

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

PAKISTAN: EARTHQUAKE

30 November 2005

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 183 countries.

In Brief

Appeal No. 05EA022; Operations Update no. 17; Period covered: 25-28 November 2005; Appeal coverage: 61.8%; ([click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List, also available on the website](#)).

Appeal history:

- Preliminary Emergency Appeal (launched as South Asia: Earthquake) on 9 October 2005 for CHF 10.8 million (USD 8.4 million or EUR 7 million) for four months to assist 30,000 families (some 120,000 beneficiaries).
- Operations Update No. 3 of 12 October 2005 increased the Preliminary Appeal budget to CHF 73,262,000 (USD 56,616,692 or EUR 47,053,307) to assist up to 150,000 families (some 750,000 beneficiaries) for six months, as an increasingly serious situation has unfolded.
- Operations Update No. 5 of 17 October 2005 revised down the number of targeted families to 70,000 (some 500,000 beneficiaries), based on the newly assessed delivery capacity and average family size of seven.
- Revised Emergency Appeal launched on 25 October 2005 for CHF 152 million (USD 117 million or EUR 98 million) to assist 81,000 families (some 570,000 beneficiaries) for six months.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 200,000.

Outstanding needs: To date CHF 93.9 million has been received, of which CHF 49.8 million is in cash and CHF 44.1 million is in-kind contributions. More pledges are in the pipeline and will be reflected in the next operations update; these updates will now be issued once weekly beginning with the next on 7 December. Additional pledges – especially in cash – are still urgently needed.

Related Emergency or Annual Appeals: [Pakistan Annual Appeal 05AA049](#), [South Asia Regional Annual Appeal 05AA051](#)

Operational Summary:

Relief operations resumed on Monday after the onset of harsh winter weather grounded helicopter flights and disrupted some road transport in earthquake-affected areas of northern Pakistan. At least three earthquake survivors are known to have died. The Federation/Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS), the government, the United Nations and NGOs are racing to ensure that hundreds of thousands of vulnerable people receive adequate shelter and food to see them through a bitter winter.

Items including winterized tents, blankets and plastic sheeting are being distributed by the Federation/PRCS to affected communities, reaching more than 160,000 people to date. Red Cross and Red Crescent partners have also provided health care to more than 48,500 patients in major towns and villages and continue to expand health services to remote and isolated areas in North West Frontier Province (NWFP) and Pakistan administered Kashmir (PAK).

Four Federation transport support unit vehicles equipped with water tanks are providing potable water, produced by the Swedish/Austrian Red Cross and German/Austrian Red Cross emergency response units (ERUs) to about 39,000 people in the Balakot and Batagram areas. Hygiene promotion teams have started to distribute thousands of family hygiene kits to households in the same areas.

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All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations \(NGOs\) in Disaster Relief](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in this or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profile, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>

Background

An earthquake with a magnitude of 7.6 on the Richter scale, centred 95 km northeast of Pakistan's capital, Islamabad, struck at 08:50 local time (03:50 GMT) on 8 October 2005, with tremors felt across the region from Kabul to Delhi. The quake has decimated northern Pakistan and northern India. In Pakistan alone, enormous numbers of people have been killed and injured. More than 3.5 million people have been made homeless. The immensity of the disaster is such that it remains one of the deadliest in the region in living memory.

Situation

Relief operations in earthquake-affected areas of northern Pakistan have been hampered in recent days by widespread rain and snowfall. Unfavourable weather conditions grounded helicopter flights to remote areas over the weekend, however, transportation of relief goods by road continued despite threats of landslides in mountainous areas. More rain and snow is expected in the coming week in the high mountains.

According to the United Nations, the onset of winter has already claimed the lives of at least three earthquake survivors. More than 100 others in the northwest of the country have been taken to mobile clinics and hospitals suffering from hypothermia and respiratory diseases. International relief agencies have warned that the harsh Himalayan winter could lead to more deaths in the worst-hit districts of Muzaffarabad, Neelum Valley, Bagh and Rawalakot. Bringing shelter materials and mobile health teams to high altitude areas is critical.



Bad weather has hampered helicopter operations delivering shelter and relief items to remote and isolated communities in northern Pakistan.

A mild earthquake measuring 4.7 on the Richter scale struck Baluchistan, with tremors felt in Quetta and other adjoining areas of the province. There were no reports of casualties or damage.

Operational developments

Latest figures from the Pakistan military indicate that some 80,000 people are now registered in government or military tent villages. An estimated 20,000 people remain in unregistered sites. The United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR) has undertaken a mapping of “spontaneous” settlements in the North West Frontier Province (NWFP) and has indicated that there are more than 230 camps in the area. A number of settlements around Balakot have yet to be surveyed. Two additional sites for planned camps have been identified.

The strategy for dealing with the spontaneous camps has not been decided. Options include the possibility to consolidate or expand official camps to include them. In Mansehra, the cluster structure is conducting a contingency planning exercise in case of further population movements. At this stage, the two major challenges remain the lack of knowledge of the military’s plans and the absorption capacity of local communities.

There is also concern regarding private camps (set up by local religious, political or commercial organizations) and questions over their commitment or capacity to provide ongoing services in line with industry standards (the [Sphere Project](#)) The government is currently registering these camps, seeking firm commitments from the sponsoring organizations to provide continued services of necessary quality. The protection cluster has also raised concern regarding possible protection issues within the private camps.

Meanwhile, the Federation/PRCS continues to deliver urgent items including winterized tents, blankets, plastic sheeting, sleeping bags, quilts, jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets and hygiene kits to vulnerable communities in NWFP. To date, more than 160,000 people have been reached. Red Cross and Red Crescent partners have also treated more than 48,500 patients in major towns and villages and continue to expand health services to remote and isolated areas in the north of the country.

