

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

PAKISTAN: EARTHQUAKE

8 November 2005

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

In Brief

Appeal No. 05EA022; Operations Update no. 11; Period covered: 4-7 November 2005; Appeal coverage: 37.6%; ([click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List, also available on the website](#)).

Appeal history:

- Preliminary Emergency Appeal (launched as South Asia: Earthquake) on 9 October 2005 for CHF 10.8 million (USD 8.4 million or EUR 7 million) for four months to assist 30,000 families (some 120,000 beneficiaries).
- Operations Update No. 3 of 12 October 2005 increased the Preliminary Appeal budget to CHF 73,262,000 (USD 56,616,692 or EUR 47,053,307) to assist up to 150,000 families (some 750,000 beneficiaries) for six months, as an increasingly serious situation has unfolded.
- Operations Update, No. 5, revised down the number of targeted families to 70,000 (some 500,000 beneficiaries) based on the newly assessed delivery capacity and average family size of seven.
- Revised Emergency Appeal launched on 25 October 2005 for CHF 152 million (USD 117 million or EUR 98 million) to assist 81,000 families (some 570,000 beneficiaries) for six months.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 200,000.

Outstanding needs: To date CHF 57.1 million has been received, of which CHF 26.7 is in cash and CHF 30.4 is in kind contributions. More pledges are in the pipeline and will be reflected in the next operations update. Additional pledges – especially in cash – are very urgently needed.

Related Emergency or Annual Appeals: [Pakistan Annual Appeal 05AA049](#), [South Asia Regional Annual Appeal 05AA051](#)

Operational Summary:

One month after more than 86,000 people were killed and 100,000 injured in Pakistan's worst disaster in 100 years, relief agencies say only a small window of opportunity remains to help more than 200,000 homeless people, isolated in remote mountains and in danger from the onset of freezing weather. More than 1,000 aftershocks have jolted the region, with the most recent tremor unleashing landslides and causing panic among survivors.

The Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS), with the support of the Federation, has been rushing to distribute shelter to isolated areas by truck and jeep from Balakot, Batagram and Garhi Habibullah and has reached nearly 80,000 beneficiaries, to date. Special helicopter relief operations have also resumed in the Kagan valley.

The Red Cross Red Crescent multi-national field hospital in Abbottabad has maintained a patient average of 100 people per day, expected to increase in the coming week with the arrival of additional ward nurses. With the shift in morbidity patterns from trauma to communicable diseases, there will need to be an increased focus on primary health care. Production and consumption of water in Batagram and Balakot has steadily increased since systems were set up. In Balakot and the surrounding areas some 20,000 people or nearly 50 percent of the population now has access to water. Rehabilitation work has begun in some villages and sanitation activities are set to expand to incorporate hygiene promotion in the coming days.

The cash support feasibility study looking at affected families in North West Frontier Province (NWFP) has recommended several intervention options, in line with the Pakistan government's initiative to provide cash hand-outs to quake-affected households. The Federation delegation has already started to work on recovery planning and will liaise with ICRC recovery assessment teams.

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All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations \(NGO's\) in Disaster Relief](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in this or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profile, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>

Background

An earthquake with a magnitude of 7.6 on the Richter scale, centered 95 kilometres north-east of Pakistan's capital, Islamabad, struck at 0350 GMT (0850 local time) on 8 October 2005, with tremors felt across the region from Kabul to Delhi. The quake has decimated northern Pakistan and northern India. In Pakistan alone, enormous numbers of people have been killed and injured. More than 3.5 million people have been made homeless. The immensity of the disaster is one of the deadliest in the region in a century.

Situation

One month after the massive earthquake hit Pakistan, difficult terrain and adverse weather conditions coupled with logistical problems are complicating access to some 20,000 quake-hit villagers. Relief agencies struggle against dwindling budgets and blocked roads to deliver aid to remote mountain locations. Latest assessments put the death toll at 86,000 and about 100,000 people have been reported injured. On 6 November, a 6.0 magnitude aftershock jolted many northern areas unleashing new landslides throughout the Kagan valley and injuring seven people in Batagram, one seriously.



The onset on harsh winter weather in remote mountain villages has put a huge demand on shelter and blankets

The Pakistan government has indicated its intention to provide cash hand-outs to households who suffered the loss of family members and experienced damage to their homes in the quake. The United Nations has stated that after shelter, heating is a priority.

Procedural setbacks have scaled back the historic opening of five crossing points on the Line of Control (LoC) between Pakistan and India. It was hoped that this opening would facilitate support to earthquake survivors. The much anticipated opening, planned for 7 November, saw the Rawalakot-Poonch crossing open amid gunfire and teargas, as a mob tried to cross the border. Two other points are expected to open in one week.

