

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

HUMANITARIAN CRISIS

26 March 2002

Focus on Pakistan

Appeal No. 32/01

Preliminary Appeal was launched on 21 September 2001 for CHF 8,765,000 for two months. Responding to the evolving situation, revision no. was 1 issued on 3 October 2002, with the budget increased to CHF 40,280,340 for six months.

Revision no. 2 was issued on 19 December 2001, with a total revised budget of CHF 28,748,124 (USD 17.2m/ EUR 19.7m) for a total of 12 months.

This appeal was originally intended to end in March 2002. With this current extension the end-date is now 30 September 2002. The latest revision remains multi-country in nature, covering activities in Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iran and Central Asia.

Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) Allocated: CHF 600,000

Beneficiaries: 300,000

Operations Update No. 20 Period covered: 1 March - 15 March 2002

Last Ops Update issued on 8 March

Next Ops Update No. 21 expected 5 April 2002.

“At a Glance”

Appeal coverage: 77%

Related Appeals: Afghanistan (01.25/2002)

Outstanding needs: CHF 6,617,513 (USD 4m/ EUR 4.5m)

The Disaster/Situation: The Federation has continued to effectively coordinate considerable assistance addressing the needs of tens of thousands of displaced people in Pakistan. The Federation and Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) are reviewing activities and a revised humanitarian crisis emergency appeal will be issued shortly to reflect the situation as well as achievements/lessons learned since the onset of the operation.

Operational Developments:

No further inflow of new refugees from Afghanistan has been observed over the reporting period. As of 27 February 2002, the Government of Pakistan kept the border officially closed only allowing for some women, children and elderly people who were sick or wounded numbered in hundreds. According to UNHCR, some 10,000 individuals are estimated to be in a no-man's land across the

Afghan border waiting for permission to enter Pakistan. With well over two million Afghan refugees already in the country, many of whom have been here for up to 20 years, the Government states that it does not have the resources to support any more. While the government does not force anyone to leave, it is encouraging them to go home. The period, indeed, saw slow but steady start of the repatriation process, which was initiated by the United Nations in co-operation with the government of Pakistan. Some 1,170 Afghan refugee families (6,280 individuals) crossed to Afghanistan from Pakistan on Wednesday, 13 March, the largest movement so far since the launching of a repatriation programme. The refugees reportedly hurry to go back in time for their children to enrol in schools opening later this month. Some hasten to cultivate their farms at the start of the planting season. Returnees comprise mainly urban refugees. Most of them are heading for Jalalabad-Kabul area, but others are proceeding to Bamyan and areas around Mazar-i-Sharif. Under the programme, the UNHCR provides each returnee 20 US dollars or 100 dollars per family of five on arrival in Afghanistan. They also receive 150 kilograms of wheat from World Food Programme, and from the UNHCR, plastic sheeting,



kitchen set, blanket and hygiene kit at their final destination. UNHCR had established a transit repatriation camp in Takhtabag near Landi-Kotal, which is on the way to the Khyber pass, just outside Peshawar on the Afghanistan border. After verification, the registered refugee families are driven to Torkham check-post from where they cross into Afghanistan. Another six registration centres are planned to be opened shortly. According to UNHCR, more than 45,446 individuals were sent under the repatriation programme to Afghanistan since 1 March 2002.

Security

The situation in the country remains transient. Preparations for the general and provincial elections due to take place this autumn are well underway in Pakistan and gains momentum with every passing day. The security situation has remained a primary concern. Following an incident of burglary in Chaman, Baluchistan Province when a group of armed people broke into the MCI's office, and the more recent grenade attack on a Protestant church in Islamabad on 17 March, which killed at least five and injured 45 people, additional security measures have been put in place by the Delegation to ensure safety of its staff. Additionally, the US Embassy issued a travel warning to American citizens to defer travel to Pakistan and authorised the voluntary departure of dependants of US Embassy personnel in Pakistan. Another incident was reported when unidentified attackers fired seven rockets at a state-owned natural gas well in Pakistan's volatile south-western province of Baluchistan. The rockets, fired late on Tuesday, 19 March 2002 from the nearby mountains in the Sui tribal area, some 450 km (280 miles) east of the provincial capital Quetta, missed the target. No casualties or damage were reported in the attack. Baluchistan is awash with weapons, mostly brought from neighbouring Afghanistan during its long civil war. Tribal disputes in the region are often settled with violence.

A number of demonstrations and street processions are expected over the coming week linked with religious holiday *Ashura* (*tenth Moharram*). The Federation Delegation will exercise maximum caution. Movements for expatriate staff for the period of Moharram month will be restricted.

The Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) and the Federation delegation is in close contact with the government authorities. The District Government Commissioners are also the chairmen of the local branches of the Red Crescent and so the delegation is always well informed with regard to local

changes in the security/political situation. With regard to Federation personnel, delegates still require a ‘No-Objection-Certificate’ (NOC) from the Provincial authorities to travel out of Quetta, capital town of Baluchistan province, and escort is always provided.

Red Cross Red Crescent action w

The potential flight of refugees, subsequent to the military operation led by the United States in Afghanistan, has not occurred on the scale originally forecast. However, the numbers that have arrived at Chaman from different areas of war-stricken Afghanistan in the wake of deteriorating law and order and armed-battles between various warlords - in addition to those already in Pakistan - have remained a cause of humanitarian concern and called for an immediate action. The population of the new camps in Baluchistan is estimated at 145,812. The table below details the number of refugees across these camps to date.

