

Programme Update



International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

Uzbekistan

Appeal No. MAAUZ0001

31/08/2009

This report covers the period 01/01/09 to 30/06/09.



In its work with younger population the Red Crescent cooperates with the national youth movement. Photo: Uzbekistan Red Crescent

In brief

Programme purpose: The Uzbekistan Red Crescent programmes are aligned with the Global Agenda goals to reduce the number of deaths, injuries, and impact from disasters; to reduce the number of deaths, illnesses and impact from diseases and public health emergencies; to increase local community, civil society and Red Cross Red Crescent capacity to address the most urgent situations of vulnerability; and to reduce intolerance, discrimination and social exclusion and promote respect for diversity and human dignity.

Programme summary: Since January 2009 all external funding received by the Uzbekistan Red Crescent is subjected to inspection by the commission of the Ministry of Finance. The inspection has taken more than six months and the National Society has been unable to utilize funds channelled through the International Federation. The Red Crescent implemented the planned activities to the best of its capacity but many of them had to be cancelled or minimized. There has been no salary support paid and some programme staff have left.

In disaster management the National Society built its capacities to respond to emergencies through training and exercises in close cooperation with the government emergency structures. The headquarters staff was also part of the regional capacity-building initiatives. Work with communities was limited to raising awareness of children about disaster risks in one of the regions. In addition, the Red Crescent provided assistance to people affected by mudslides in spring. The National Society representative participated in the emergency operation of the Tajikistan Red Crescent as relief officer of the regional disaster response team.

In health and care the Uzbekistan Red Crescent carried out basic activities on prevention of

tuberculosis and HIV as well as the community-based health and first aid (CBHFA) programme. The Red Crescent harm reduction centres continued operations but were supplied by the country AIDS centre. Information on HIV was disseminated among youth and key populations at higher risk. The tuberculosis prevention has been targeting people with TB, their family members and general population. The CBHFA programme reached rural populations with health education and first-aid sessions focusing on women of reproductive age.

Under the principles and values programme the Red Crescent disseminated information about the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and the National Society programming with a focus on Fundamental Principles and humanitarian values in higher education institutions. The National Society also joined the 2009 International Federation's global campaign "Our world. Your move"; the country-wide actions have been broadly highlighted by national and local media. The Uzbekistan Red Crescent has set up two centres to serve migrants; one of them started disseminating knowledge on healthy life style and first aid among potential migrants and their families.

Most of the planned activities on organizational development have been postponed. However, the Red Crescent organized a conference to analyse the existing legislation regarding the National Society. The conference was a good opportunity to profile the National Society in front of parliament members, the government and non-governmental organizations as an important component of the Movement and as an important domestic actor, auxiliary to the government that is a member of the International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent.

Financial situation: The total 2009 budget is CHF 1,220,975 (USD 1,124,939 or EUR 800,786), of which 56 per cent covered. Expenditure overall was 24 per cent versus funding.

[Click here to go directly to the attached financial report.](#)

No. of people we help: In total 100,400 people benefited directly from the secretariat-supported programmes with the funds provided by the donors.

Programme Update January-June 2009 – Uzbekistan		Programme	Target groups	People reached	% of women	% of men	% of children under 18	% of older people
		Disaster Management	Members of communities in disaster-prone areas	1,570	58	42	16	18
Health and Care	TB	People with TB Family members, general population	290 31,500					
	HIV	Key populations at higher risk of HIV, youth	21,000					
	Community-based health and first aid	Rural communities	44,400					
		Organizational Development	National Society staff, members and volunteers*	3,000*				
Principles and Values		Students	1,500					
		Partners	50	43	57			
		Members	90					
Total number of people reached				53,710				

* National Society staff, volunteers and members are not counted as people reached and are not included in the total

number.

Working in partnership: The donors supporting the programmes multilaterally through the International Federation are the Finnish, Japanese, Norwegian and Swedish Red Cross Societies, the UK's Department for International Development (DfID), the European Commission and the International Federation's Capacity Building Fund. The total number of partnerships between the Federation regional representation, the National Society and community-based, national, government-based, international organizations, UN and developmental agencies exceeded 15.

Context

The main external factors affecting the country's economic performance are trends in commodity prices like a fall in global cotton prices that hamper Uzbek cotton exports. Besides, the remittance inflows on which many Uzbek households rely have been declining, owing to an economic downturn in Russia and Kazakhstan. A decline in remittances coupled with inflation diminishes the private consumption of the population.