Operational Development

Relief distributions were temporarily halted during the three-day Eid holidays. This also allowed the Federation's pipeline to replenish stocks. Teams are now rushing to distribute shelter from Balakot, Batagram and Garhi Habibullah to remote mountain areas by truck and jeep. Special helicopter relief operations have also resumed in the Kagan valley. The Federation is one of only a few agencies focusing on reaching more remote villages with aid, through this helicopter operation.

The Federation feasibility study to determine the appropriateness of cash support to affected families in NWFP has recommended several intervention options, in line with the Pakistan government's initiative to provide cash hand-outs to affected households. A livelihoods survey in affected areas will be undertaken in the coming days and will form part of the wider recovery planning that is currently being initiated.

Recent medical reports indicate that trauma cases have gone down while communicable diseases, specifically acute respiratory infections, watery diarrhoea and skin problems are on the rise. Orthopaedic and reconstructive/rehabilitative surgeons, particularly for women, are still needed. Primary health care continues to be a focus especially with the shift in morbidity patterns. The Federation has been meeting with female health workers in Mansehra, Balakot and Batagram to get an overview of the health situation, before embarking on a plan of action.

In Balakot and the surrounding areas, some 20,000 people or nearly 50 percent of the population now has access to water. Rehabilitation work has also begun in villages, starting with the distribution of pipes for repair work in Kheat, Serash Dehairi. Hygiene promotion teams have started work in the field.

The Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) continues to focus its efforts during the emergency phase of the operation on shelter and health. In the longer term, PRCS will develop a recovery plan, including getting livelihoods established and providing appropriate shelter for affected people. Besides food items, the national society has internally mobilized and distributed some 7,500 tents and 47,000 blankets reaching over 52,000 beneficiaries throughout affected areas. Some 460 PRCS volunteers are still actively working on the operation - in Bagh, Chakoti, Mansehra, Muzaffarabad and Rawlakot as well as at PRCS national headquarters.

Coordination

Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement

To ensure relief efforts are coordinated among members of the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement, PRCS has invited national societies working in the affected areas to a meeting on 8 November at PRCS national headquarters, together with the Federation and ICRC. Discussions will centre on relief support provided to date, planned future assistance, the time frame envisaged for future relief support, and any assets/equipment that participating national societies may want to hand over to PRCS when leaving the country. There also continues to be good cooperation between the Federation secretariat and the ICRC in terms of preparations for recovery planning.

The Federation secretary general visited Pakistan for two days, travelling with the PRCS vice-chairman to affected areas in Balakot and Mansehra. They also visited the Federation multi-national field hospital in Abbottabad. During a joint press briefing with the chairman of PRCS on 7 November, attended by national and international media, the secretary general spoke about relief efforts and the urgency of reaching isolated communities with shelter. The secretary general will proceed to the Federation's general assembly in Seoul where he will urge national societies to contribute to the shortfall in funding for the operation.

Most delegates entering Pakistan will need to obtain visas before leaving from the Pakistan embassy or consulate in their home country. An invitation letter will also be required from the Pakistan delegation (further details of requirements can be found on the Federation's Disaster Management Information System - DMIS).

External partners

The Federation continues to attend meetings in Islamabad and the field with cluster heads from various agencies. Noticeable during these meetings is that fewer agencies are attending, with many smaller ones having left the country. Concerted efforts are being made by those still in the country to participate and help identify emerging gaps and the areas of greatest need, according to the government's national plan of action.

A recent meeting with the International Organization for Migration (IOM), the shelter cluster coordinator, has indicated that the Federation appears to have distributed more relief supplies than other agencies. Difficulties have arisen in getting an accurate picture of which organization is doing what and where. In Mansehra, a good relationship has been established with the district health services and a discussion is now underway around the idea of inviting them to assist on the Federation regional disaster response team (RDRT) helicopter assessments, to help prioritize urgent health needs before the onset of winter.

Together with, and in support of PRCS, the Federation attends the weekly meeting with the Federal Relief Commission where the strategies and plans between humanitarian communities and the government are discussed and addressed.

The Federation has consolidated plans with district health coordinators to expedite the distribution of winterized family tents for woman health workers (WHWs) from Balakot, Garhi Habibullah and Batagram, so that they can resume work in their assigned communities. The Federation will also support WHWs in the provision of essential medicines and medical supplies. Health delegates are collaborating with other agencies that support WHWs, such as United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

Red Cross and Red Crescent action - objectives, progress, impact

1. Emergency relief (food and non-food)

Objective: the basic shelter and household needs of 81,000 earthquake-affected families (approximately 570,000 people) in northern Pakistan are met over the next six months, enabling them to start rebuilding their future.