District	Camp name	Number of Refugee Families	Number of Refugee Individuals
<i>Chaman</i>	Killi Faizo (staging camp)	168	855
	Landi Karez	3'181	16'581
	Roghani	3'761	18'229
	Dara I	2'754	13'405
	Dara II	3'552	17'550
	UAE Red Crescent	2'313	10'276
	<i>Mustung</i>	Lejay Karez	987
Latif Abad		1'740	8'610
<i>Chagai</i>	Mohammad Kheil 1	7'346	41'049
	Mohammad Kheil 2	4'764	28'681
Total		28'556	145'812

With the contributions received to date, the Federation was able to further assist the National Society in running health, water and sanitation programmes, which improve the health services, the hygiene quality and health/education provided to both the refugees and the local population, as well as to provide immediate support to new refugees from Afghanistan. PRCS and the Federation jointly assisted the vulnerable by distributing blankets, kitchen sets, soap, tarpaulins and other non-food items from the existing stock.

PRCS and the Federation were also able to provide immediate response to the emerged needs of relocated refugees through supporting them with basic relief items in close coordination with UNHCR and Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees (CAR). More than 80,000 refugees including Tajiks, Uzbeks, Hazaras and Pastuns, were moved to the three new camps in the tribal areas of Kurram, Bajaur and Kyber Agencies as the Jalozai refugee camp near Peshawar was closed down by the Provincial authorities. The refugees were accommodated as follows: approximately 2,000 families were sheltered in *Old Baghzai* camp; another 2,000 were accommodated in *Ashgaro* camp, while 240 families were transferred to *Bazu* camps. Around 3,500 families were moved to *Kotkai* camp, in Bajaur agency. The camp here is already over-crowded. Therefore, UNHCR has opened another camp near Barkley. A group of 180 refugees families has been shifted there. In Kyber Agency, the refugees were reallocated among the two existing camps, 2,200 families were moved to *Shalman 1* camp, while another 725 families were accommodated in the newly established camp *Shalman 2*. The transportation of these refugees was arranged by UNHCR and CAR.



PRCS health motivator teaches villagers about the importance of nutrition, hand washing or how to treat diarrhoea and respiratory tract infections

Health w

The already established PRCS/Federation Basic Health Units (BHUs) have continued to provide services to local

and refugee population. The PRCS provides free preventive and curative health care to vulnerable people, particularly women and children, in over 160 medical units run by the society. These range from hospitals and child welfare centre and dispensaries.

The four existing Mobile Health Units (MHUs), each consisting of a female doctor, one female motivator, one male motivator and a dispenser, have been providing support to 40-50 villages around Quetta, Mastung, Noshki and Quilla Safullah, in Baluchistan province. The beneficiaries receive free preventative, promotive and basic curative health care. Over 8,500 beneficiaries are reached every month, well above the planned target of 5,000.

The female doctor provides basic care on an outreach basis. In all locations, around double the number of females to males seeks a consultation from the doctor. This has been expected given the role of females within the household for the health and welfare of children. However, it is also a case that some males are reluctant to consult with a female doctor. This has been partly covered by the Provincial Branch Officer, who always undertakes consultations with men when he is in the field, which is over 50% of his time. The five key health problems presenting for consultation have been as follows:

- Diarrhoea
- Skin/eye infections
- Respiratory infections
- Back/body ache
- Fevers

Medicines supplied within the framework of the operation are based on WHO standard basic list with certain additions as identified by the doctors.

The main focus of the work is on vital preventive health through education since most of the health problems are preventable, including diarrhoea, respiratory, skin and eye infections. By doing so, the project addresses basic underlying causes of ill health within the communities it serves. All team members are CBFA trainers and use their training to extend the health education to beneficiaries and to recruit and train new volunteers. The topics include:

- Diarrhoea/typhoid/cholera prevention; safe handling of food and water; preparation of oral rehydration solution, boiling of drinking water
- Personal hygiene; nail-cutting; hand-washing; oral hygiene and use (and distribution) of muswaks
- Causes and prevention of malaria, worm infestation
- Breast-feeding and weaning; balanced diet
- Importance of polio and other vaccinations
- First Aid: fractures, burns and shock.



Health education session in a village of Quetta, Baluchistan Province

Although the health messages are basic, most of the information shared with the beneficiaries are new to them. Involving the locals by enlisting them as PRCS volunteers has been an effective tool. Over 300 volunteers of all ages, 57% of them female, have been recruited and received training, so far, in order to assist in the process of further dissemination of health messages including how to administer treatment for fractures, burns and shocks, as well as to provide basic first aid to their respective communities.

Ongoing health and nutrition monitoring is undertaken in operational areas to measure the specific impact of the assistance and to track the overall trends with regard to health and nutritional status in target communities.

While the teams have seen a clear improvement in the health status of the target beneficiaries, confirmed by the community members themselves and with a concomitant reduction in drug



consumption, chronic malnutrition in the under-fives has remained fairly constant, reflecting the ongoing chronic drought situation in the country and the poor overall socio-economic status of the population.

With regard to the environment, the teams show progress in encouraging community members to dispose of their rubbish in a safer manner, for example, in some villages the village elder encouraged the digging of pits for rubbish disposal. Toilet habits, however, still remain traditional and the use of latrines is not widespread in the rural areas.

New MHU/BHUs: In NWFP, the renovation work at the *Torkham* BHU should be completed and the BHU will then open for the provision of preventive and basic curative health activities. A formal opening ceremony will be held in early April. The Federation has been supporting the PRCS Branch in Peshawar with the installation of the New Emergency Health Kit in Torkham BHU and provided an orientation for the health personnel for the BHU.

In Baluchistan, the immediate focus is on the opening of a BHU within the *Muhammad Kheil* camp, in co-ordination with the local health authorities and UNHCR. One of the vehicles, donation from Spanish Red Cross will be provided for this BHU. A vehicle will be hired to avoid delays in the implementation until the SRC vehicle arrives. A dispenser will be recruited for the Quetta BHU, and staff will also be recruited for the three additional planned health units, from over 200 applications received. The units still to be implemented are Muhammad Kheil camp BHU, Pishin MHU and Quetta MHU. This should be achieved before the end of this month.