Since the beginning of operation, the Federation health and water sanitation teams have cooperated to take forward an integrated approach to public health issues. In line with this approach, the teams met last week to discuss joint activities at the basic health unit (BHU) level across all locations. Potable water continues to be delivered by the Federation water and sanitation ERUs to affected people in and around Balakot and Batagram, and the hygiene promotion teams have started to distribute thousands of family hygiene kits to households in the same districts.

Coordination

Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement

Good coordination and information sharing continues between the Federation and the ICRC. Representatives of the Federation and ICRC sub-delegations met during the reporting period in Muzaffarabad to discuss, among other issues, a possible joint approach for dissemination to the military in NWFP. Resources also continue to be shared where possible, with the German/Austrian Red Cross water and sanitation ERU in Batagram recently providing a water filter to the ICRC hospital in Muzaffarabad.

The Qatar Red Crescent Society (QRCS) is discussing further coordination of its activities with the Federation in relation to its role as lead agency for a consortium of Qatari NGOs. Discussions about this are currently underway with the Federation in Islamabad and Geneva. If agreed, a new QRCS team may start relief operations in Battal, where a Federation/PRCS team is currently based. This initiative would benefit the Federation since Battal and the Siran Valley are becoming increasingly crowded with agencies and QRCS’s presence would enable the Federation/PRCS team to redeploy its resources to new areas.

Currently, there are a high number of field visits from various donor national societies to the field. The field team is working hard to facilitate these visits, but they are putting a strain on both human and physical resources in the field. National societies are urged to limit themselves to urgent visits at this time or to discuss with the field or the Geneva desk, the timing of these visits, so that they can be planned in advance. Discussions are underway on the possibility of having a partnership meeting in early 2006 and this might allow the opportunity for national societies to conduct field visits.

External partners

Together with, and in support of PRCS, the Federation attends weekly meetings with the Federal Relief Commission in Islamabad to discuss the strategies and plans of the humanitarian community and the government and to improve coordination.

In Islamabad and the field, meetings are ongoing with cluster heads from the various agencies. In Mansehra, most of the clusters have now completed an initial mapping exercise, with the exception of the education sector, which also covers psycho-social support. Early recovery meetings have recently started, led by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). The shelter cluster likely has the strongest coordination mechanisms at present, with the cluster broken down into sub-groups targeted at supporting shelter by geographical area. The Federation has suggested the formation of a sub-cluster on administration, particularly to look at issues such as salary and rental. This is expected to be announced at the next weekly coordination meeting.

In order to hasten the distributions and reach the maximum number of needy people before the end of the year, the Federation/PRCS will increase cooperation with other leading agencies. Partnerships have already been developed with the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation and Swiss Humanitarian Aid (SDC/SHA) to provide non-food items to affected families and a similar cooperation has been established with the Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED).

Red Cross and Red Crescent action – objectives, progress, impact

1. Emergency relief (food and non-food)

Objective: the basic shelter and household needs of 81,000 earthquake-affected families (approximately 570,000 people) in northern Pakistan are met over the next six months, enabling them to start rebuilding their future.

Progress/Achievements

To date, the total number of beneficiaries that have received Federation/PRCS assistance has surpassed 160,000. This week alone, more than 3,000 tents, 20,000 blankets, 3,700 plastic sheets, 5,300 sleeping bags, 2,800 quilts, together with jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets and hygiene kits were distributed to communities in the Serin and Kagan valleys, Gari Habibullah, Battal and Batagram.

Relief distributions in Kohistan are expected to start later in the week with the first load of relief items for 1,000 families on its way to newly rented storage space in Besham. In the Allai Valley, issues have arisen related to ownership and suitability of the land previously chosen for the location of the Rubb Hall (temporary warehouse), so the set up has been temporarily delayed.

Federation relief distributions as of 28 November

| Location | Tents | Blankets | Tarpaulins | Jerry cans | Sleeping bags | Families |
|------------------|--------|----------|------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| Garhi Habibullah | 7,291 | 44,720 | 7,124 | 1,563 | 3,693 | 7,321 |
| Balakot air/land | 5,418 | 47,308 | 7,776 | 2,681 | 2,654 | 8,926 |
| Batagram/Battal | 7,047 | 48,026 | 7,085 | | 1,386 | 7,050 |
| Total | 19,756 | 140,054 | 21,985 | 4,244 | 7,733 | 23,297 |

The general opinion among humanitarian agencies is that the distribution of tents in the higher mountain areas (above 4,000 to 5,000 ft) is no longer appropriate in view of the expected snowfall. Consequently, the Federation/PRCS will continue to distribute winterized tents to lower lying areas. At a later phase, it may also distribute tents to “spontaneous” and official camps if required to support the vulnerable population or to replace sub-standard, non-winterised shelter. For the time being, however, since official camps are only partly occupied, the need is not urgent. The Federation/PRCS plans to keep a buffer stock of 10,000 tents in order to be prepared to react to any possible influx of families who may finally decide to come down from the mountains should the weather become too harsh.

In spite of the needs, it has become increasingly difficult for the field teams in certain geographical areas (Serin Valley and Garhi Habibullah) to identify beneficiary families eligible to receive Red Cross and Red Crescent assistance due to the presence of a number of other organizations. Therefore, to speed up distributions and reach the maximum number of people before the end of the year, the Federation/PRCS is increasingly working with other agencies. In cooperation with the SDC/SHA, the Federation/PRCS will provide non-food items to an estimated 10,000 families, while the SDC/SHA will provide them with shelter repair kits and corrugated iron (CGI) sheeting. A similar partnership with ACTED, related to the distribution of non-food items to another 4,050 families, is expected to start soon.