Since January 2009 all external funding received by the Uzbekistan Red Crescent is subjected to inspection by the commission of the Ministry of Finance. The inspection of programme transfers has taken more than six months and the National Society has been unable to utilize funds channelled through the International Federation. The Uzbekistan Red Crescent implemented the planned activities to the best of its capacity but many of them had to be cancelled or minimized. Besides, the programme staff have not received the salary support and after several months some people left. The National Society is following up the issue with the government and is hopeful that a positive decision will be made in the near future.

Progress towards outcomes

Disaster management

Outcome/Expected result: Improved ability to predict and plan for disasters to mitigate their impact on vulnerable communities, and to respond to and effectively cope with their consequences.

Achievements:

The Uzbekistan Red Crescent Society participated in the regional UN OCHA Humanitarian Action Training to strengthen the capacity of the humanitarian country team members to lead and coordinate effective humanitarian action. The training helped to build a common understanding among the participants of the importance of key partnerships in humanitarian response, of the roles and responsibilities of the humanitarian country team and cluster lead agencies in humanitarian response, and the principal tools for humanitarian action and how to access them. The National Society will continue working with OCHA on the country and regional inter-agency disaster preparedness and response plans.

Over the period some data on the human and material (emergency stocks) resources of the Red Crescent for the contingency plan was updated. Also, the Europe zone disaster management database was updated accordingly.

Outcome/Expected result: Strengthened capacity of the National Society in disaster preparedness and response through increased skills and knowledge of Red Crescent staff and volunteers, strengthened financial and technical resources, effective mechanisms for emergency response and recovery assistance.

Achievements:

The disaster management programme continued reinforcing the National Society disaster response teams (DRTs). Over January-March the Red Crescent Society jointly with the regional emergency ministry structures conducted seven trainings for DRTs in all branches covered by the programme (Karakalpakstan and Bukhara, Samarkand, Surkhandarya and Khorezm regions).

In April a simulation exercise in Karakalpakstan and Bukhara, Surkhandarya, and Khorezm regions targeted about 610 people, including 40 National Society staff, 100 volunteers (DRT members), about 190 local disaster committee members and 280 members of the sanitary brigades trained by the Red Crescent. The scenario used was a break of Sarez lake (Tajikistan) dam. The emergency ministry estimated highly the response activities of the National Society.

The railway Red Crescent branch conducted another 4-day training on first aid and Sphere standards in emergency relief for 40 volunteers. The branch later supported an earthquake simulation exercise held by the regional railway junction in Tashkent; 100 people took part in the exercise. Also, the National Society supported 5 field trainings of sanitary brigades, organized by the emergency ministry in Karakalpakstan, in Bukhara region, and 6 competitions of the medical stations that covered 460 volunteers. Besides, two disaster management staff from the headquarters took part in the new harmonised regional disaster response team training in Macedonia in February 2009. In June a DRT member from the Uzbekistan Red Crescent was deployed to Tajikistan as part of the regional team to assist the Red Crescent response operation; the work of the regional DRT was considered by the Tajikistan Red Crescent to be successful.

With support from the Federation regional representation the Red Crescent Society involved a warehouse expert from the International Federation's regional logistics unit (Dubai) in the assessment of the National Society's logistics capacity, and especially of the central warehouse conditions. Basing on the recommendations of the expert's mission report the National Society elaborated a plan of warehouse renovation and logistic capacity-building.

The Red Crescent Society is the first non-governmental organization in the country that responds to small-scale disasters. This year the Uzbekistan Red Crescent responded to a mudslide in Samarkand region in May; in total, about 310 affected people or 26 families have been assisted with bedding, shoes and second-hand clothes from the branch emergency stock.

Outcome/Expected result: Improved understanding and application by the National Society of the International Federation's standardized guidelines for effective response.

Achievements:

The Red Crescent disaster management staff from the headquarters participated in regional disaster management meetings aimed at capacity-building. One of the meetings built better understanding of the shelter cluster approach and inter-agency cooperation in response to a major disaster, another discussed shelter issues. Meetings to clarify the links of the disaster risk reduction programme with climate change and make an introduction to vulnerability and capacity assessment have been also arranged. The events took place in May and were facilitated by external experts and experts from the Geneva secretariat shelter department, the Red Cross Red Crescent Reference Centre on Climate Change and the Netherlands Red Cross.

