared their report on PSP activities carried out with PMI in the month of June. Over 500 children and teenagers were engaged in story-telling, game playing and drama activities, while information on the PSP programme was shared with adults and kindergarten teachers. Psychological first aid training of approximately 350 participants was held on 17 June. PSP socialization and brochure distribution is ongoing with village leaders and teachers.

Objective 2: Reduce the impact of the most common diseases and ailments seen in post disaster situations, including epidemics.

The largest health issue arising from the earthquake that is now confronting the health system is the care of wound infections and mobilization of the severely injured. The MOH mobile teams have assessed and treated patients from many small villages from where a high proportion of tetanus cases have arisen. The Federation/PMI teams have conducted a brief survey in other areas, showing that all of the 33 injured assessed in 12 villages in Klaten district and eight in Bantul district, have received primary treatment and under some sort of follow-up. Of these, four had infected wounds (three were from Bantul villages). Combining this information with that from MOH and other NGOs, more intense mobile activities in Bantul are warranted and this is being considered with PMI.

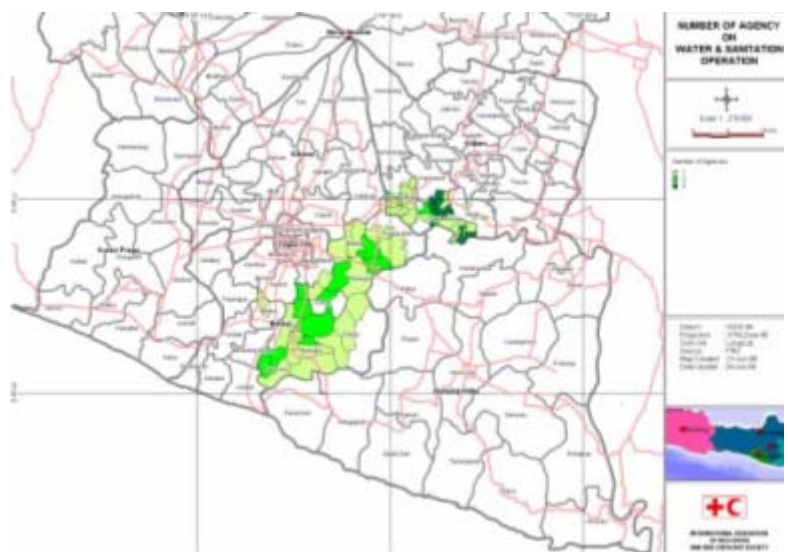
Objective 3: To provide 325,000 beneficiaries with access to preventive, basic clinical and physical health and rehabilitation services.

The PMI and Federation health departments have been working to develop a more detailed plan of action for the next 11 months. Drafts have been circulated for comments, and given the issues with wound infections and significant injury, the focus is now on outreach support for the affected who have problems accessing healthcare. This will include increasing rehabilitation services that will enable the affected to return to their daily lives and activities in a shorter timeframe and in optimal capacity..

Objective 4: To support and coordinate efforts with Movement partners and international partners in support to the PMI and its government (MoH).

Federation remains active in health cluster group meetings and continues to liaise with partner national societies and PMI to minimize gaps in health care provision. German Red Cross has procured medical supplies that have been delivered to the PMI warehouse in Bantul. Approximately 75 percent of the supplies have been distributed with the main recipients being PMI, the WHO for the tetanus immunization campaign, the Cuban field hospital and Malteser International. The project was also funded by the German government and implemented in very close cooperation with PMI national headquarters.

Objective 5: To ensure the target population has access to adequate and safe water supply, sanitation and hygiene promotion, materials and facilities to prevent significant outbreaks of water supply, sanitation and hygiene related disease.



Map illustrating water and sanitation activities in the earthquake-affected area by number of agencies. The map has been produced by the Federation's GIS.

The PMI, supported by German Red Cross, plans to clean approximately 1,250 wells in six sub-districts in Klaten district. To date, a total 101 wells have already been cleaned.