Constraints

There is still a shortage of qualified and experienced staff for the relief operation. An additional relief delegate is needed to work in the Kagan Valley area to support the PRCS/regional disaster response teams (RDRT) and to help with the planning of distributions. This will be reflected in future requests for delegates. The field teams covering the Allai Valley and Kohistan, supported by the Federation relief delegate and relief officer, are relatively strong and able to work independently in those areas. Currently there are also sufficient RDRT members involved in the operation to help strengthen PRCS staff and volunteers. However, their rotation is moving on and additional support may be needed. There are also issues around the loss of institutional memory and trying to retain lessons learned between different rotations and different staff. Plans for a lessons-learned review of the RDRT deployment in Pakistan is still going ahead and is planned for mid-December.

2. Emergency health and care

Objective: Some 250,000 earthquake-affected people in northern Pakistan have access to appropriate quality health care, safe water and sanitation services in the next six months.

Progress/Achievements

Basic health care:

Since operations began last month, the Federation, and its Red Cross and Red Crescent partners have treated more than 48,500 patients in northern areas of Pakistan.



An injured child receives treatment at the PRCS medical facility in Chakoti.

In Abbottabad, the Federation field hospital has admitted 188 patients since it opened one month ago with an average daily occupancy rate of 99 patients. Each day about 20 to 25 patients receive psychological support and another 45 receive physiotherapy treatments. During the reporting period, all hospital patients received a tetanus vaccine and a follow-up dose will be given in four weeks. Skin grafts conducted on patients have so far been successful. Several patients have complained of abdominal pain and loss of appetite but generally patients are healing and stable.

Medical students recommended by the Ayub Teaching Hospital (ATH), have been invited to join the Federation team on a rotating voluntary schedule, and are mainly joining during ward rounds with the doctors and in the operating theatre.

Regular reports from the ATH physiotherapy team indicate that the main cases they see are fractures of the femur, tibia or fibula, or multiple fractures. Improvements have been noted as more patients are now able to move about and more beds are empty during the day. Working in collaboration with the ATH team, the Federation has installed locally purchased equipment in a newly opened physiotherapy tent. Systematic bedside training of local nurses has been a key focus, so that they are able

to take on additional supervisory responsibilities. Better hygiene care for patients has been introduced and the team has reorganized a medication system to ensure safety and avoid duplication. Pre-operative preparation systems have also been established in the wards under the responsibility of a local nurse.

In Upper Dhuli, Bagh, the QRCS basic health centre is staffed with six medical doctors, a pharmacist, lab technicians and ward helpers. Six nurses are expected to join the team soon. The facility comprises an outpatient department and 40 to 60 beds for inpatients, and is able to provide maternal, paediatric, gynaecological, obstetric and orthopaedic care. In the longer term, X-ray and laboratory facilities will be available. So far, the outpatient department has seen over 1,550 patients and admitted 11 cases. Furthermore, 130 patients have been treated at the mobile clinic in Lohar Bella, approximately 6 km from Dhuli, which is run twice weekly by QRCS doctors. The most common illnesses reported in the district are scabies and upper respiratory infections. The hospital can provide services to an estimated 35,000 people.

In Batagram, outpatient activity at the French Red Cross basic health care ERU is now decreasing. Although the number of patients stood at 100 daily at the start of the month, these numbers have now dropped to 50. The pathologies are mainly repeat dressings, injuries and skin diseases. Scabies is a prevalent disease in this area. No cases of cholera, tetanus or measles have been observed. There is a real need for mobile clinics in this area, even if the pathologies are less directly related to the earthquake, and the ERU has started to run a mobile weekly clinic at two camps of around 1,000 people (and increasing daily) in the Besham area. An inventory of the ERU pharmacy has been carried out and one emergency health kit, together with a vaccination fridge, tetanus vaccines and tetanus immunoglobulin, have been requested from the Federation. The ERU is also modifying its health statistical data reporting in order to better analyze the evolution of diseases and consultations.

During the reporting period, some 1,425 patient have been seen by the PRCS medical facility in Chakoti and a further 1,281 in Gari Dupata. The total number of patients seen to date in Pakistan administered Kashmir is nearly 21,000.

The Federation health, and water and sanitation teams have worked in good cooperation since the start of the operation, to ensure an integrated approach to public health issues. In line with this approach, the teams met last week to discuss joint activities at the basic BHU level. While the health unit has provided shelter for health workers and equipment for the BHU, the water sanitation team has been asked to add two latrines and, where possible, a water supply using local water tanks and piping. From a public health perspective it was decided to expand on this idea, and install public toilets and washing facilities within the vicinity of the BHUs to improve hygiene levels.

Training in maintenance and hygiene promotion will be undertaken with BHU staff, which in turn will encourage and support communities to keep facilities clean. This can often be a challenge with communal arrangements. The health team is in the process of employing a PRCS counterpart for the Mansehra operation, funded by the Federation for the next six months. The selected candidate will have a strong public health background and is expected to work across the health, and water and sanitation BHU programmes.

Water and sanitation:

The two Federation water purification ERUs in Batagram and Balakot are continuing to deliver an average of 130,000 to 150,000 litres per day to the local population. Four trucks equipped with water tanks are working in the two areas, providing potable water to about 35,000 people. The German/Austrian Red Cross ERU is delivering water to a further 4,000 people in Maira camp, north of Batagram.

The latrine construction programme is progressing, albeit with difficulties. Unsuitable ground conditions (groundwater level often too close to the surface and rocky or sandy soil) and expensive building materials have caused delays in construction. As a result, only 20 latrines have been properly completed so far. The superstructure for 50 latrines is ready and a second contractor has started to construct 20 additional latrines.