Outcome/Expected result: Strengthened capacities of communities in disaster-prone areas to respond to future disasters through community-based disaster preparedness.

Achievements

No planned activities have been carried out due to the problems with funds utilization. Community capacity-building was limited to the participation of 190 local disaster committee members from Karakalpakstan and Bukhara, Surkhandarya, and Khorezm regions in the simulation exercise.

Outcome/Expected result: Strengthened capacities of secondary school students and teachers to respond to future disasters through integrated disaster preparedness and first-aid trainings.

Achievements

The regional branch of Bukhara disseminated 4,500 booklets on disaster preparedness among schoolchildren of five schools of Bukhara town. The National Society also arranged competitions to check the knowledge and skills in first aid and rules of behaviour in case of different types of disasters among previously trained schoolchildren of 36 schools in Tashkent (8 schools), Karakalpakstan (4 schools), and Bukhara (15 schools), Samarkand (6 schools) and Sukhardarya (3 schools) regions. About 220 schoolchildren participated in the competitions.

Staff and volunteers of the Tashkent city branch held a survey in eight districts of the city to evaluate the knowledge of schoolchildren whose teachers received the training from the National Society last year in comparison with children from other schools. The results showed that children from target schools were by 38 per cent better prepared, i.e. knew more about how to behave in case of an emergency.

Outcome/Expected result: Reduced vulnerability of communities in disaster-prone areas through the implementation of mitigation projects.

Achievements

No activities under this outcome has been carried out due to the problems with funds utilization.

Outcome/Expected result: Increased capacity of the National Society to restore or to improve pre-disaster living conditions and to reduce the risk of future disasters.

Achievements:

This is a new component of the National Society's programme. A three-day regional workshop on recovery was arranged by the Federation regional representation for the programme staff of all five Central Asian National Societies in April 2009 as a start-up.

Constraints or Challenges

The National Society was unable to implement all planned activities because the financial operations on programme funds were suspended. As no salaries were paid over six months both disaster management officers from the headquarters left the National Society, which also puts the future implementation of the programme under serious risk.

Health and care

Outcome/Expected result: Vulnerability to HIV and its impact reduced through preventing further infection, providing psychosocial support to people living with HIV and reducing stigma and discrimination.

Achievements

The HIV programme of the National Society has been contributing to the decrease in the spread of HIV by raising awareness, promoting safe behaviour among youth and implementing harm reduction activities for injecting drug users (IDUs) and sex workers (SWs). The programme is implemented in Fergana and Namangan provinces. The «safe route» information stands are used to disseminate information among young people, mainly in secondary schools. Within the programme, peer to peer approach is applied in reaching beneficiaries and volunteers are actively attracted to carry out the activities on the programme. Of all 21,000 people covered by information work about 15,000 people were reached by peers. As a result 62 per cent of all covered correctly identify ways of preventing sexual transmission of HIV and reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission.

The Red Crescent harm reduction points exchange syringes, distribute condoms, disseminate information materials, provide consultations and refer for testing; outreach services are available for SWs and IDUs thanks to 33 workers including two people living with HIV. This year the syringes and condoms have been provided by the Republican AIDS Centre. The points served 1,020 IDUs and SWs and the percentage of returned syringes made 75. Besides, 80 people received pre-testing counseling and 54 people post-testing counseling. The self-support groups for PLHIV gather once a week in regional branch offices of the National Society; in total 15 people have been involved.

Outcome/Expected result: Vulnerability to TB and its impact reduced through preventing further infection, and providing social support to TB patients.

Achievements

The TB prevention programme supports clients with TB on the continuation phase of treatment and raises awareness of TB among their family members and general population in Tashkent, Samarkand and Horezm regions. The programme works to improve treatment adherence among vulnerable TB patients predisposed to interruption of the treatment course: people with low income, alcohol and drug users. The clients of the programme are selected in consultation with TB dispensaries.

The National Society visiting nurses provide information about the disease and explain the importance of uninterrupted treatment to sick people, observe their living conditions and disseminate information, education and communication materials. Three former beneficiaries of the programme have been assisting the nurses this year. Social support – food parcels – are normally provided to upkeep the clients nutritional status and as a motivation but this year they were distributed only once from the stock procured in the end of last year.

