

www.ifrc.org
Saving lives,
changing minds.

Emergency appeal

Sudan: Floods

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

Emergency appeal n° MDRSD018
GLIDE n° FF-2013-000091-SDN
13 August, 2013

This Emergency Appeal seeks CHF 918,554 in cash, kind, or services to support the Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) to assist up to 7,000 households (35,000 beneficiaries) for six months, and will be completed by the end of February, 2014. A Final Report will be made available by May, 2014 (three months after the end of the operation).

CHF 80,000 was allocated from the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent (IFRC) Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) to support this operation. Unearmarked funds to replenish DREF are encouraged.

Enhanced rains in Sudan have led to flash floods, which have caused the destruction of homes, infrastructure, livelihoods and displaced a large part of the affected population and caused the death of 11 persons. Based on SRCS assessments, the flooding has so far affected an estimated 15,462 households (up to 98,726 persons). Approximately 9,646 houses have been completely destroyed and 5,816 more houses have been partially damaged. The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian (OCHA) reports estimate that approximately 121,000 persons are affected by the floods and there are still unconfirmed reports that more communities and households are affected.



Flash Floods in Shareg Anniel locality in Khartoum, Sudan in August 2013. Photo/ SRCS

Through this Appeal, the SRCS will focus on the provision of emergency shelter and non-food items (NFIs), emergency health, water and sanitation and hygiene interventions to prevent and mitigate possible disease outbreaks, as well as preparedness and planning for risk reduction interventions since more rains are expected for the coming months. Further assessments will be undertaken to define and specify further interventions in all sector areas as well as determine the needs for rehabilitation and early recovery interventions. A revised plan of action will be shared with partners and stakeholders.

This operation is expected to be implemented over a period of 6 months and will therefore be completed by the end of February, 2014. A final report will be made available by the end of May, 2014. (three months after the end of the operation).

<click [here](#) to view the attached Emergency Appeal Budget; [here](#) to link to a map of the affected area; or [here](#) to view contact details>

Northren State	Dungula	184	130			154				6	3	1,070
	Marawi	33	48		1	115				25	1	834
	Hlfa	157	245									2,010
	Algoled	55	39									470
	Aldaba & Alburgaig	42	47	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	445
Total/NS		771	972	0	1	300	0	0	0	31	4	8,644
Red Sea	Sinkat\ Jabeit\ Durdaieb	503	287	0	0	0	0	465		0	0	3,950
River Nile	Abuhamad-Shndi	1,996	646	0	3	0	0	75		0	2	33,025
South Darfur		170	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1,020
Total		9,646	5,816	5	19	5,300	0	540	0	31	16	98,726

Source: SCRS, 6 August 2013

Safe drinking water is not easily accessible, as most water points have been contaminated. According to the initial reports that were submitted by SRCS Khartoum State Branch, up to 5,300 latrines have either completely collapsed or are submerged, contributing further to the contamination of water points.

Moreover health hazards including waterborne diseases may soon emerge, given the high temperatures in the affected areas and the potential increase in stagnant pools of water, which encourages mosquito breeding. Cases of malaria are also expected to increase. As such, there is urgent need for actions directed towards disease prevention and to some extent case management.

The Sudan Meteorological Department has forecasted continued rains, which might increase the number of affected persons during the coming weeks, and worsen the situation for those already affected. SRCS with support of the IFRC and other partners intends to respond to this disaster and to review contingency plans to enable sufficient preparedness for possible further flood response.

On 7 August 2013, the Sudanese Government officially requested, through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in a meeting with OCHA, for international assistance for the flood response. In view of limited Government resources and existing stocks, and given the forecast for more rains, the international community - both in-country and in the region were asked to direct all available resources and material supplies towards the flood response, especially in terms of emergency shelter, food and non-food items.

Coordination and Partnerships

The Ministry of the Interior is in charge of the overall flood response, under which the Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC) is responsible for coordinating Government counterparts and line ministries within the High Council for Civil Defence (HCCD). The formal coordination body will be the National Floods Task Force Focal convened by HAC; however, this body is yet to be activated.