Water-sanitation w

Ongoing efforts have been made by the Federation to assist the National Society in running water and sanitation programmes, which improve the health services, the hygiene quality and health/education provided to both the refugees and the local population.

Over the last three months, the Federation's efforts have been keyed on delivering sufficient water to the Afghan refugees settled in the four camps in Baluchistan. The proper sanitation in the above camps has been ensured by construction of latrines, and through hygiene and health education activities, in particular through links to PRCS basic and mobile health units.



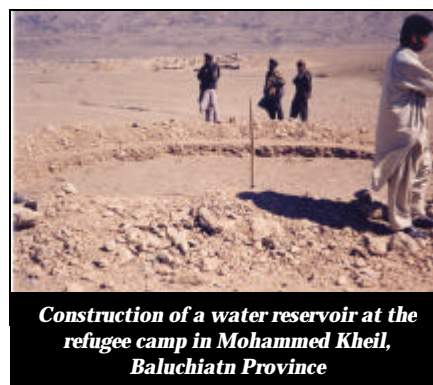
Roghani 1 & 2: Within the framework of its water & sanitation activities in Roghani carried out by Federation/PRCS in cooperation with Oxfam, 160 latrines were constructed, while also more than two million litres of water have been distributed to the refugee population in the camp.

Landi Karez: As the leading agency for the water and sanitation aspect in this camp, the Federation has been directing its increasing attention towards the existing needs in this camp. Namely, permission has been obtained from the local community of the nearby village (owners of the land) to re-operate the old existing borehole. The Federation has then started cleaning the well. Efforts now are made to equip the well with water pump and pipes to connect the tube-well with the water distribution network. Procurement of necessary equipment is underway. Progress has been made on repair works of the premises around the tube well. Once re-opened the well will be able, according to initial calculations, to provide 270 to 500 litres of water per minute thus meeting the need of the entire camp population.

In the meantime the Federation has continued trucking in chlorinated water from the nearby Chaman town and bring approximately 15 litres per person per day to beneficiaries through the camp's tanking capacities (20 bladder tanks, in total: two bladder of 5,000 litres each, four bladder tanks of 15,000 litres and 14 bladder tanks of 10,000 litres) installed and maintained by the Federation. To date, more than 3.5 million litres of water has been distributed.

The proper sanitation in the camp has been ensured by construction of latrines. The Federation has been able to install a total of 160 latrines for 7,000 people (50% of the camp population) including culturally acceptable latrines for the female population. The plan of action envisages installation of another 500 community latrines (i.e., one latrine will be shared by three families). Arrangement has been made to deliver concrete slabs for the latrine in the required quantities to the camp. Over the coming weeks, drainage channels and trenches will be prepared. The actual construction works will be carried out by refugees themselves under supervision of Federation engineers. Involvement of the beneficiary population in the construction works will ensure careful workmanship, a feeling of participation amongst beneficiaries and a generally well-received change of routine for those unable to find work. The community participation also will contribute to a sense of ownership among the beneficiaries, which, will have a positive effect on maintenance and preservation of the implemented work.

In the meantime, the Federation's hygiene teams have been cleaning and maintaining the latrines on a daily basis in order to ensure the adequate sanitary situation in the camp, while at the same time making efforts to raise awareness of refugees on the basic hygiene. This has been done through providing health education and health promotion activities for the community at large; women and children being the main target groups.



The Federation has been also working with the UNHCR and its implementing partners to provide water storage and distribution network in the *Mohammed Kheil camp* which currently shelters around 60,000 refugees. Works have finished on installation of a 75 m³ water tank, which will be now linked with the 95 m³ water tank installed earlier by the Federation. These two water tanks linked with the distribution network will be able to provide water, which is pumped from the existing tube-well, to 50% of the camp population. All preparation works have been done for the linking. Necessary material has been procured and delivered to the site. A detailed plan will now be prepared for the pipe network following a technical survey of the camp.

Relief and shelter w

The distribution of non-food items to refugees relocated by the Government from Jalosi camp to respective tribal areas in the *North-West Frontier Province*, which commenced on 9 January 2002, has successfully continued and progressed in accordance with the pre-established plan of action worked out by the Federation/PRCS in consultation with other agencies operating in the area. Over the reporting period another 2,608 families (13,401 individuals) sheltered in the camps of Ashgaro and Basu in Kurram agency, were supported with blankets, kitchen sets, jerry cans, jerseys, tarpaulin, hygiene items and winter jackets donated by Spanish, American, Norwegian and Bahrain Red Cross/Red Crescent Societies. This brings the total number of families supported with relief items by the Federation/PRCS in this year to 17,024 (89,207 individuals) of which 10,716 families (60,229 individuals) are sheltered in NWFP, while 6,308 families (28, 978 individuals, 20% of the entire refugee population in the new camps, which is estimated 145,812) are accommodated in the Chaman camps, Baluchistan province, south-west part of Pakistan.

Distribution of Relief Items - NWFP in the period between 1 - 9 March 2002

Blankets (pcs)	Kitchen sets (set)	Jerry cans	Sleeping bags	Jacket	Jersey	Hygiene parcels	Tarpaulin (pcs)
<i>Ashgaro camp in Kurram Agency - 2,198 families /11,263 individuals)</i>							
4204	2410	6323	0	1672	1655	0	2410
<i>Basu camp in Bajaur Agency - 240 families (1,288 individuals)</i>							
401	240	829	407	0	0	399	240
Total - 2,438 families (12,551 individuals)							
4605	2650	7152	407	1672	1655	399	2650

The sufficient quantity of relief items (a total of 14 trucks: 12 trucks for Ashgharo and two trucks for Basu) had been pre-positioned initially at the UNHCR/CAR Rub Hall in Ashgharo in order to ensure efficient delivery of the non-food aid to the beneficiaries. Transportation of the commodities to distribution points was ensured by the National Society. The distribution was implemented subsequent to a detailed needs assessment carried out by the Federation/PRCS in these target camps to identify the most vulnerable people, and was conducted from central distribution points established in each camp. The National Society had mobilised its volunteers to undertake the on-site distributions. The overall coordination of the operation was ensured by the Federation delegate and PRCS relief co-ordinator. Federation representatives were present at all distribution points to ensure the competence of the distribution management and to ensure the intended beneficiaries received the assistance.