Progress/Achievements

The Eid period led to a halt in relief activities for three days. This allowed time for the logistics pipeline to be replenished. The main warehouse and all Rubb halls (temporary warehouse tents) were emptied just before Eid. Distributions in the three main hubs re-started on 7 November and will hopefully gear up to previous levels by mid-week. To date, nearly 80,000 beneficiaries have been reached. Emphasis remains on providing the shelter package to remote villages and planning for the provision of tool kits and stoves.

Federation relief distributions as of 7 November

Location	Tents	Blankets	Tarpaulins	No. of Families	No. of beneficiaries
Garhi Habibullah	4,614	29,799	4,447	4,614	32,298
Balakot	3,480	24,340	3,480	3,480	24,360
Batagram/Battal	3,222	22,984	3,222	3,222	22,554
Total	11,316	77,123	11,149	11,316	79,212

Re-opening of the Kagan valley to jeeps has led to approximately 800 people coming down to the lowlands. The Pakistan army has a two-prong strategy of continuing to provide basic relief to those in the high villages and forming camps at lower levels with fuller service provision.

Special helicopter relief operations have also resumed in the Kagan valley, with blankets and tarpaulins distributed to Kawai and Shogran villages and further assessments taking place in Paras and Mahandri. The RDRT teams working on the relief operations may be relocated from Islamabad to the de-centralized logistics base in Mansehra in the coming days.

In addition to the table above, the Pakistan Red Crescent has internally mobilized and distributed some 7,500 tents and 47,000 blankets reaching over 52,000 beneficiaries throughout affected areas. The Turkish Red Crescent has reached some 53,000 affected people in NWFP with relief items including tents, blankets, food packages, hygiene sets and kitchen sets.

The Federation feasibility study to determine the appropriateness of cash support to affected families in NWFP has recommended several intervention options. The options aim to support asset protection and reinforce medium-term household coping strategies. Intervention options recommended for consideration include providing cash to target groups receiving shelter materials (comprising tents, tools and materials to construct a single dry room) and providing cash to those households wishing to migrate during the winter.

In the second week of November, the Federation will undertake a livelihoods survey in affected areas. The survey will provide vital information on the livelihoods and coping mechanisms of affected groups and will be used to plan future cash or voucher interventions and other recovery approaches.

Constraints

As indicated in the last update, the major problem facing relief operations relates to the lack of replacement RDRT members. The Southeast Asian team departs on 8 November and the remaining teams have had to be reorganized into eight teams (six having one RDRT member and two having one Qatar Red Crescent member). The six RDRT members referred to will leave in about ten days. Replacements are urgently needed.

The Danish ERU base camp still has limited latrines/showers and better facilities are needed before RDRT/PRCS members can move there.

2. Emergency health and care

Objective: Some 250,000 earthquake-affected people in northern Pakistan have access to appropriate quality health care, safe water and sanitation services in the next six months .

Progress/Achievements

Basic health care:

Since the last reporting period, the Federation multi-national field hospital in Abbottabad has maintained a daily inpatient average of 100 people. The hospital has received excellent support from the Norwegian Red Cross team and continues to receive vital support from the Japanese Red Cross medical personnel still in place. In the coming week, with the arrival of additional ward nurses, in particular from the New Zealand Red Cross, the hospital will expand to a 200-bed capacity. The Federation/PRCS will make a donation of ten surgical kits to the Ayub Medical Centre to cover the needs of approximately 1,000 surgical in-patients for ten days during the important post-operative phase.

On 7 November, the Malaysian Red Crescent RDRT medical team closed the camp in the village of Mang, having treated nearly 1,200 patients in the course of a few weeks. The volunteer team lived and worked in the community, showing endurance under difficult living conditions and representing the true spirit of a Red Cross Red Crescent volunteer in action. Their efforts to bring assistance to the most vulnerable are highly appreciated by the community, the Federation health team and the Pakistan Red Crescent.

The Qatar Red Crescent team has arrived safely in Dhuli, Bagh district with medical supplies and is in the process of setting up a basic health care unit. They face many challenges ahead, working and living in this remote area with tough weather conditions. The Federation will continue to support and facilitate their operational activities to ensure that primary health care is available to people in this isolated area.

In Batagram, the first batch of the French Red Cross ERU medical team has been replaced. The team has not been able to continue working in remote locations as the Batagram helicopter service is no longer available. To date, the basic health unit has seen nearly 2,700 patients.