Between 2 and 3 August, SRCS held a series of meetings with the Ministry of Interior, HAC, Meteorological Authority, Ministry of Health and the National Council of Civil Defense as well as IFRC to discuss the situation and work on a Plan of Action. Similar meetings were held with local authorities, United Nations (UN) agencies and other key stakeholders in the affected states.

An inter-agency observation field visit was carried out in Khartoum on 6 August, led by the Government of Sudan in collaboration with the SRCS, UN agencies, international organizations, and international and national NGOs, which verified the magnitude of the situation. However, additional sector wide assessments are needed to provide more in-depth information on the impact of the floods and situation for the affected people.

SRCS has also been coordinating bilaterally with other non-Movement partners for response and preparedness actions. These partners include the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), World Health Organization (WHO), United Nation Development Programme (UNDP), United Nation Population Fund (UNFPA) and United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF).

UNHCR has provided SRCS with 1,000 plastic sheets, 1,000 mosquito nets and 1,000 jerry cans for distribution to flood-affected people in Khartoum. UNFPA has also provided SRCS with food and NFIs for some emergency relief activities in Khartoum while OCHA has stated that they will provide SRCS with NFIs for 1,000 families.

The Government has committed to provide food support for the affected families in all the affected states. The Ministry of Health (MoH), with support from WHO, UNICEF and UNFPA, have dispatched health teams and related medical supplies sufficient for an estimated 500,000 people, in all states across Sudan. Furthermore, the MoH is arranging for health mobile clinics and environmental health teams to enable access to health services and improving sanitary conditions in Khartoum. SRCS and MoH are discussing cooperation on setting up health service points, where SRCS volunteers would provide logistical and organizational support (tents and crowd control) while the MoH would deploy medical staff and provide the medical services.

Important forums for coordination and information sharing are the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) meetings and different sub-sector meetings which are convened amongst the humanitarian actors, and in which SRCS and IFRC participate.

To date, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has provided 1,500 family kits of NFIs to SRCS for emergency relief distribution (500 to Northern, 500 to River Nile and 500 to Khartoum).

There are several partner national societies in country, who are supporting on a bilateral basis programmes implemented by the SRCS. The PNSs include the Norwegian Red Cross, German Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross, Swedish Red Cross, Danish Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, Saudi Red Crescent Authority, and Red Crescent Society of the Islamic Republic of Iran. The IFRC and SRCS are in contact with the PNSs for potential support towards the emergency operation. Specific discussions are also currently held with the Canadian Red Cross and the Red Crescent Society of the United Arab Emirates.

There are positive indications from USAID who has pledged support of USD 50,000 towards the appeal.

Table 2: Summary overview of current actions/commitments by various actors.

Affected State	Actor	Actions taken / Commitment for relief
Khartoum	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
	Government, Ministry of Health (MoH) with support from WHO, UNICEF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobile health clinics in Sharg Elneil • 28 environmental health teams doing vector control, chlorination of water, removing animal carcasses • 10,000 mosquito nets will be distributed.
	SRCS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First aid services and evacuation of people to higher grounds, Psychosocial support provided • NFIs-1,000 plastic sheets,1,000 mosquito nets and 1,000 jerry cans (UNHCR) • 1,500 Family kits of NFIs by ICRC • SRCS will provide shelter, NFIs, emergency health, water, sanitation and hygiene interventions, and assessment and planning for DRR, early recovery. Support from IFRC and emergency appeal launch
	UNICEF- WatSan and Hygiene (WASH) Sector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Providing water