Distribution of non-food items to Afghan refugee population in Kurram Agency, NWFP

In addition, the Federation/PRCS provided another 170 families (850 persons) in *Old Baghzai* camp with 170 blankets, 810 kitchen sets, 1,672 jerry cans, 1,420 winter jackets (large size- 740 and small size - 720) and 788 kerosene lamps in close cooperation with CAR, which brings the total number of families supported in this camp to 4,558 (23,335 individuals). Focus now will be directed towards families sheltered in *Shalman* (3,200 families) and *Barkley* (2,720 families). The distribution in these camps will commence shortly. In the meantime, PRCS will supply 1,000 families in *Shalman* camp with kerosene lamps from its existing stock.

In ***Baluchistan***, 1,897 tents from the Federation’s stock were put up in *Dara, Roghani and Landi Karez refugee camps* in co-operation with UNHCR and its implementing partners.

Preparations for needs assessment of the most vulnerable within the Afghan refugee population accommodated in the existing camps of Baluchistan are well underway in co-operation with UNHCR and Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees (CAR) and include, development of a sample questionnaire form and training of National Society volunteers for implementation. Based on the needs assessment results, a plan of action will be worked out, which will enable the Federation/PRCS to further deliver efficient and effective assistance to vulnerable groups expecting their eventual repatriation.

The section below summarises the in-kind contributions to Pakistan-related activities under the Federation’s humanitarian Crisis appeal per donor organisations and gives details on the distribution activities with its remaining stock as of 15 March.

The following items were provided by the *Spanish Red Cross*:

Items	Unit	Received
Blankets	pcs	1,475
First Aid Kits	kit	100
Flat Water Hose 2"	mt	1,000
Flat Water Hose 3"	mt	500
Flexible Water Hose 2"	roll	5
Flexible Water Hose 3"	roll	4
Talbo Tap-Hose Clamps + couplings	pcs	120
BP -5 compact food	pcs	10,008
Jerry cans 15 lit	pcs	6,768
Kitchen Set	set	2,001
Pumps Honda WH40D	pcs	5
Taps Stands & spare parts	pcs	16
Tarpaulins 4x5	pcs	4,500
Rub halls 10 x 24 m	pcs	2
Tents 4x4	pcs	130
Family circular tents 12m2	pcs	250

Non-food items from the Spanish Red Cross donation were mainly distributed to Afghan refugee population sheltered in the camps of *Bagzai, Shalman, Kotkai, Basu and Ashgharo* in the North-West Frontier Province of Pakistan. Table below shows details of the distribution activities per camp.

Items	Unit	Bagzai	Shalman 1	Shalman 2	Kotkai	Basu	Ashgharo	Total Distributed
Blankets	pcs	0	0	0	0	401	475	876
Jerry cans 15 lit	pcs	2,000	1,394	0	0		3,363	6,757
Kitchen Set	set	1,000	0	0	0			1,000
Kitchen set Europ type	set	1,001	0	0	0			1,001

Out of two rub halls donated by the Spanish Red Cross, one was erected in a second new camp of Shalman in NWFP (*Shalman Camp 2*), which was opened last month by UNHCR to shelter new groups of refugees. The second one is pre-positioned at the PRCS warehouse in Peshwar. Consultations are now ongoing with the Federation Delegation in Kabul to shift the rub hall to Afghanistan, where it could be put to better use.

Water and sanitation items from the Spanish Red Cross were mainly placed in a refugee camp at *Landi Karez, Baluchistan*.

Water & Sanitation item installed in Landi Karez Camp, Baluchistan

Items	Unit	Received	Used/Installed	Closing Balance
Flat Water Hose 2"	mt	1,000	0	1,000
Flat Water Hose 3"	mt	500	0	500
Flexible Water Hose 2"	roll	5	1	4
Flexible Water Hose 3"	roll	4	0	4
Talbo Tap-Hose Clamps + couplings	pcs	120	16	104
Pumps Honda WH40D	pcs	5	0	5
Taps Stands & spare parts	pcs	16	10	6

Remaining stock from the Spanish Red Cross donation as of 15 March 2002

Items	Unit	Received	Distributed/ Installed	Closing Balance
Blankets	pcs	1,475	876	599
First Aid Kits	kit	100	0	100
Flat Water Hose 2"	mt	1,000	0	1,000
Flat Water Hose 3"	mt	500	0	500
Flexible Water Hose 2"	roll	5	1	4
Flexible Water Hose 3"	roll	4	0	4
Talbo Tap-Hose Clamps + couplings	pcs	120	16	104
BP -5 compact food	pcs	10,008	0	10,008
Jerry cans 15 lit	pcs	6,768	6,757	11
kitchen Set	set	2,001	1,000	1,001
Pumps Honda WH40D	pcs	5	0	5
Taps Stands & spare parts	pcs	16	10	6
Tarpaulins 4x5	pcs	4,500	0	4,500
Rub halls 10 x 24 m	pcs	2	1	1
Tents 4x4	pcs	130	0	130
Family circular tents 12m2	pcs	250	0	250

Plan of action for the remaining non-food items will be prepared shortly in consultation with PRCS and UNHCR based on the assessment results which are currently underway. As to the water & sanitation items, these will be mainly utilised in the refugee camps at *Landi Karez and Mohhamed Kheil*, where there is a greater need for RC interventions. In addition, there was also an in-kind donation from a Spanish organisation. The items received included: 14 bladder tanks of 10,000 litres capacity each, five rolls of flexible water hose and four water distribution sets. 10 bladder tanks were installed in *Landi Karez* camp. Four water distribution sets were utilised in the Chaman camps (two in *Landi Karez* and two - in *Dara*). Two rolls of flexible water hose were also used in *Landi Karez* camp.