In total 291 clients with TB have been served with males making 60 per cent of all beneficiaries. The default rate among the Red Crescent clients does not exceed 3.5 per cent. About 31,500 people were reached by information campaigns. Out of them, 17,500 are schoolchildren and students, 2,000 are TB clients' family members, the rest are adults targeted at work places. Among people reached 72 per cent know four main symptoms of TB and preventive measures.

A series of public events – a drawing competition among college students, educational sessions and performances for schoolchildren – marked the World TB Day and was featured on local television and in newspapers.

Outcome/Expected result: Population health improved through disease prevention, promotion of healthy behaviours, trauma reduction and through basic first-aid training.

Achievements

The community-based health and first-aid programme targets rural population and comprises health education in remote communities having limited access to health services. The educational sessions are conducted by trained volunteers from the selected communities during door-to-door visits and in primary healthcare facilities. They cover themes like prevention of communicable diseases, safe hygiene practices and basic first-aid skills. The programme is focused on pregnant women and women of reproductive age.

About 44,400 people have been educated on prevention of the most common diseases; 78 per cent of targeted women know symptoms of the most common diseases and prevention measures. Besides, 43 per cent of all targeted have basic first-aid skills and know at least four principles of diarrhea prevention, while 72 per cent of targeted mothers know at least two signs of a disease to refer to a doctor. Follow-up monitoring through primary healthcare facilities showed that 71 per cent of children with diarrhea aged 0-23 months received abundant fluids and continued feeding during an illness.

Outcomes/Expected results:

A centre for the promotion of voluntary non-remunerated blood donation is established. The number of voluntary non-remunerated donations of blood is increased.

Achievements

There has been no funding received for this component and the National Society did not carry out any specific activity in this direction.

Constraints or Challenges

The main constraint for the programme is the situation with funds that the National Society cannot access since the beginning of the year. Consequently, the programme ran on a minimal scale. No procurements have been done for the social support component.

Organizational development/Capacity-building

Outcome/Expected result: Effective governance and management structures.

Achievements

In March 2009 the Uzbekistan Red Crescent presidium discussed the statute implementation process in Khorezm branch and recommended involving more primary organizations' members from the communities covered by the Red Crescent activities in the branch governing board. This will increase the level of beneficiary participation in the branch and national level decision-making processes.

In April 2009 Navoi branch held elections to the governing board in line with the revised statute: the new branch governing board was formed and the chairperson elected. The headquarters provided induction session for the newly elected governing board members explaining the role of the board and the principles of cooperation with the branch director and staff.

The Uzbekistan Red Crescent organizational development programme coordinator attended the programme/project planning training organized by the International Federation's secretariat and hosted by the Europe zone office.

Outcomes/Expected results:

Effective and transparent human resources management systems.
Proper and effective financial management in line with clear procedures, guidelines and leadership commitments.

Achievements

Activities under these outcomes have been postponed for the second half of 2009 when the approval for funds utilization from the finance ministry is expected.

Outcome/Expected result: Red Crescent Law developed and promoted for adoption.

Achievements

As part of the Red Crescent law promotion activities the National Society organized a conference titled "The existing legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan regarding the National Red Crescent Society in the context of present humanitarian challenges: analysis and suggestions" in June 2009. Representatives from the parliament, ministries, the Azerbaijan Red Crescent, the International Federation's secretariat, ICRC, local NGOs, and the UN agencies participated in the conference. A resolution was adopted as an outcome of the conference that will serve as a basis for further discussions of the draft Red Crescent law between the National Society, the ministries, and parliamentarians. The conference was a good opportunity to profile the National Society in front of parliament members, ministries and NGOs as an important component of the Movement and as an important domestic actor, auxiliary to the government that is a member of the International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent.

Outcome/Expected result: Nation-wide volunteer profile and youth services improved through strengthening volunteers' centres and clubs.

Achievements

In January 2009, the Uzbekistan Red Crescent and the Ministry of Education signed an agreement on the establishment of primary organizations within the higher education institutions aiming to reinforce the dissemination of the Red Cross Red Crescent principles and values among young population. This agreement led to the establishment of 46 new primary organizations; 1,700 young people became National Society members and 2,500 people became youth volunteers. The majority of new volunteers have been involved in training through the volunteer school scheme.