Local women have been trained by the Federation to carry out hygiene promotion in villages and camps around Balakot.

The Federation hygiene promotion teams in Batagram and Balakot have developed a strategy of intervention, with the engagement of local women health workers and the training of local women hygiene promotion teams. Two men hygiene promoters are currently undergoing training.

About 1,000 family hygiene kits in Batagram and 2,000 in Balakot will be distributed to households soon. Hygiene promoters have visited tent villages in Balakot and the surrounding area to spread key messages and to provide tokens so that women can redeem the hygiene kits. Tokens are distributed exclusively to women since past experience indicates that men dispose of certain items in the kits, mainly women-related items such as sanitary pads, razors and nappies.

Constraints

With the lack of sanitation teams in the field, the hygiene teams have had to double as construction supervisors, thus impeding the progress of their own programme. Furthermore, due to the sheer lack of sanitation facilities and knowledge about personal hygiene issues, conducting sessions for beneficiaries on the use of latrines and hygiene promotion remains a challenge.

Psycho-social programme:

A consultant has assisted partners in the psycho-social programme (PSP) to develop modules for the various activities and a training curriculum for the different levels of psycho-social education.

The modules are as follows:

1. Psycho-social education for children, including play sessions and games (five-session module).
2. Psycho-social education for parents aimed at getting parental support and to evaluate children's progress (two-session module).
3. Introduction to psycho-social education for adults - either mixed groups or divided into a women's and a men's group. The aim is to spread knowledge of the programme and to create a basic understanding of the psychological mechanisms of traumas. The setting can be used to start up various active groups for adults.
4. A set of psycho-social educational sessions carried out in the various activity groups according to needs and including sessions on anger management, communication skills, community mobilization and stress management.
5. Psycho-social education for various groups of relief workers, nurses, doctors, teachers, community workers and volunteers, comprising tools to understand and manage stress and to understand the level of trauma within the target group as well as themselves. The specific focus and activities will be planned according to group needs (two- to three-day modules).
6. Psycho-social education for PRCS/programme community volunteers to help them understand the mechanisms of trauma, mobilization of community groups and dissemination of Red Cross and Red Crescent principles (two- to three-day modules).
7. Intensive training modules for PRCS field workers, four- to five-day training followed by supervision and guidance in the field.

Two Turkish psychologists have arrived to assess and guide the Turkish Red Crescent PSP team, starting with activities in Islamabad. A meeting is planned with the Federation/Danish Red Cross PSP team to discuss the various training modules and opportunities for collaboration.

3. Logistics/IT/Telecommunication

Objective: The ongoing PRCS and Federation relief operation have efficient logistical, IT and telecommunication infrastructure in the operational areas.

Progress/Achievements

Logistics:

Air and sea freighted Federation relief goods and equipment continue to flow into Islamabad, Peshawar and Karachi, with more than 110 flights received and nearly 520 truck loads of goods dispatched so far. Together with PRCS, some 950 trucks loads of aid have been dispatched to date for distribution to earthquake survivors.

During the reporting period the transport support unit (TSU) trucked some 8,000 litres of water for the Swedish/Austrian Red Cross water and sanitation ERU to communities in Balakot. Similar support was provided to the German/Austrian Red Cross ERU in Batagram. Following an assessment with the relief team in Besham, four M6-trucks are being deployed there to support relief operations in the areas of Allai, Shamlai, and Kohistan for more than 12,600 families. Assessments were also carried with the health team in the Kagan valley, to assess road conditions for the possible transport of goods to BHUs in the area. Further discussions are underway with the ICRC to possibly support their operations in Maria Khurd and Maria Kalan along the Jhelum Valley, using ten M6-trucks.

| Item | Requested | Mobilized |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Tents | 71,607 | 61,213 |
| Blankets/quilts | 933,755 | 755,397 |
| Jerry cans | 62,000 | 55,050 |
| Tarpaulins | 145,364 | 145,364 |
| Hygiene Kits | 228,572 | 228,572 |
| Kitchen Sets | 60,250 | 50,706 |
| Lamps | 60,000 | 42,240 |
| Heaters (wood) | 41,438 | 31,000 |
| Heaters (kerosene) | 18,822 | 18,562 |
| NEHK | 100 | 100 |
| Cholera kits | 10 | 10 |
| Tents (Rubb Hall) | 8 | 8 |
| ERU BHC | 2 | 2 |
| ERU Water | 3 | 3 |
| ERU Support | 1 | 1 |

The latest mobilization information sent out by the logistics department in Geneva has stressed the outstanding goods that require coverage. These include bed sheets, buckets, hurricane lamps, 20-litre jerry cans, kitchen sets, mattresses, quilts, shawls, kerosene stoves and some larger tents. There is also a need for funding to cover heaters for the field hospital. The tent production line in China is now fully covered, however, approximately 4,000 winterized tents are still required from other sources.

4. Communication – Advocacy and Public Information

Objective: The needs of the earthquake-affected population in Pakistan are advocated for and the Red Cross and Red Crescent's interventions profiled through national and international media coverage.

Progress/Achievements

The information delegate facilitated a media trip to quake-affected areas for a freelance photojournalist working for the feature magazine *Vi* and for *Expressen*, one of Sweden's leading evening papers. During the reporting period, the delegate also accompanied two private British donors and a representative of the British Red Cross on a field visit to Abbottabad, Mansehra, Balakot and Muzaffarabad. The information delegate is now facilitating media trips for five teams of visiting journalists and national society representatives expected in Pakistan in the coming weeks.