Remaining stock: four bladder tanks and three flexible water hose.

In-kind donation from the *American Red Cross* included:

Items	Unit	Received
New Emergency Health Kits	kit	5
Kitchen Set	set	5,000
Tarpaulin 4x6	pcs	18,980
Double Fly Tents 4x4 m	pcs	500

Non-food items were mainly distributed to Afghan refugee population sheltered in the camps of *Bagzai, Shalman, Kotkai, Basu and Ashgharo* in North-west Frontier Province, as well as in Chaman camps -- *Landi Karez and Dara* -- which are in Baluchistan Province. The table below shows details of the relief distribution in these camps.

Items	Unit	Chaman camps, Baluchistan	Shalman 1 NWFP	Shalman 2 NWFP	Kotkai NWFP	Basu NWFP	Ashgaro NWFP	Total Distributed
Kitchen Set	set	0	0	0	0	240	2,410	2,650
Tarpaulin 4x6	pcs	1,338	699	0	3,280	240	2,410	7,967
Double Fly Tents 4x4 m	pcs	0	0	500	0	0	0	500

Kitchen sets were distributed to the target beneficiaries in the camps as indicated above together with other relief items from the Federation/PRCS stock. The *tents* were set up in the second new camp of

Shalman in NWFP (*Shalman Camp 2*). Note: In the Chaman camps of Baluchistan Province, the tarpaulin was used as the ground sheet for the tents. Permission for this was obtained in advance from a representative of the American Red Cross during his visit in Pakistan. *New Emergency Health Kits*: out of five new emergency health kits, donated by the American Red Cross, two were sent to Kabul for training purposes for the health emergency mobile unit (EMU) workshops. They will remain in stock for emergency response in Afghanistan. The remaining three kits will be supplied to the PRCS existing and new mobile and basic health units.

Remaining stock from the American Red Cross donation as of 15 March 2002:

Items	Unit	Received	Distributed	Closing Balance
New Emergency Health Kits	kit	5	2	3
kitchen Set	set	5,000	2,650	2,350
Tarpaulin 4x6	pcs	18,980	7,962	11,013
Double Fly Tents 4x4 m	pcs	500	500	0

Note: the remaining 2,350 kitchen sets and 3,351 tarpaulins are stored at the Federation’s warehouse in Peshawar and will be distributed among refugees accommodated in the camps of *Barkley* and *Shalman* in NWFP following the assessment and consultations with PRCS and UNHCR.

British Red Cross donated 20,000 blankets and 3,998 kitchen sets. The blankets (20,000, in total) were distributed to refugees in Chaman camps along with 3,480 kitchen sets. The remaining 518 sets are currently stored at the Federation/PRCS warehouse in Quetta.



Norwegian Red Cross donated two New Emergency Health Kits (NEHK), 50,000 jerry cans and three rub halls, out of which one NEHK was transferred to Afghanistan, 12,040 jerry cans were distributed to refugees relocated from Jalozei camp to tribal areas in NWFP, namely, 2,000 cans were supplied to beneficiaries sheltered in *Bagzai*, 829 in *Basu*, 2,955 in *Ashgaro*, and 6,256 in *Kotkai* camps. Two rub halls were erected in a United Arabs Emirates refugee camp in Baluchistan. One remaining rub hall is planned to be transported to Afghanistan.



The remaining one emergency health kit will be supplied to a PRCS BHU. The kit is designed for a target population of 10,000 people for three months. There are 37,960 jerry cans remaining in the stock, out of which some 12,000 cans will be distributed shortly among refugee families sheltered in *Shalman* and *Barkley*, NWFP. The rest are subject to discussions with PRCS and UNHCR.

In-kind donation received from the **German Red Cross**: 10,000 blankets, 500 kitchen sets, and 897 family tents. 9,991 blankets were distributed among relocated refugees in NWFP as shown in table below.

Item	Shalman 1	Ashgaro	Kotkai	Total
Blankets	3'012	3'729	3'250	9'991

Remaining balance at the Federation/PRCS stock: 500 kitchen sets and 897 family tents. The tents will be erected in existing refugee camps in Chaman area for families with more than five persons. The kitchen sets will be distributed shortly among the refugees in NWFP sheltered in camps of *Barkley* and *Shalman*.

6,000 blankets and 1,008 kitchen sets donated by the **Swiss Red Cross** were distributed as follows:

Item	Initial Stock	Bagzai, NWFP	Kotkai, NWFP	Total distributed	Remaining Balance
Kitchen Sets	1'008	0	1'008	1'008	0
Blankets	6,000	6,000	0	6,000	0

The following table shows an in-kind donation received by the Federation from the *Bahrain Red Crescent*, their subsequent distribution and the remaining balance as of 15 March 2002.