Constraints or Challenges:

On top of the situation with funds utilization this year there has been no specific funding received for the youth programme and the majority of planned activities were cancelled.

Principles and values

Outcome/Expected result: Fundamental principles and humanitarian values of the Movement promoted.

Achievements:

The Red Crescent conducted seminars and presentations about the mission of the Movement and National Society activities making a special focus on fundamental principles,

humanitarian values, international humanitarian law and blood donation promotion. In total, 1,500 students and tutors of 30 higher education institutions of the country have been covered.

Information campaigns in all branches of the Red Crescent Society under the slogan of the 2009 International Federation's global campaign "Our world. Your move" have been broadly highlighted by national and local mass media (radio, TV and printed media). Besides, as of January 2009 "Tashkent" radio channel broadcasts a programme of the Uzbekistan Red Crescent on the first Sunday of each month. The programme is devoted to the National Society, the history and mission of the Movement and promotes the principles and values among the population of Tashkent city, Tashkent region and few towns located nearby.

Outcome/Expected result: Fundamental principles are integrated into National Society operational programmes.

Achievements:

Tolerance towards people with TB has been promoted through TV and radio programmes in many big cities of Uzbekistan – Tashkent, Bukhara, Samarkand, Namangan and Navoi. During the first half of 2009 three radio programmes with health programme staff were broadcast in Samarkand and five in Tashkent city and the region. An annual public campaign on TB prevention and opposing discrimination, organized by the Red Crescent in one of the public parks in Tashkent, involved 100 school students who demonstrated their support through drawings, handicrafts and stories.

Outcomes/Expected results:

Ability of communities to combat discrimination, intolerance and violence and to promote respect for diversity enhanced.

Understanding of the necessity to prevent and fight sexual and gender-based violence within communities increased.

Achievements:

The Uzbekistan Red Crescent has set up two centres to serve migrants in Kashkadarya and Surkhandariya regions on the basis of existing branch offices of the National Society. The Red Crescent has established close relationships with the labour and internal ministries to promote well-organized legal migration among local population. The labour ministry has appointed few trainers from its staff to disseminate knowledge on labour migration, migrants' rights, and access to labour markets thus assisting the effective implementation of the project.

In Kashkadariya region the Red Crescent staff and volunteers, trained by the CBHFA programme, started disseminating knowledge on healthy life style and first aid among potential migrants and their families.

The Uzbekistan Red Crescent centres are part of the Central Asian Red Crescent Labour Migration Network that aims to serve migrants, independently of their legal status, through information and education centres in the country of destination – Kazakhstan – and in the countries of origin – Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan.

Over six months the Uzbekistan Red Crescent participated in three meetings on migration issues together with such partners as UNDP, UNDOC, GTZ¹, DVV international² and OSCE. During the meetings the Red Crescent migration project was presented and UNDP has

¹ The GTZ is an international cooperation enterprise for sustainable development with worldwide operations.

² DVV international is the Institute for International Cooperation of the German Adult Education Association (DVV) and operates nationally and internationally.

expressed willingness to conduct three trainings for trainers on migration for the Red Crescent staff.

Constraints or Challenges:

The main constraint for the programme is the situation with funds that the National Society cannot access since the beginning of the year. Because of that many planned activities under migration, promotion actions, training on gender-based violence and gender balance have not been conducted during the first half of the year.

Working in partnership

The Uzbekistan Red Crescent maintains good working relationships with the government, local authorities, international agencies, and non-governmental organizations.

The disaster management programme collaborates with non-governmental organizations like "Makhallya" fund, the fund of war veterans "Nuronyi", and the national youth movement "Kamolot". Close cooperation with the emergency ministry provided an opportunity for the National Society to examine the radio stations in branches. The Red Crescent Society enjoys a bilateral partnership with the Netherlands Red Cross in community-based disaster preparedness.

The National Society is a member of the country coordination committees on HIV and TB and participates in their regular discussions of the national programmes. The Republican AIDS Centre has been supplying the Red Crescent with condoms and syringes for the harm reduction centres. The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria has been supporting the National Society TB prevention programme implemented in Samarkand, Horezm and Kashkadarya regions. The Red Crescent coordinates its health and care programme with Project HOPE, WHO and MSF (Médecins Sans Frontières).