The transport support unit provided by the Norwegian Red Cross is discussing alternative options for transporting mobile teams from both the French Red Cross and the Federation into areas which are difficult to access. While many people have moved down to lowland camps in Batagram, many more will remain in the mountains over winter. It is urgent that the Federation/PRCS and the Ministry of Health work hand in hand to ensure that these locations have enough supplies for the winter or that other means of access are identified.

In Balakot, the Spanish basic health care ERU has seen nearly 1,000 patients since it first began operations. With the arrival of a Chinese field hospital to Balakot, the Spanish team will now conduct mobile clinics to help those who do not have easy access to stationary health services.

Psychosocial support:

The psychosocial support programme (PSP) is part of the Federation's overall health structure and will link to the community structure already existing in the rural communities of Pakistan. Activities will focus on psychological first aid, re-establishing social networks and social well-being, building on self help principles, and skills and knowledge already available in the communities.

A local partner organization Rozan, experienced in working on issues of emotional and mental health and which specifically targets women and children, has been identified to work together with the Federation. Initial meetings have been held between Rozan and the PSP delegate, and a three-day field visit to Garhi Habibullah, Balakot and Batagram is now underway to assess the situation. The focus of the assessment will be on the location of people, the size of the different settlements, and the way in which these communities are organized to support social well-being and deal with signs of stress. Contact will also be established with other organizations working in this field.

The Turkish Red Crescent PSP team has identified needs in consultation with local authorities and plans to set up tents in the Tori Park, Meratonolia, Celabandi and Tariq Abad tent camps from which they will provide PSP support. Arrangements have been made with doctors to provide health check-ups for 400 children in Jalalabad camp. The team plans to set up one playing tent and three training support and PSP tents, targeting the nearly 3,000 people in the camps.

Water and sanitation:

The Federation hygiene promotion team is now in place and currently meeting with woman health workers (WHW) in Mansehra, Balakot and Batagram to get an overview of the health situation before working on a plan of action. Rehabilitation work has begun in villages, starting with the distribution of 500 metres of pipes for repair work in Kheat, Serash Dehairi.

The Federation's water and sanitation emergency response units (ERUs) continue to be operational in Balakot and Batagram and to provide support to Pakistan Red Crescent and other Red Cross Red Crescent partners in hospitals and clinics in Abbottabad and other areas. The Federation is sending two additional staff to support the ERUs to develop their activities in relation to sanitation and hygiene, as this is seen to be an important priority in the immediate future.



Federation ERUs are providing water to nearly 50 percent of the population in Balakot and the surrounding areas

In Balakot, the Swedish/Austrian Red Cross water treatment plant continues to produce water at a steady rate. Several distribution points have been set up in Balakot and nearby villages, where water is delivered by tankers. Production and consumption has increased to serve some 20,000 people or nearly 50 percent of the population. Assessment and identification of latrine sites and digging of new latrines has begun. Sanitation activities are set to expand to incorporate hygiene promotion in the coming days.

In Batagram, the German/Austrian Red Cross specialized water treatment plant continues to deliver an increasing quantity of water to the French Red Cross clinic and the local hospital. Water is also being distributed to populations close by. The ERU has filled a bladder system set up by a separate agency to supply some 1,200 people in the Batagram 1 camp with water. So far, 12 latrines have been set up and waste collection (clearing dumped waste from the site) has been completed. In addition, important hygiene promotion activities will begin in the coming days.

The Federation has also set up basic latrines and water supply services at the Rubb halls in Batagram and Balakot for relief teams. Overnight camp facilities have been erected to cut down on daily travel to and from Mansehra.

Constraints

While the health teams strive for coordination with the Ministry of Health and other organizations, some situations remain out of the Federation's control. Since the last reporting period, a Chinese field hospital has been established in Balakot, a town that has several well run field hospitals in addition to the Spanish ERU. Therefore, until the departure of the Chinese team (in one month), the Spanish ERU will conduct mobile clinics to help those who do not have easy access to stationary health services.

3. Logistics/IT/Telecommunications

Objective: The ongoing PRCS and Federation relief operation have efficient logistical, IT and telecommunication infrastructure in the operational areas.

Progress/Achievements

Logistics:

To date, over 70 flights with relief goods have arrived in the country. Since no trucks were dispatched over the three day Eid holidays, the number of truck loads of relief supplies sent out during the reporting period has been lower than normal.

Depending on the volume of the helicopter operation, the logistics ERU will recruit one delegate plus a local assistant to coordinate the needs of the relief team and to arrange flight booking with the United Nations Humanitarian Air Services (UNHAS). Currently, the UNHAS helicopters are being used free of charge. An evaluation of the cost of acquiring a helicopter is being considered to meet possible future demands. Two assessment flights have been scheduled during the reporting period and cargo figures will be available once these are carried out.