The PMI water treatment plant in Klaten is closing. The German RC will shut down its water production plant and cease trucking water in Gantiwarno village, today. Discussions with the local water authority and PMI are underway to ensure further provision of water to the village. The plant will be handed over to PMI for future use. It will also be used as training equipment in Bandung – handover is expected to take place mid-July.

Spanish Red Cross are rebuilding communal and individual latrines, cleaning wells and providing water pumps in the 16 villages of Panjanglejo, and is still trucking water to some areas in Sirihardono and Panjanglejo.

Disaster Preparedness and Risk Reduction

Overall Goal: To reduce losses and suffering of vulnerable communities due to disasters through risk reduction and strengthening of preparedness and emergency response capacities of Indonesian Red Cross.

Disaster preparedness and risk reduction will be implemented through volunteers trained as part of the early recovery programme. For details, please refer to the above mentioned early recovery programme outline.

Organizational Development

Overall Goal: PMI in the affected area has the structures, systems, skills and capacities to deliver quality services to the most vulnerable.

Objective: PMI's organisational structures in the affected areas are rebuilt and have increased capacity, skills and resources to implement PMI's Strategic Plan and continue to provide services to vulnerable groups in the earthquake-stricken areas.

As part of the coordination of all organizational development activities with PMI headquarter, specific issues arising from the earthquake operation will be integrated into programming, in close consultation with PMI chapters.

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)

The International Federation undertakes activities that are aligned with its Global Agenda, which sets out four broad goals to achieve the Federation's mission to "improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity".

Global Agenda Goals:

- *Reduce the numbers of deaths, injuries and impact from disasters.*
- *Reduce the number of deaths, illnesses and impact from diseases and public health emergencies.*
- *Increase local community, civil society and Red Cross Red Crescent capacity to address the most urgent situations of vulnerability.*
- *Reduce intolerance, discrimination and social exclusion and promote respect for diversity and human dignity.*

All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations \(NGO's\) in Disaster Relief](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response \(Sphere\)](#) in delivering quality and accountable assistance to the most vulnerable.

For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in this or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profile, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>

Indonesia - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. MDRID001

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/06/2006

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->	38,045,439	TOTAL COVERAGE 69.7%	
ALBANIAN - RC	10,000 USD	12,113 01.06.06	
AMERICAN - RC	219,000 USD	265,275 30.05.06	
AMERICAN - GOVT/USAID-OFDA	1,000,000 USD	1,211,300 02.06.06	
AMERICAN - GOVT/USAID-OFDA	925,000 IDR	121,175 09.06.06	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT	850,000 AUD	786,250 14.06.06	EMERGENCY RELIEF
AUSTRALIAN - RC	200,000 AUD	185,000 30.06.06	FOOD, NON-FOOD, SHELTER
BRITISH - RC	150,000 GBP	340,650 28.05.06	
BRITISH - RC	200,000 GBP	456,000 07.06.06	
BRITISH - GOVT/DIFD	980,392 GBP	2,235,294 07.06.06	OPERATIONAL COSTS, OVERHEADS
CAMBODIA - PRIVATE DONOR	100 USD	121 31.05.06	
CANADIAN - RC	100,000 CAD	112,100 27.05.06	
CANADIAN - GOVT	500,000 CAD	560,500 28.05.06	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS	643,000 CAD	708,586 09.06.06	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS	495,000 CAD	545,490 23.06.06	
CHINA - HONG KONG RC BRANCH	200,000 HKD	32,500 28.05.06	RELIEF ITEMS
CHINA - HONG KONG RC BRANCH	2,000,000 HKD	311,800 07.06.06	EMERGENCY SHELTER
CHINA - MACAU RC BRANCH		30,000 09.06.06	SHELTER, MEDICINES
CROATIA - GOVT/RC		220,000 30.05.06	
CYPRUS- RC		10,834 15.06.06	
CZECH - RC	4,494 USD	5,444 31.05.06	
DANISH - RC		38,670 27.05.06	
DANISH - GOVT		795,395 27.06.06	
EGYPTIAN - RC	50,000 USD	60,565 07.06.06	
ECHO (03002)	2,165,397 EUR	3,375,854 02.06.06	
ESTONIA - RC	32,000 EUR	49,888 05.06.06	
FINNISH - RC	80,000 EUR	124,720 31.05.06	
FINNISH - GOVT	200,000 EUR	311,800 31.05.06	
HELLENIC - RC	20,000 EUR	31,180 14.06.06	
IRISH - RC	50,000 EUR	77,950 31.05.06	SHELTERS
IRISH - GOVT	500,000 EUR	779,500 30.05.06	
ISLAMIC MEDICAL ASSOCIATION	10,000 USD	12,113 08.06.06	
ITALIAN - GOVT	500,000 EUR	779,500 16.06.06	
JAPANESE - GOVT	1,000,000 USD	1,211,300 02.06.06	HEALTH & WATER SANITATION ACTIVITIES
JAPANESE - RC	100,000,000 JPY	1,081,000 04.06.06	
JAPANESE - RC	200,000,000 JPY	2,162,000 09.06.06	CHF 60'000 PROCUREMENT OF 15000 TETANUS VACCINE
LIBYAN - RC		10,000 30.05.06	
LUXEMBOURG - GOVT	100,000 EUR	155,900 13.06.06	
LUXEMBOURG - RC	30,000 EUR	46,770 06.06.06	
MONACO - RC	20,000 EUR	31,180 06.06.06	
NETHERLANDS - GOVT	1,000,000 EUR	1,579,000 30.05.06	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT	500,000 NZD	399,500 29.05.06	
NEW ZEALAND - RC	250,000 NZD	194,500 20.06.06	
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC	3,500,000 NOK	697,550 28.06.06	
OPEC FUND	600,000 USD	726,780 09.06.06	
PRIVATE DONORS ON LINE		83,913 26.06.06	
SINGAPORE - GOVT/RC	150,000 SGD	115,335 05.06.06	RELIEF ITEMS