The key partners of the principles and values programme are the media. The partnership with the regional IOM office strengthened under the migration project. The tracing programme coordinators have been attracted to agree on how this National Society service will be introduced in the migration project. As result of the agreement with the education ministry the dissemination of humanitarian principles and values among youth has become easier. Wider coverage helped to raise the image and profile of the Movement and the Red Crescent Society in front of this group of the population.

The International Federation's regional representation closely cooperates with the ICRC in the area of support to the Red Crescent law development.

Contributing to longer-term impact

The monitoring of the programmes is carried out by the National Society through visits to the field and daily communication with staff and volunteers working on the programme sites. The information on the progress is collected during meetings with beneficiaries, partner organisations, local communities and local authorities. Periodically, monitoring visits are arranged by the Federation regional representation to the sites. The staff of the National Society is advised on how to improve the quality of monitoring.

The disaster management programme spotlights disaster awareness of women and children in communities. For instance, children receive knowledge from school teachers trained by the National Society. The SPHERE standards and the Code of Conduct for Red Cross Red Crescent staff and volunteers in Emergency Relief guide the Red Crescent disaster response and the fundamental principles and the value of respect for dignity and equality are at all times promoted in disaster management awareness materials, during training and work with

the communities. In disaster response, the distribution of assistance is made on the basis of impartiality. Actions are solely guided by needs, proportional to the degree of suffering and prioritized on the basis of urgency and vulnerability.

Promoting and respecting the fundamental principles and humanitarian values are indispensable if the Red Cross Red Crescent is to be perceived as an impartial, neutral and independent actor, and furthermore to facilitate the Red Cross Red Crescent to carry out its mandate. The National Society does not take sides of diverging population groups and follow the principle of diversity in the composition of staff involved. It also plans to become a member of an inter-agency working group on labour migration and participate in the development of the state strategy on migration.

The conference on the Red Crescent Law will serve as a platform for further discussions with the government and the national parliament and opens broader opportunities for the National Society to promote its auxiliary role and to convince the government to distinguish the Society from other public organizations in the country. Greater involvement of representatives from beneficiary groups in the governing bodies is a precondition for better focused and relevant services.

Looking ahead

Although the National Society was limited in its capacities to implement the planned activities, the staff and leadership are committed to proceed with the organizational change processes. The International Federation's regional representation will continue to advocate for and support the National Society in the governance and management, human resources management and finance development, youth and volunteering development, and further promotion of the Red Crescent law. The National Society looks forward to improve its financial management systems with funds of the Specific Organizational Development Support (SOS) as outlined in the application, submitted last year.

As soon as the funds are released the programme plans will be revisited. The National Society and the regional representation will set the priorities and focus on selected activities that can realistically be completed by the end of the year.

Due to insufficient funding the majority of planned youth programme activities will be suspended, and based on the agreement with the National Society the prioritized youth activities will be supported on an ad hoc basis.

The National Society will not submit the draft Red Crescent law this year as was planned. This is connected to the fact that the country parliament will hold elections later this year and consequently some parliament members will be replaced, as well as the fact that in the second part of the year the National Society plans to proceed with election/reporting conferences in regional branches.

The work on International Disaster Response Law promotion will continue in cooperation with the UN OCHA office in Central Asia. The review of the legal environment in the region based on case studies will be carried out by OCHA in consultation with the regional representation and the Geneva secretariat. Steps to make necessary amendments to the legislation are expected to be developed later on.

Reorientation of a number of activities under the migration project and adding new project sites will be considered in light of the developments of the global economic situation and its effects in the region and at country level, namely on the flows of migrant returnees and internal migration. Additional funding will be sought to enhance the ability of communities to

combat discrimination, intolerance and violence and to promote respect for diversity, as part of the regional and global resource mobilization processes.

How we work	
<p>The International Federation's activities are aligned with its Global Agenda, which sets out four broad goals to meet the Federation's mission to "improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity".</p>	<p>Global Agenda Goals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce the numbers of deaths, injuries and impact from disasters. • Reduce the number of deaths, illnesses and impact from diseases and public health emergencies. • Increase local community, civil society and Red Cross Red Crescent capacity to address the most urgent situations of vulnerability. • Reduce intolerance, discrimination and social exclusion and promote respect for diversity and human dignity.
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