Another ten trucks from the transport support unit (TSU) operated by the Norwegian Red Cross have been deployed to the Mansehra base and by the end of the week, 30 units will be in the field. The TSU will meet with the French ERU to look at alternative options for transporting mobile teams from both the French Red Cross and the Federation into difficult to access areas.

Item	Requested	Mobilized
Tents	76,601	64,568
Blankets	1,010,500	594,755
Jerry cans	74,000	35,940
Tarpaulins	142,987	77,910
Hygiene Kit	428,572	49,000
Kitchen Set	71,429	51,102
Lamps	71,429	46,940
Heaters (wood)	48,965	48,965
Heaters (kerosene)	21,429	18,562
NEHK	100	81
Cholera kits	20	1
Tent (rubb hall)	8	8
ERU BHC	2	2
ERU Water	3	3
ERU Support	1	1

Constraints

There is an urgent need to fill logistics positions to meet the expanding operation. These include one logistics delegate, one procurement delegate, one fleet manager and one warehouse manager. Depending on the volume of helicopter activities, there may be a need for an additional logistics delegate to cover this in future. The Federation urges all national societies to provide delegates who can fill this gap as quickly as possible. Difficulties are also being experienced in the recruitment of good local drivers.

A further constraint has been that in recent days, the airport authorities have not allowed Federation trucks on the tarmac at the airport. The United Nations Joint Logistics Centre (UNJLC) has intervened to assist with this problem.

IT/Telecommunications:

Wireless internet connection by RBGAN satellite connection now covers the entire base camp compound. Wireless printing will be available in the coming days. Wired connection has been installed in all three office tents for non-wireless computers. Two VSAT units in Mansehra and Batrasi base camp will be available within the week. Telephone lines have been ordered for the multi-national field hospital in Abbottabad; meanwhile, temporary RBGAN has been set up for reporting purposes.

Fifty HYT TC-268S VHF handsets have been donated to PRCS and the Federation is sourcing programming kits for these handsets. Since no repeaters will be set up, the frequency plan for HF has been changed, with two frequencies dedicated to PRCS and a further two to the Federation. An additional telecom delegate has joined the ERU and will provide IT support, based in Batrasi.

Constraints

High mountain ranges in the operational area have caused problems with high frequency radio communications and are being addressed by testing different antenna angles and the possible use of NVIS antenna kits in vehicles. Due to an increased demand, standard radio equipment is becoming difficult to procure in local markets though stocks should be available in the coming weeks.

4. Communications – Advocacy and Public Information

Objective: The needs of the earthquake-affected population in Pakistan are advocated for and the Red Cross and Red Crescent's interventions profiled through national and international media coverage

Progress/Achievements

The Federation secretary general visited Pakistan from 6-7 November. He traveled with the vice-chairman of PRCS to earthquake affected areas in NWFP to see Red Cross Red Crescent relief activities first hand, visited the water and sanitation and basic health care ERUs in Balakot, the base camp in Mansehra and the field hospital in Abbottabad. Journalists from Associated Press (AP) and IRIN accompanied him on the trip.

On 7 November, a joint press briefing was held with the chairman of PRCS, attended by national and international journalists including Reuters, AP and BBC radio. Several interviews were generated from the press briefing and the news release issued to mark the occasion.

The secretary general's visit also marked one month after the devastating earthquake hit Pakistan. A special video news release on Red Cross Red Crescent relief efforts in the challenging terrain was submitted to APTN, and broadcast through their midnight feed to hit the morning TV shows on 8 November. A local TV crew, APNA TV, visited the multi-national field hospital in Abbottabad and filed a ten-minute documentary on its work. General interviews on the operation were given to Australian and Icelandic media.

Outstanding Needs

- Response to the appeal to date has been slow. Cash contributions are urgently needed to allow the Red Cross and Red Crescent to rapidly scale up emergency operations.
- The detailed mobilization table is available and updated on [Disaster Management Information System \(DMIS\)](#). The Federation is still working on mobilizing relief items, but is simultaneously reviewing the situation in the pipeline to ensure they are coherent with distribution plans. Where possible, relief items will be procured locally.
- The following longer-term positions need to be sought internationally and regionally: head of operations, deputy head of operations, head of support services, finance delegate, human resources delegate, legal delegate, information coordinator, IT/telecom coordinator, IT/telecom delegate, logistics delegate, procurement delegate, warehouse manager, fleet manager, security coordinator, shelter coordinator, recovery coordinator, health coordinator, health field monitor, health delegates, health administrator, general surgeon,

orthopaedic surgeon, anaesthetist, operating theatre and surgical ward nurses, psychosocial support manager, shelter coordinator, water and sanitation coordinator, and water and sanitation delegates (including hygiene).