Indonesia - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. MDRID001

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/06/2006

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SINGAPORE - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	EUR	77,950	01.06.06	
SWEDISH - GOVT		3,000,000	SEK	509,460	30.05.06	
SWEDISH - GOVT		3,800,000	SEK	639,996	27.06.06	
SWISS - RC				100,000	29.05.06	
SWISS - PRIVATE DONORS				13,963	31.05.06	
WHO/VERF - STAFF MEMBERS				4,000	29.05.06	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				24,427,664	CHF	64.2%

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
					29.06.06	
AMERICAN - RC/SPANISH - RC				35,104		ERU RELIEF, COMPLETE
AMERICAN - RC				212,800		80000 SLEEPING MATS
BELGIUM - RC				379,574		19000 TARPAULINS, 3 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS
BRITISH - RC				44,080		ERU LOGISTICS MK1 MODULE
CANADIAN - RC				185,417		10000 TARPAULINS
DANISH - RC				34,629		ERU TELECOMMUNICATION
GERMAN - RC				531,465		200 ANTITETANUS IMMUNOGLOBULINS, 15000 TETANUS VACCINE, 1500 MINOR SURGERY SETS, 200 MONO PP, 1000 AXILLARY CRUTCH, 30 AMOXYCILLIN, 100000 PROTECTION MASKS
JAPANESE - RC				656,100		2 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 1500 MINOR SURGERY KITS, 10000 INFUSION SETS, 10000 IV CANNULA, 6235 AXILLARY CRUTCH , 9600 AMOXYCILLIN, 1 ERMERGENCY HEALTH KIT, 24000 TARPAULINS,
SPANISH - RC				12,472		10 KITS, WATERTANKS
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				2,091,641	CHF	5.5%

ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

Indonesia - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. MDRID001

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/06/2006

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
CHINESE - RC		50,000	USD	60,565	29.05.06	DIRECT ASSISTANCE
IRANIAN - RC		254,720	USD	308,542	07.06.06	DIRECT ASSISTANCE: 1500 PCES TENTS, 1500 SETS GROUND SHEETS, 5000 PCS SOAP
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		1,073,370	USD	1,300,173	04.06.06	DIRECT ASSISTANCE: 35 MT DRUGS, TENTS, BLANKETS
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				1,669,280	CHF	