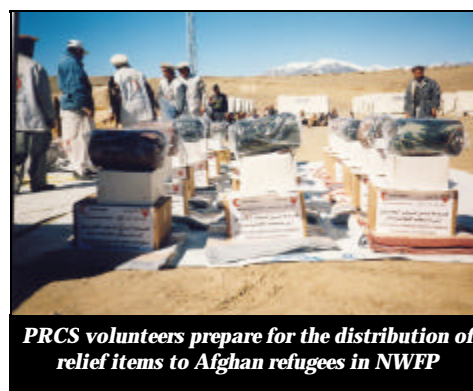
Item	Unit	Received	Total Distributed	Remaining Balance
Blankets	pcs	11,695	0	11,695
Jackets	pcs	4,500	4,000	500
Tents	pcs	498	45	453
Jerseys	pcs	1,501	0	1,501
Water tank	pcs	50	20	30
Sleeping bags	pcs	990	407	583
Hygiene parcels	box	399	399	0
Disposable Syringes 5 cc	pcs	57,600	0	57,600
Disposable Syringes 2 cc	pcs	76,200	0	76,200
Divers medic.	crt	2,347	0	2,347
Different Medical supplies	crt	1,498	0	1,498

407 sleeping bags together with 399 hygiene parcels were distributed to relocated refugees in *Basu* camp in NWFP, while 4,000 jackets were distributed to refugees sheltered in *Bagzai* camp, NWFP. 45 tents, as well as 20 water tanks were erected in the second new camp of *Shalman* in NWFP (*Shalman Camp 2*). The remaining water tanks will used to meet further needs in the camps of *Landi Karez* and *Mohammed Kheil*.

In-kind donation from the *Netherlands Red Cross*: 10 NEHKs and 2,994 kitchen sets. 710 kitchen sets were distributed to refugees in *Shalman* camp, NWFP. Remaining stock:

- 1,784 kitchen sets
- 10 NEHKs

The NHEKs are planned to be provided to the PRCS mobile and basic health units in Baluchistan and NWFP. The remaining kitchen sets will be supplied to refugees in NWFP in a coming distribution round.



The *Austrian Red Cross* contribution included 10,200 jerry cans, 20,224 pieces of soap and the following water and sanitation items:

Item	Unit	Received	Total installed/used	Remaining balance
WAT SAN MATERIALS				
PE+ Fittings 1" (Plasson+ fitting)	pcs	20	10	10
PE+ Fittings 200m 1" (rolls each 100m)	roll	2	1	1
PE-T- pieces	pcs	20	10	10
water purification tab.	pcs	987,000	0	987,000
Squatting plates 20 pax/latrin	pcs	518	245	273
Tap stands	pcs	8	1	7
Fix coupling Storz C-1" fem. Thread	pcs	4	4	0
Plastic Sheeting rolls 4x60m latrine	roll	27	27	0

The water and sanitation items were mainly utilised in Afghan refugees camps in Chaman, where ongoing efforts have been made by the Federation to assist the National Society in running water and sanitation programmes. The items were used/installed as follows:

ITEM	Landi Karez	Killi Faize	Dara	Total Distributed
Fixing couble Storz	4	0	0	4
PE fittings 1	10	0	0	10
PE roll 1	1	0	0	1
PE T pieces	10	0	0	10
Plastic Sheeting roll	27	0	0	27
Squatting plates	185	0	60	245
Tap stand	1	0	0	1

5,000 jerry cans will be transported to Afghanistan shortly. The remaining 5,200 will be included in a plan of action for coming distributions. The soap was distributed among refugees sheltered in the camps of Landi Karez (6,034), Killi Faize (7,524) and Dara (6,666) - a total of 20,224.

The following water and sanitation items were contribution from the *French Red Cross*:

Item	Unit	Received	Total Used/Installed	Remaining Balance
Bladder tank 5000 L	pcs	5	3	2
Bladder tank 15000 L	pcs	4	4	0
Butyl tank (OX type) 70000 L	pcs	5	2	3
Butyl tank (OX type) 95000 L	pcs	5	2	3
Pumps Atlanta	pcs	4	0	4
PE pipes ID 63 mm 100m roll	roll	10	0	10
PE pipes ID 32 mm 100m roll	roll	8	0	8
PVC hose pipe ID 75 mm 50 m roll	roll	2	1	1
PVC hose pipe ID 50 mm 25 m roll	roll	4	1	3
Fitting kits	case	1	0	1
Chlorine	bott	360	40	320
Tap stands	pcs	11	0	11

These items were mainly installed in refugee camps in Baluchistan province, namely:

ITEM	Landi Karez	Muhhamed Kheil	Dara	Roghani	Total Distributed
Bladder tank 15000	4	0	0	0	4
Bladder tank 5000	0	0	2	1	3
Butyl tank 70000	1	1	0	0	2
Butyl tank 95000	1	1	0	0	2
Fitting kit	0	0	0	0	0
Hose 50 mm 25 ml	1	0	0	0	1
Hose 75 mm 50 ml	1	0	0	0	1
PE pipe 32 mm 50 ml	0	0	0	0	0
PE pipe 63 mm 100 ml	0	0	0	0	0

40 bottles of chlorine were used to chlorinate water trucked in *Landi Karez, Dara and Rhogani* camps in Baluchistan province from nearby Chaman town. The motor pumps (*Atlanta Diesel, Kubota* brand): one is in stock in Chaman, whereas another three are stored at the Federation/PRCS warehouse in Quetta. Our efforts will continue to be focused on the camps of *Landi Karez and Mohammed Kheil* in Baluchistan province.

Items donated by the *Yemen RC* were distributed in Chaman camps, in Baluchistan Province. Table below gives the numbers of relief items (food and non-food) distributed against the initial stock.

Item	Unit	Received	Total Distributed	Remaining Balance
Blankets	pcs	1,988	1,988	0
Medication different Items	kgs	5,400	0	5,400
Tents	pcs	100	15	85
Kitchen set	set	200	0	200
Clothes 40 kgs	lot	1	0	1
Cooking oil 2.3 lit Gal.	kg	800	800	0
Sugar 10 kgs bags	kg	800	800	0
Rice 10 kgs bags	kg	800	800	0

There were also 10,020 blankets donated by the **Thailand RC**, which were distributed to new refugees sheltered in Chaman camps of Baluchistan Province.

In addition, the Federation arranged for local procurement of 2,000 kerosene lamps, which were distributed among the refugee population in *Bagzai* camp, NWFP. Also, 12,000 blankets and 1,000 tents from the PRCS stock were distributed to refugees in *Landi Karez, Killi Faizo, Dara and Mohhamed Kheil* camps in Baluchistan province. These items will need to be purchased to replenish the National Society disaster preparedness stock.