Outstanding Needs

- Response to the appeal is progressing slowly. There are still contributions in the pipeline that will help coverage; however, donors are still urged to continue to contribute the appeal. Cash contributions are still needed to allow the Red Cross and Red Crescent to fully mobilize its emergency operations and to remain flexible to changing needs as we move into winter.

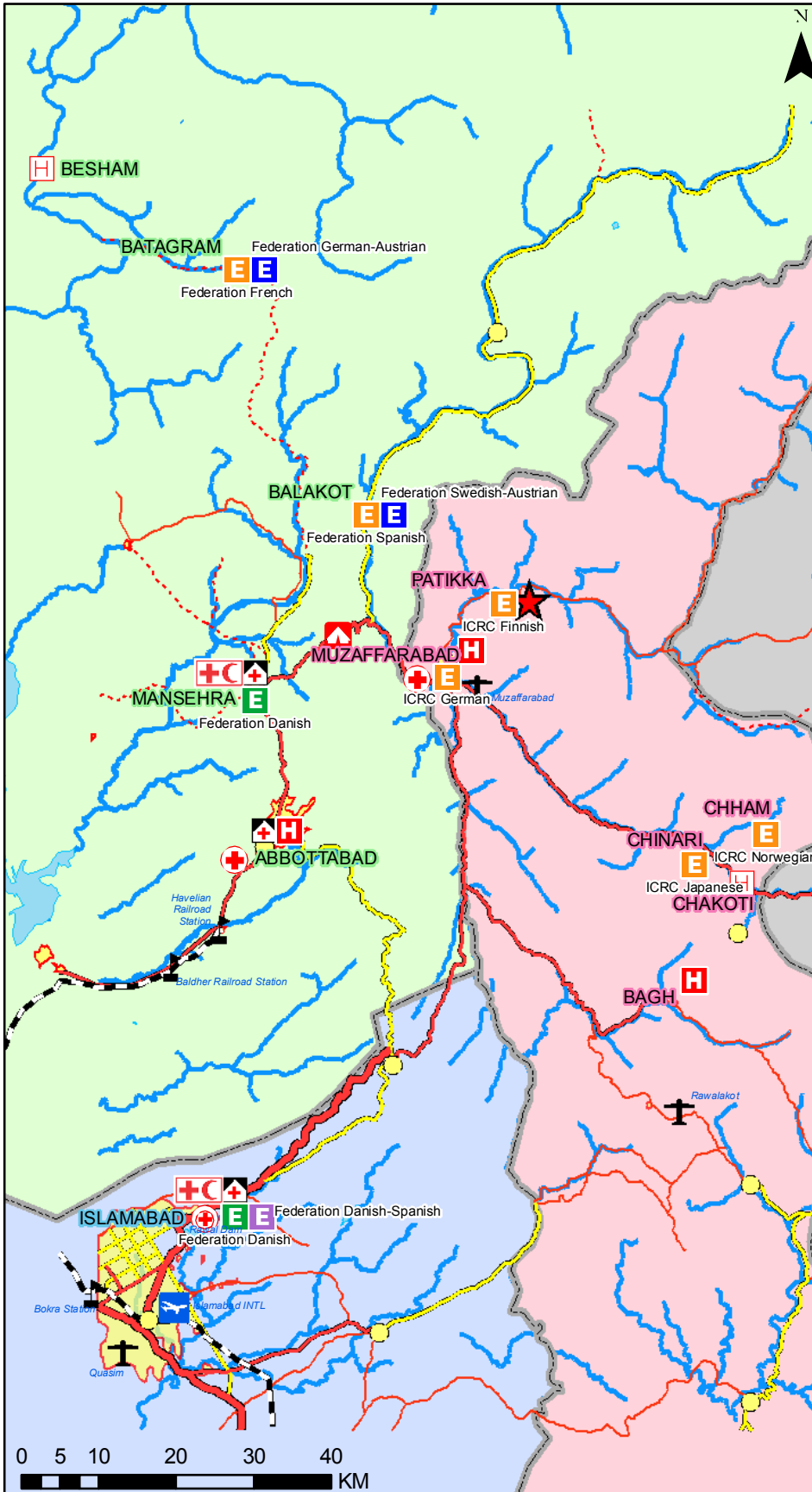
- The detailed mobilization table is available and updated on [Disaster Management Information System \(DMIS\)](#). The Federation is still working on mobilizing specific relief items to respond to developing needs and it is important that donors coordinate with the Secretariat's logistics department in Geneva regarding outstanding needs. Where possible, relief items will be procured locally.
- The following longer-term positions need to be sought internationally and regionally: head of operations, head of support services, information coordinator, IT/telecommunication coordinator, procurement delegate, warehouse manager, health coordinator, health delegates, general surgeon, operating theatre and surgical ward nurses, and an additional water and sanitation delegate.

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)



Pakistan: Earthquake

Situation map
 Issued 25 November 2005



- Earthquake epicenter
- Federation delegation or hub
- Delegation
- Sub-delegation
- Federation and/or ICRC logistics center
- Emergency Response Unit (ERU)**
 - Basic Health Care (BHC)
 - IT/Telecom
 - Logistics
 - Water & Sanitation (WATSAN)
 - Federation base camp (provided by Danish RC)
 - Hospital
 - PRCS Basic Health Unit (BHU)
- Provinces**
 - Indian Jammu & Kashmir
 - North-west Frontier
 - Pakistan-administered Kashmir
 - Punjab
- Administrative boundaries
- Capital
- City
- City extension
- Railroads
- Highway, Hard, All weather
- Main road, Hard, All weather
- Secondary road, Loose, All weather
- Local road, Loose, Dry weather
- Track, Loose, Dry weather
- Airport
- Airfield
- railroad station
- Main rivers
- Lakes

The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies or the ICRC concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities.