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

08/11/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->				152,033,929	TOTAL COVERAGE 37.6%	
ADC FOUNDATION		10,000	USD	12,805	31.10.05	
AMERICAN - RC		850,000	USD	1,099,900	17.10.05	
AMERICAN - PRIVATE DONORS				19,539	25.10.05	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT		3,000,000	AUD	2,956,500	10.10.05	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		500,000	AUD	492,750	19.10.05	MEDICINE & MEDICAL SUPPLIES
AUSTRALIAN - RC		500,000	AUD	492,750	25.10.05	MOB TABLE: EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, SUPPLEMENTARY UNITS OF NEHK
BRITISH - RC		250,000	GBP	569,500	09.10.05	
BRITISH - GOVT/DIFD		1,470,000	GBP	3,342,780	27.10.05	
BRITISH PETROLEUM		500,000	USD	647,000	11.10.05	
CAMBODIAN - RC		15,000	USD	19,410	13.10.05	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS		990,000	CAD	1,093,455	13.10.05	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS		99,000	CAD	109,346	18.10.05	
CANADIAN - RC		1,000,000	CAD	1,104,500	19.10.05	PROCUREMENT 1300 WINTERISED TENTS
CHINA - HONG KONG RC BRANCH		500,000	HKD	81,500	10.10.05	PROCUREMENT SHELTER KITS
CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH				25,000	10.10.05	PURCHASE OF MEDICINES, BLANKETS & TENTS
CYPRUS - RC				13,354	12.10.05	
CZECH - RC		10,000	USD	12,940	25.10.05	
DANISH - RC				95,920	14.10.05	
DANISH - RC				492,769	20.10.05	
ECHO (05004)		810,747	EUR	1,262,333	13.10.05	
FINNISH - PRIVATE DONORS		200	EUR	311	12.10.05	
FRENCH - PRIVATE DONORS				467	21.10.05	
GERMAN - RC		500,000	EUR	778,500	27.10.05	
GERMAN - PRIVATE DONORS				148	18.10.05	
HELLENIC - RC				50,000	11.10.05	PURCHASE 10'000 BLANKETS
ICELANDIC - GOVT		75,000	USD	97,050	09.10.05	
INDONESIA - PRIVATE DONOR				128	28.10.05	
IRISH - GOVT		300,000	EUR	467,100	13.10.05	
ITALIAN - GOVT		200,000	EUR	311,400	17.10.05	
ITALIAN - RC		150,000	EUR	231,825	10.10.05	FOR INDIA, EUR 50'000 (DP , see AA047)
JAPANESE - RC		262,513	USD	339,692	11.10.05	
JAPANESE -RC		2,800,000	USD	3,623,200	25.10.05	PROCUREMENT FOR MOB TABLE: 10000 FAMILY TENTS, 10000 KEROSENE LAMPS, 10000 KEROSENE STOVE, 50000 BLANKETS
KOREA, REPUBLIC - RC		50,000	USD	64,700	10.10.05	
LATVIAN - GOVT		100,000	USD	129,400	13.10.05	
LIBYAN - RC				10,000	10.10.05	
LUXEMBOURG - GOVT		200,000	EUR	311,400	24.10.05	
MACEDONIA, FYR - RC		3,000	EUR	4,671	28.10.05	

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

08/11/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
MONACO - RC		30,000	EUR	46,710	17.10.05	
NETHERLANDS - GOVT		160,428	EUR	249,786	13.10.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR				779	28.10.05	
NEW ZEALAND - RC		100,000	NZD	89,600	20.10.05	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT		400,000	NZD	358,400	25.10.05	
OPEC FUND F.INTERNATIONAL DEV.		600,000	USD	768,300	13.10.05	FOR INDIA (DP, see AA047) & FOR AFGHANISTAN (DP, see AA045), USD 200'00 EACH
PHILIP MORRIS		30,000	USD	38,415	24.10.05	
PHILIPPINES - RC		10,000	USD	12,805	03.11.05	
POLAND - PRIVATE DONORS				3,235	17.10.05	
PRIVATE DONORS ON LINE				390,000	14.10.05	
SINGAPORE - RC/GOVT				100,000	26.10.05	PROCUREMENT OF RELIEF ITEMS
SINGAPORE - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	EUR	77,850	11.10.05	
SOUTH AFRICA - PRIVATE DONOR		1,000	USD	1,280	27.10.05	
SWEDISH - GOVT through RC		2,000,000	SEK	334,000	11.10.05	
SWEDISH - GOVT through RC & RC		15,400,000	SEK	2,571,800	14.10.05	
SWISS - PRIVATE DONORS				15,450	12.10.05	
USA - COCA-COLA		1,000,000	USD	1,294,000	11.10.05	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				26,716,453	CHF	17.6%