Trucks loaded with PRCS/Federation relief assistance items for Afghan refugees in NWFP camps

Logistics w

The Federation Delegation in Pakistan is arranging for transportation of a new emergency health kit (NEHK) donated by Norwegian Red Cross, along with a rub hall donated by the Norwegian Red Cross and 5,000 jerry cans donated by Austrian Red Cross from the Federation’s warehouse in Quetta and Peshawar to Afghanistan.

Federation Delegation w

The new logistics co-ordinator arrived on 8 March 2002. An Organisation Development delegate is expected to arrive shortly. The health team of the Federation Delegation has been enhanced by a health delegate assigned to Baluchistan to provide further assistance to the branches in their implementation of the BHU/MHU programme (currently the Federation supports the PRSC health operations with a regional health delegate based in Islamabad and a health delegate based in Quetta, Baluchistan). Thus, there are a total of 10 Federation delegates in Pakistan with 27 national staff operating in the country.

Delegate	Position	Nat. Soc./Federation	Mission End
Islamabad			
Leopoldo Principe	Head of Delegation	Italian Red Cross	20.04.02
Jamila Ibrohim	Regional Health Delegate	British Red Cross	09.05.02
Ketevan Khurtsia	Reporting delegate	Federation	24.07.02
Regmi Surendra	FAD	Federation	13.01.03
Peshawar (NWFP)			
Erling Brandzaeg	Logistics Co-ordinator	Norwegian Red Cross	30.06.02
Quetta (Balouchistan)			
Tage Mikkelsen	Head of Sub-delegation	Danish Red Cross	01.09.02
Otsu Satoko	Health Delegate	Japanese Red Cross	30.04.02
Louis Vazuez Ieon	Water/Sanitation Delegate	Spanish Red Cross	30.07.02

Alex Veliev	Relief Delegate	Federation	26.07.02
Mustafa Al Terani	Logistics Delegate	Federation	07.07.02

Coordination

Regular consultations have been maintained with the other Red Cross and Red Crescent partners in-country, the UN, NGOs, as well as the embassies and missions of donor governments in order to co-ordinate Federation activities with programmes of other agencies, and to build the profile of the Federation to the international community, the media, the government and the people of the region.

The Federation/PRCS project managers based in Quetta and Peshawar have been participating in daily co-ordination meetings with their counterparts from agencies operating in the area. The nature of the operation as well as the number of beneficiaries are co-ordinated with the UN and its implementing partners. The Health Delegate and PRCS Baluchistan Provincial Branch Secretary met with the District Health Officer in Pishin, Baluchistan and obtained an agreement that an MHU could be established in the area. The Health Delegate also met with the UNHCR Field Officer in the Mohammed Kheil and discussed the health issues in the camp.

The Federation's Head of Delegation has had a number of meetings with relevant representatives of WFP, UNHCR, European Commission, Commissioner for Afghan Refugees and SAFRON (States and Frontier Region Division - a Government body co-ordinating assistance to Afghan refugees in Pakistan) to exchange information on operational issues.

Outstanding needs

Given the slow pace of the repatriation process of Afghan refugees to their homeland, there are expectations that refugee issues may remain for the foreseeable future, as conditions in Afghanistan remain unstable and many refugees are reluctant to take their families back. The Federation together with PRSC continue to monitor the situation. Currently, preparations are underway for a comprehensive needs assessment of the most vulnerable among the Afghan refugee population in Pakistan. The assessment will involve consultations with UN and their partners, Government authorities and other agencies operating in the area. Based on the needs assessment results, a plan of action will be worked out, which will enable the Federation/PRCS to deliver efficient and effective assistance to these vulnerable groups.

For further details please contact: Andrée Houle, Phone : 41 22 41 22 730 4316; Fax: 41 22 733 03 95; email: houle@ifrc.org

All International Federation Operations seek to adhere to the Code of Conduct and are committed to the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response (SPHERE Project) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

This operation seeks to administer to the immediate requirements of the victims of this disaster. Subsequent operations to promote sustainable development or longer-term capacity building will require additional support, and these programmes are outlined on the Federation's website.

For further information concerning Federation operations in this or other countries, please access the Federation website at <http://www.ifrc.org>.