Map data sources: ESRI, Keyobs, Federation, ICRC

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/11/2005

| DONOR | CATEGORY | QUANTITY | UNIT | VALUE CHF | DATE | COMMENT |
|-------|----------|----------|------|-----------|------|---------|
|-------|----------|----------|------|-----------|------|---------|

CASH

| REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF -----> | 152,033,929 | TOTAL COVERAGE 61.8% | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| ADC FOUNDATION | 10,000 USD | 12,805 31.10.05 | |
| AMERICAN - RC | 850,000 USD | 1,099,900 17.10.05 | |
| AMERICAN - RC | 1,000,000 USD | 1,280,500 01.11.05 | |
| AMERICAN - PRIVATE DONORS | | 53,473 25.10.05 | |
| AUSTRALIAN - GOVT | 3,000,000 AUD | 2,956,500 10.10.05 | TENTS, BLANKETS, TARPAULINS, KITCHEN SETS, AIRFREIGHT |
| AUSTRALIAN - RC | 500,000 AUD | 480,500 19.10.05 | MEDICAL SUPPLIES, VACCINES, CHOLERA KITS |
| AUSTRALIAN - RC | 500,000 AUD | 480,500 25.10.05 | NEW EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS |
| AUSTRALIAN - RC | | 300,000 15.11.05 | 56 NEW EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS |
| BRITISH - RC | 250,000 GBP | 569,500 09.10.05 | |
| BRITISH - GOVT/DIFD | 1,470,588 GBP | 3,344,117 27.10.05 | |
| BRITISH - RC | 250,000 GBP | 568,500 17.11.05 | |
| BRITISH - GOVT/DEC | 214,663 GBP | 488,143 18.11.05 | PROCUREMENT OF STOVES |
| BRITISH - GOVT/DEC | 1,331,250 GBP | 3,027,263 18.11.05 | PROCUREMENT OF HYGIENE KITS |
| BRITISH - GOVT/DEC | 692,250 GBP | 1,574,176 18.11.05 | PROCUREMENT OF SHELTER KITS |
| BRITISH PETROLEUM | 500,000 USD | 647,000 11.10.05 | |
| CAMBODIAN - RC | 15,000 USD | 19,410 13.10.05 | |
| CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS | 990,000 CAD | 1,093,455 13.10.05 | |
| CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/HAPS | 99,000 CAD | 109,346 18.10.05 | |
| CANADIAN - RC | 1,000,000 CAD | 1,088,200 19.10.05 | PROCUREMENT 1300 WINTERISED TENTS |
| CANADIAN - RC | 1,000,000 CAD | 1,088,200 02.11.05 | |
| CANADIAN - GOVT CIDA/HAPS | 990,000 CAD | 1,077,318 09.11.05 | |
| CHINA - HONG KONG RC BRANCH | 500,000 HKD | 83,100 10.10.05 | PROCUREMENT SHELTER KITS |
| CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH | | 25,000 10.10.05 | PURCHASE OF MEDICINES, BLANKETS & TENTS |
| CYPRUS - RC | | 13,354 12.10.05 | |
| CZECH - RC | 10,000 USD | 12,940 25.10.05 | |
| DANISH - RC | | 95,920 14.10.05 | |
| DANISH - RC | | 492,769 20.10.05 | |
| DANISH - RC | | 294,069 16.11.05 | |
| DANISH - GOVT | | 196,842 28.11.05 | |
| ECHO (05004) | 810,747 EUR | 1,262,333 13.10.05 | |
| FINNISH - PRIVATE DONORS | 200 EUR | 311 12.10.05 | |
| FRENCH - RC | 400,000 EUR | 618,200 07.11.05 | |
| FRENCH - PRIVATE DONORS | | 467 21.10.05 | |
| GERMAN - RC | 500,000 EUR | 778,500 27.10.05 | |
| GERMAN - RC | 500,000 EUR | 772,750 21.11.05 | PURCHASE WINTERISED TENTS |
| GERMAN - PRIVATE DONORS | | 148 18.10.05 | |
| HELLENIC - RC | | 50,000 11.10.05 | PURCHASE 10'000 BLANKETS |
| ICELANDIC - GOVT | 75,000 USD | 97,050 09.10.05 | |
| ICELANDIC - RC | 17,000,000 ISK | 357,000 14.11.05 | |
| INDONESIA - PRIVATE DONOR | | 128 28.10.05 | |
| IRISH - GOVT | 300,000 EUR | 467,100 13.10.05 | |
| IRISH - GOVT | 350,000 EUR | 540,925 28.10.05 | |