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
A number of in-kind contributions are on their way to Pakistan. The list will be updated as soon as all details are available.						
AMERICAN - RC				2,665,700		3000 TARPULINS, 18000 KITCHEN SETS, 3000 BUCKETS, 5000 FAMILY TENTS, 70000 BLANKETS, 1000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 18000 HYGIENIC PARCELS. TRANSP./INS. ,
AUSTRIAN - RC				672,360		306 FAMILY TENTS, 76000 BLANKETS, TRANSP./INS.
BELGIAN - RC/FL				167,180		11720 BLANKETS, 3500 KITCHEN SETS, TRANSP./INS.
BELGIAN - RC/FR				666,676		12500 BLANKETS, 1250 KITCHEN SETS, 1478 FAMILY TENTS, 1259 TARPULINS, TRANSP./INS.
BRITISH - RC				1,882,850		2000 JERRICANS, 21700 BLANKETS, 2000 TARPULINS, 600 FAMILY TENTS, 600 KITCHEN SETS, 6000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
CANADIAN - RC				1,564,950		12000 BLANKETS, 3300 BLANKETS HIGH LOFT, 100 TARPULINS, 2000 GRAMMAX TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
DANISH - RC				2,032,875		1, BASE CAMP, 30 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 50 DELEGATE HEALTH KITS, TRANSP./INS.
DANISH - RC				567,938		ERU TELECOM & LOGISTICS UNITS

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

08/11/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
EGYPTIAN - RC				18,200		2000 BLANKETS, 20 FAMILY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
FINNISH - RC				3,440,710		5798 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS , 5500 HURRICANE LAMPS, 10'000 STOVES, 59 DOUBLE FLY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
FRENCH - RC				79,950		2300 TARPAULINS,1350 KITCHEN SETS, TRANSP./INS.
FRENCH - RC				769,491		ERU BASIC HEALTH CARE UNIT
GERMAN - RC				778,500		ERU SPECIALISED WATSANMODULE
GERMAN - RC				2,829,287		10000 BLANKETS, 4000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 10000 SLEEPING BAGS, 10000 HURRICANE LAMPS, 200 HOSPITAL BEDS, TRANSP./INS.
IRISH - RC				1,217,450		7300 BLANKETS, 2250 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
LUXEMBURG - RC				60,723		6000 BLANKETS, TRANSP./INS.
NEPAL - RC				6,500		1000 BLANKETS, TRANSP./INS.
NETHERLANDS - RC				1,022,320		30000 BLANKETS, 5000 TARPAULINS, 1000 FAMILY TENTS , 6000 KITCHEN SETS, 15 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 53000BEDSHEETS, 1000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
NORWEGIAN - RC				2,365,821		40 TRUCKS M6, 50 FAMILY TENTS , 16 TENTS DELTA, 21 TENTS 90 M2, \$620 TARPAULINS, 120 TENT GAMMAX, 1 MODULE MOTHER & CHILD CARE, 4 WATERTANKS, 11320 BLANKETS, 4 UN. WATER PURIFICATION UNITS, TRANSP./INS.
NORWEGIAN - RC				1,036,116		ERU REFERRAL HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT, STAFFIN & TRANSPORT
QATAR - RC				3,357,333		6299 FAMILY TENTS, 1170 BEDS RIGID FRAME, 48480 BLANKETS, 92 VARIOUS MEDICINE, DATES, LENTILS, TRANSP./INS.
SPANISH - RC				227,205		8125 BLANKETS, 2400 TARPAULINS, 100 FAMILY TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
SPANISH - RC				533,699		1 ERU BASIC HEALTH CARE UNIT
SWEDISH - RC				344,020		ERU WAT-SAN, MASS SANITATION MODULE
SWEDISH - RC				206,804		976 WINTERISED TENTS
SWISS - RC				1,769,344		7220 BLANKETS, 3896 KITCHEN SETS, 2 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 20000 BLANKETS, 4500 TARPAULINS, 200 FAMILY TENTS, 1562 KEROSENE HEATERS, 1000 WINTERISED TENTS, TRANSP./INS.
VARIOUS DONORS	DELEGATES	12		144,000	12.10.05	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				30,428,002	CHF	20.0%