John Horekens
Head
Relationship Management Department

Simon Missiri
Head of
Asia Pacific Department

Humanitarian crisis						ANNEX 1
APPEAL No. 32/2001		PLEDGES RECEIVED			25.03.2002	
DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
CASH						
REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->				28'748'124		TOTAL COVERAGE 77.0%
AMERICAN - GOVT/PRM		5'000'000	USD	8'172'000	29.10.2001	
ANDORRAN - RC				8'802	19.12.2001	
ANDORRAN - RC		11'952	EUR	17'676	25.02.2002	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT		205'200	AUD	171'711	25.10.2001	
AUSTRIAN - RC		4'106	EUR	6'071	10.10.2001	
BRITISH - GOVT/DFID		273'088	GBP	658'142	04.10.2001	
BRITISH PRIVATE DONOR				537	27.02.2002	DIRECTLY TO THE DELEGATION
CANADIAN - RC		50'000	CAD	54'470	21.09.2001	
CANADIAN - GOVT		396'000	CAD	415'166	19.11.2001	
CANADIAN - RC		50'000	CAD	52'475	03.12.2001	
CHINA - RC		30'000	USD	48'990	10.10.2001	PAKISTAN
CHINA, HONG-KONG - RC				42'004	22.10.2001	
CHINA, HONG-KONG - RC		350'150	HKD	74'879	26.11.2001	
CYPRUS - RC				15'446	15.10.2001	AFGHAN REFUGEES
DANISH - GOVT		7'312'500	DKK	1'455'188	11.10.2001	
EGYPTIAN - RC		70'000	USD	113'155	11.10.2001	
FINNISH - RC		67'275	EUR	102'190	26.09.2001	
FINNISH - RC				38'100	01.10.2001	INFORMATION DELEGATE
FINNISH - RC		67'275	EUR	99'217	17.10.2001	
FINNISH - GOVT/RC		5'536	EUR	8'205	10.01.2002	
GERMAN - GOVT/RC		22'285	DEM	16'854	02.11.2001	PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT & CONTROL
GERMAN - RC				54'700	22.08.2001	LOGISTIC DELEGATE
HUNGARIAN - GOVT				29'236	13.11.2001	
INDONESIAN - GOVT		20'000	USD	32'480	30.10.2001	
IRISH - GOVT		250'000	IEP	477'375	08.10.2001	
IRISH - RC		50'000	IEP	95'475	08.10.2001	
IRISH - RC		5'202	eur	7'693	11.01.2002	
JAPANESE - RC		30'000'000	JPY	406'950	11.10.2001	EARMARKED FOR 6 VEHICLES
JAPANESE - RC		35'200'000	JPY	477'488	11.10.2001	EARMARKED FOR MEDICAL SUPPLIES
JAPANESE - RC		28'200'000	JPY	382'533	11.10.2001	
JAPANESE - RC		50'000	JPY	671	04.10.2001	
JAPANESE - PRIVATE DONOR		8'992	USD	14'715	09.01.2002	
KOREA, REPUBLIC - RC				50'000	26.10.2001	AFGHANISTAN, PAKISTAN
KUWAIT - RC		250'000	USD	408'250	09.10.2001	IRAN & PAKISTAN
LIBYA - RC				5'000	29.09.2001	
MALAYSIA - PRIVATE DONORS		796	MYR	347	03.12.2001	
MONACO - RC		200'000	FRF	45'860	21.09.2001	
MONACO - RC		41'538	EUR	61'185	17.12.2001	
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		775'891	NOK	143'906	21.09.2001	PAKISTAN
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		11'700	NOK	2'170	23.10.2001	PAKISTAN
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		11'700	NOK	2'170	31.10.2001	IRAN
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		5'000'000	NOK	930'000	08.01.2002	
PRIVATE DONORS				105'072	24.12.2001	
PRIVATE DONORS				75	04.12.2001	IRAN
PRIVATE DONORS				54'884	06.02.2002	
SINGAPORE - GOVT/RC				197'136	14.11.2001	FAMILY PACK FOR 600 FAMILIES

SPANISH - RC		30'051	EUR	44'451	29.10.2001	IFRC-ARC CLINICS, RELIEF & SHELTER, WATER & SANITATION
SPANISH - RC		10'406	EUR	15'392	29.10.2001	PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT & CONTROL
SPANISH - RC		4'500	EUR	6'615	08.11.2001	
SWEDISH - GOVT/RC		6'500'000	SEK	1'017'250	10.10.2001	
SWISS - GOVT				55'500	26.09.2001	
TUNISIAN - RC		5'000	USD	8'165	19.10.2001	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				16'704'022	CHF	58.1%
KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)						
DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
AMERICAN - RC		833'028	USD	1'363'167	06.12.2001	TARPAULINS, TENTS, BLANKETS, EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, KITCHEN SETS, MOBILE HEALTH CARE UNITS
AUSTRIAN - RC		87'210	EUR	131'173	10.10.2001	WATER SANITATION MATERIAL
BRITISH - GOVT/DFID		608'984	GBP	1'448'339	04.10.2002	TENTS, BLANKETS, KITCHEN SETS, TARPAULINS FOR TURKMENISTAN, UZBEKISTAN AND PAKISTAN
FINNISH - GOVT/RC		115'868	EUR	171'740	10.01.2002	150 WINTER TENTS
GERMAN - GOVT/RC		625'750	DEM	473'255	02.11.2001	10'000 BLANKETS, 500 KITCHEN SETS, 900 FAMILY TENTS, 900 TARPAULINS FOR TENTS, TRANSPORT & INSURANCE
IRISH - RC		104'040	EUR	153'865	11.01.2002	8'000 BLANKETS
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		2'737'820	NOK	499'652	21.09.2001	PAKISTAN: JERRY CANS , DELEGATE BOXES, 2 NEW EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		394'000	NOK	73'076	23.10.2001	3 RUBBHALLS, TRANSPORT & INSURANCE FOR PAKISTAN
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		375'600	NOK	69'663	31.10.2001	4 RUBBHALLS, TRANSPORT & INSURANCE FOR IRAN
SPANISH - RC		304'337	EUR	450'175	02.10.2001	3'384 JERRY CANS, 250 FAMILY TENTS, 1'001 KITECHN SETS, 4'500 TARPAULIN , 10'008 BP5 COMPACT FOOD, 1 TOYOT LANDCRUISER
SWISS - GOVT				129'245	26.09.2001	6'000 BLANKETS, 1'200 KITCHEN SETS, TRANSPORT & INSURANCE
AUSTRALIA	DELEGATE(S)			43'532		
ERICSSON	DELEGATE(S)			16'591		
FINLAND	DELEGATE(S)			40'739		
GREECE	DELEGATE(S)			24'641		
ICELAND	DELEGATE(S)			5'420		
ITALY	DELEGATE(S)			24'805		
JAPAN	DELEGATE(S)			46'817		
NETHERLANDS	DELEGATE(S)			59'301		
NORWAY	DELEGATE(S)			32'525		
SPAIN	DELEGATE(S)			30'554		
SWEDEN	DELEGATE(S)			10'513		
SWITZERLAND	DELEGATE(S)			54'044		
GREAT BRITAIN	DELEGATE(S)			59'137		
USA	DELEGATE(S)			14'620		
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				5'426'589	CHF	18.9%