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/11/2005

| DONOR | CATEGORY | QUANTITY | UNIT | VALUE CHF | DATE | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|------|-----------|----------|---|
| IRISH - RC | | 100,000 | EUR | 154,550 | 16.11.05 | |
| ITALIAN - GOVT | | 200,000 | EUR | 311,400 | 17.10.05 | |
| ITALIAN - RC | | 150,000 | EUR | 231,825 | 10.10.05 | + FOR INDIA, EUR 50'000 (DM , see AA047), FOR RELIEF SUPPLIES |
| JAPANESE - RC | | 262,513 | USD | 339,692 | 11.10.05 | |
| JAPANESE -RC | | 2,800,000 | USD | 3,585,400 | 25.10.05 | PROCUREMENT OF 10000 FAMILY TENTS, 10000 KEROSENE LAMPS, 10000 KEROSENE STOVE, 50000 BLANKETS |
| JAPANESE - RC | | 150,000,000 | JPY | 1,662,000 | 09.11.05 | |
| KOREA, REPUBLIC - RC | | 50,000 | USD | 64,700 | 10.10.05 | |
| LATVIAN - GOVT | | 100,000 | USD | 129,400 | 13.10.05 | |
| LIBYAN - RC | | | | 10,000 | 10.10.05 | |
| LICHTENSTEIN - PRIVATE DONOR | | | | 300,000 | 28.10.05 | |
| LUXEMBOURG - GOVT | | 200,000 | EUR | 311,400 | 24.10.05 | |
| MACEDONIA, FYR - RC | | 3,000 | EUR | 4,671 | 28.10.05 | |
| MONACO - RC | | 30,000 | EUR | 46,710 | 17.10.05 | |
| NETHERLANDS - GOVT | | 160,428 | EUR | 247,941 | 13.10.05 | |
| NETHERLANDS - RC | | 213,904 | EUR | 330,588 | 03.11.05 | |
| NETHERLANDS - RC | | 534,759 | EUR | 826,471 | 10.11.05 | |
| NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONORS | | | | 825 | 28.10.05 | |
| NEW ZEALAND - RC | | 100,000 | NZD | 89,600 | 20.10.05 | |
| NEW ZEALAND - GOVT | | 400,000 | NZD | 358,400 | 25.10.05 | |
| NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC | | 10,000,000 | NOK | 1,975,000 | 09.11.05 | RELIEF ACTIVITIES INCL. CHILDREN & VULNERABLE GROUPS |
| NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC | | 5,500,550 | NOK | 1,086,359 | 09.11.05 | |
| OPEC FUND F.INTERNATIONAL DEV. | | 600,000 | USD | 768,300 | 13.10.05 | + INDIA (DM, 05AA047) AND AFGHANISTAN (DM, 05AA045), USD 200'000 EACH FOR RELIEF SUPPLIES |
| PHILIP MORRIS | | 30,000 | USD | 38,415 | 24.10.05 | |
| PHILIPPINES - RC | | 10,000 | USD | 12,805 | 03.11.05 | |
| POLAND - PRIVATE DONORS | | | | 3,235 | 17.10.05 | |
| PRIVATE DONORS ON LINE | | | | 784,000 | 17.11.05 | |
| SAUDI ARABIA - PRIVATE DONOR | | 10,344 | USD | 13,245 | 16.11.05 | |
| SINGAPORE - GOVT & RC | | | | 100,000 | 26.10.05 | PROCUREMENT OF RELIEF ITEMS |
| SINGAPORE - GOVT & RC | | | | 100,000 | 09.11.05 | PROCUREMENT EMERGENCY RELIEF & MEDICAL |
| SINGAPORE - PRIVATE DONOR | | 50,000 | EUR | 77,850 | 11.10.05 | |
| SLOVENIAN - GOVT | | 14,981 | EUR | 23,153 | 17.11.05 | |
| SOUTH AFRICA - PRIVATE DONOR | | 1,000 | USD | 1,280 | 27.10.05 | |
| SWEDISH - GOVT through RC | | 2,000,000 | SEK | 334,000 | 11.10.05 | |
| SWEDISH - GOVT through RC & RC | | 15,400,000 | SEK | 2,571,800 | 14.10.05 | |
| SWEDISH - RC | | 25,000,000 | SEK | 4,050,000 | 08.11.05 | |
| SWISS - PRIVATE DONORS | | | | 13,800 | 12.10.05 | |
| UNITED ARAB EMIRATES -RC | | 10,000 | USD | 12,805 | 01.11.05 | |

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/11/2005

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|----------------------------|----------|-----------|------|------------|----------|---------|
| USA - COCA-COLA | | 1,000,000 | USD | 1,294,000 | 11.10.05 | |
| WHO STAFF- VERF | | | | 4,000 | 09.11.05 | |
| SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH | | | | 49,787,332 | CHF | 32.7% |

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

| DONOR | CATEGORY | QUANTITY | UNIT | VALUE CHF | DATE | COMMENT |
|----------------------|----------|----------|------|-----------|----------|--|
| in kind list updated | | | | | 30.11.05 | |
| AMERICAN - RC | | | | 3,082,200 | | 28000 BUCKETS, 70000 BLANKETS , 3000 TARPAULINS, 5000 FAMILY TENTS, 18000 KITCHEN SETS, 1000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 18000 HYGIENIC PARCELS, 1600 TENTS GAMMAX, 92900 BLANKETS QUILTS |
| AUSTRIAN - RC | | | | 824,000 | | 21000 HYGIENIC PARCELS, 7 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 300 FAMILY TENTS, 76000 BLANKETS, |
| AUSTRIAN - RC | | | | 463,650 | | ERU WATER TREATMENT & SUPPLY LINE, PERSONNEL |
| BELGIAN - RC/FL | | | | 970,816 | | 11720 BLANKETS, 20000 BLANKETS QUILT, 20060 JERRYCANS, 1525 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 3500 KITCHEN SETS, |
| BELGIAN - RC/FR | | | | 401,850 | | 12500 BLANKETS, 1250 KITCHEN SETS, 1478 FAMILY TENTS, 1250 TARPAULINS |
| BRITISH - RC | | | | 3,602,650 | | 600 KITCHEN SETS, 6000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 2000 JERRYCANS 10L., 17850 JERRYCANS 20L., 504000 WATER PURIFICATION TABLETS, 25000 HURRICANE LAMPS, 600 FAMILY TENTS, 41300 TARPAULINS 4X6M, 300 TARPAULINS 4X60M., 21700 BLANKETS, 50 KITS TAPSTAND & PIPEWORK WAT/SAN |
| CANADIAN - RC | | | | 2,578,516 | | 3000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 2000 GAMMAX TENTS, 3300 BLANKETS HIGH LOFT, 12000 BLANKETS 80%, 5 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 94 SHEETING TARPAULINS, 11000 TARPAULINS |
| DANISH - RC | | | | 565,320 | | 1, BASE CAMP, 30 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 50 DELEGATE HEALTH KITS, 9000 TARPAULINS |
| DANISH - RC | | | | 563,850 | | ERU TELECOM & LOGISTICS UNITS |
| EGYPTIAN - RC | | | | 14,000 | | 2000 BLANKETS, 20 FAMILY TENTS |
| FINNISH - RC | | | | 2,885,050 | | 10'000 KEROSENE STOVES, 5500 HURRICANE LAMPS, 59 DOUBLE FLY TENTS, 6357 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS |
| FRENCH - RC | | | | 149,004 | | 2856 KITCHEN SETS, 13940 JERRYCANS, 1440 HURRICANE LAMPS, 2300 TARPAULINS |