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

08/11/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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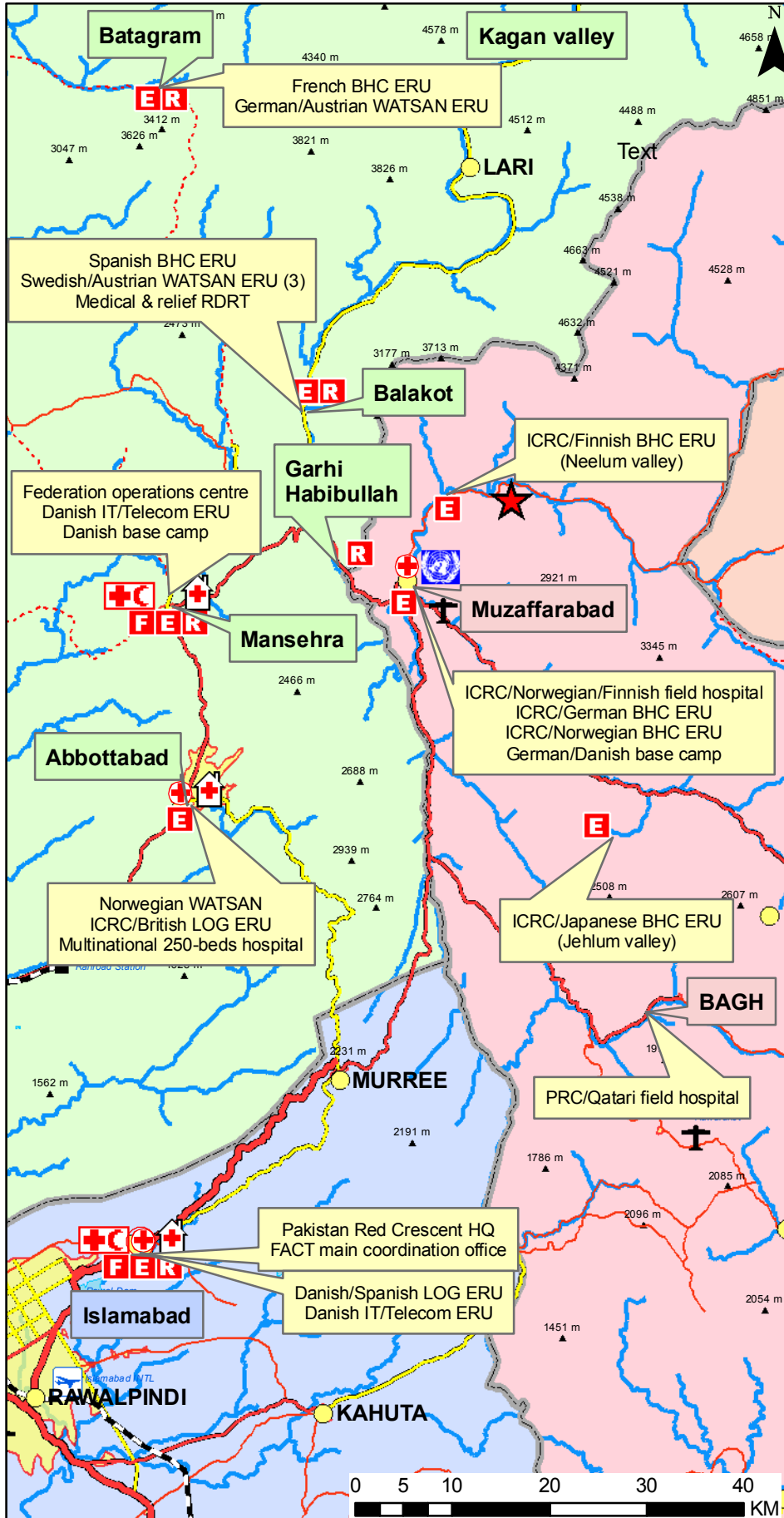
ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				0	CHF	



Pakistan: Earthquake

Situation map
 Issued 8 November 2005



- Earthquake epicenter
 - Federation delegation or hub
 - ICRC delegation or sub-delegation
 - Field Assessment Coordination Team (FACT)
 - Emergency Response Unit (ERU)
 - Regional Disaster Response Team (RDRT)
 - Federation and/or ICRC logistics center
 - UN operations centre
- Provinces**
- Indian Jammu & Kashmir
 - North-west Frontier
 - Pakistan-administered Kashmir
 - Punjab
- Administrative boundaries
 - Capital
 - City
 - City extension
 - Highway, Hard, All weather
 - Main road, Hard, All weather
 - Secondary road, Loose, All weather
 - Local road, Loose, Dry weather
 - Track, Loose, Dry weather
 - Airport
 - Airfield
 - railroad station
 - Mountain tops
 - Lakes
 - Main rivers

The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies or the ICRC concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities.

Map data sources: ESRI, Keyobs, Federation, ICRC