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/11/2005

| DONOR | CATEGORY | QUANTITY | UNIT | VALUE CHF | DATE | COMMENT |
|------------------|----------|----------|------|-----------|------|--|
| FRENCH - RC | | | | 415,580 | | ERU BASIC HEALTH CARE UNIT (ECHO FUNDED) |
| GERMAN - RC | | | | 778,500 | | ERU SPECIALISED WATSAN MODULE (ECHO FUNDED) |
| GERMAN - RC | | | | 2,500,000 | | 10000 SLEEPING BAGS, 30000 TARPAULINS, 10000 HURRICANE LAMPS, 10000 BLANKETS, 4000 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS, 200 HOSPITAL BEDS, |
| IRISH - RC | | | | 936,500 | | 7300 BLANKETS, 2250 WINTERISED FAMILY TENTS |
| LUXEMBURG - RC | | | | 116,000 | | 6000 BLANKETS, 10 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS |
| NEPAL - RC | | | | 5,000 | | 1000 BLANKETS |
| NETHERLANDS - RC | | | | 4,268,746 | | 573 FAMILY TENTS, 27 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 20000 TARPAULINS, 51516 BLANKETS 80 %, 30000 BLANKETS 50%, 7000 KEROSONE HEATERS, 182900 BEDSHEETS, 72000 BLANKETS QUILTS, 45000 HYGIENIC PARCELS, 2427 WINTERISED TENTS, 16000 KITCHEN SETS. |
| NORWEGIAN - RC | | | | 2,293,633 | | 11320 BLANKETS, 3 CHOLERA KITS, 1 LABORATORY MODULE, VARIOUS MEDICAL ITES, 4655 SLEEPING BAGS, 95 SURGICAL CSUPPLY KITS, 1620 TARPAULINS , 5 TENT ALFA, 17 TENTS DELAT, 120 TENTS GAMMAX, 21 TENTS 90M2, 50 FAMILY TENTS 16M2, 8 TENTS WAREHOUSE, 40 TRUCKS M6, 4 WATER PURIFICATION UNITS, 2 WATERTANKS 10M3, 2 WATERTANK 5M3, 1 X-RAY MODULE |
| NORWEGIAN - RC | | | | 730,000 | | ERU REFERRAL HOSPITAL |
| QATAR - RC | | | | 3,039,252 | | 20000 AMOXYCILLIN, 6299 FAMILY TENTS, 1170 BEDS RIGID FRAME, 6582 BEDSHEETS, 46396 BLANKETS QUILT, 48480 BLANKETS 80%, 2200 BODY BAGS , 700 BUCKETS, 55072 HYGIENIC PARCELS, 2000 JERRYCANS 10L, 1200 JERRYCANS 20 L., 40 FIRST AID KITS FOR CAR, 1000 KITCHEN SETS, 300 HURRICANE LAMPS, 925 SHAWLS, 92 VARIOUS MEDICINE, DATES, LENTILS, ASSORTED FOOD |
| SINGAPORE - RC | | | | 52,340 | | 13900 FOOD RATION MRS, |
| SLOVENIAN - RC | | | | 463,650 | | 5 MEDICAL ITEMS VARIOUS, 10000 SLEEPING BAGS |
| SPANISH - RC | | | | 119,225 | | 8125 BLANKETS, 504 SLEEPING BAGS, 2400 TARPAULINS, 150 FAMILY TENTS |
| SPANISH - RC | | | | 415,580 | | 1 ERU BASIC HEALTH CARE UNIT (ECHO FUNDED) |
| SWEDISH - RC | | | | 593,220 | | ERU WAT-SAN, MASS SANITATION MODULE UNIT |
| SWEDISH - RC | | | | 230,448 | | 904 WINTERISED TENTS, 3000 SLEEPING BAGS |

Pakistan - earthquake

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 05EA022

PLEDGES RECEIVED

30/11/2005

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|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------|------------|----------|--|
| SWISS - RC | | | | 1,385,373 | | 9485 AMOXYCILLIN, 4500 TARPULINS, 1200 FAMILY TENTS , 2 EMERGENCY HEALTH KITS, 6140 BLANKETS, 80%, 20000 BLANKETS 50%, 1562 KEROSENE HEATERS, 2500 KITCHEN SETS, 2000 WINTERISED TENTS |
| VARIOUS DONORS | DELEGATES | 12 | | 144,000 | 12.10.05 | |
| VARIOUS DONORS | | | | 9,555,421 | | ESTIMATED INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT/INSURANCE COSTS (30% OF TOTAL VALUE OF RELIEF ITEMS) |
| SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES | | | | 44,143,374 | CHF | 29.0% |

ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

| DONOR | CATEGORY | QUANTITY | UNIT | VALUE CHF | DATE | COMMENT |
|--------------------|----------|----------|------|-----------|------|---------|
| | | | | | | |
| SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED | | | | 0 | CHF | |