	Catholic Relief Service (CRS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rehabilitation of latrines in Karari locality.
	Médecin Sans Frontiers (MSF) Switzerland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water trucking for two weeks Mobile clinic for three weeks in East Khartoum locality (Sharg Elneil) to monitor the health status of the affected population and provide basic outpatient care.
	Commissioner of Refugees (CoR) with support from UNHCR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NFIs-1,000 tarpaulins, 1,000 cooking sets, 1,000 jerry cans, 1,000 buckets, 1,000 mosquito nets, intended for 1,000 families.
	Commission for Voluntary and Humanitarian Work (CVHW), with support from Norwegian Church Aid (NCA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NFIs- 1,750 mosquito nets, 1,750 blankets, and 1,000 plastic mats
	UNFPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides basic clothing and supplies for women and girls. Funds the national NGO JASMAR for relief activities.
Blue Nile	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing food relief
North Darfur	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
	WFP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will provide one-month food ration
	UNICEF and the State Ministry of Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will support the rehabilitation of one classroom, one school latrine and one school fence.
	The UNHCR Emergency Shelter and Non-Food Items (ES NFI) Project	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has been provided NFIs for 213 flood-affected families in El Fasher
	UNICEF and the Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will support the rehabilitation of sanitation facilities; water chlorination services and hygiene promotion activities for all flood-affected households.
South Darfur	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
West Kordofan State	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
Northern State	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
	SRCS with support from IFRC and emergency appeal launch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SRCS will provide shelter, NFIs, emergency health, water, sanitation and hygiene interventions, and assessment and planning for DRR, early recovery
	SRCS with support from ICRC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 500 NFI kits to be distributed
River Nile	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food
	SRCS with support from IFRC and emergency appeal launch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SRCS will provide shelter, NFIs, emergency health, water, sanitation and hygiene interventions, and assessment and planning for DRR, early recovery
	SRCS with support from ICRC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 500 NFI kits to be distributed
Red Sea	Government, through HAC and Civil Defence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangements are being made for distributing relief food

Source: SRCS and OCHA on 6 and 7 August 2013.

More in-depth assessments and gaps analysis and refined cooperation strategies will be developed in the coming days.

Red Cross and Red Crescent Action

The SRCS immediately mobilized its staff and volunteers and engaged in emergency response activities to assist the affected families. At least 700 volunteers were mobilized in Khartoum State to evacuate, provide psychosocial support and First Aid services.

Through the network of its branches, SRCS conducted rapid initial assessments in the most affected states to ascertain the magnitude and impact of the floods as well as starting to prioritize the needs of the affected population.

SRCS issued a DMIS alert on 3 August, 2013 and a Flood Information Bulletin on the 4 August, 2013 to inform partners and stakeholder on the flood situation.

In close cooperation with the civil defense, SRCS has been assisting in the evacuation of affected people to higher grounds where they are being supported with food and non-food items. So far SRCS has distributed relief items to 1,000 households (5,000) people in Khartoum State from its own stocks which will need to be replenished. In total, 700 volunteers of the Emergency Action and National Disaster Response Teams have been involved in the evacuation. The Action Teams have been facilitated with necessary tools including First Aid kits, which have been used to assist the injured.

Below is a summary of the actions taken by SRCS so far.

- SRCS immediately activated the emergency operation rooms at national and state levels with 1,500 volunteers put on alert for an emergency response as needed.
- Held a series of meetings with various stakeholders at national and state levels to discuss a response plan and issued a DMIS alert and information bulletin.
- SRCS Khartoum Branch deployed 700 volunteers to evacuate, provide psycho-social support and First Aid services to the affected population.
- Food and NFIs provided to 1000 households that were evacuated.
- Allocated 2000 tarpaulins, 2,000 sleeping mats, 2,000 hygiene kits and 300 tents to serve as a mobile clinic.
- Rapid initial assessment done by various branches as well SRCS HQ. With support from IFRC the findings of these assessments including aerial photos of the situation were shared with various stakeholders.
- Participated in an inter-agency observation field visit (Commission for Voluntary Humanitarian Action, SRCS, UN Agencies, IOs, INGOs and NGOs) in Khartoum on 6 August 2013.
- National disaster response team (NDRT,) with pre-positioned water and sanitation equipment, is ready to be deployed.
- Discussions with MoH for supporting medical outreach activities with logistical support by SRCS volunteers.

IFRC is supporting the SRCS with the launch this Emergency Appeal, including arranging for a DREF start-up loan in order to meet the urgent humanitarian needs of affected families. IFRC will also provide support for coordination within the Red Cross Red Crescent (RC/RC) Movement, as well as monitoring and evaluating the operation. An Operations Manager will be appointed to support and coordinate the operation and regional disaster response teams (RDRT) members will be deployed to support the National Society in carrying out rapid in depth assessments needed for identifying the needs of the affected population.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has provided 1,500 NFI family kits to SRCS for emergency relief distribution (500 to Northern State and 1000 to Khartoum State). So far, no reports of any missing persons have been received.

The needs

The initial assessments carried out by SRCS indicate that at least 15,462 households have had their houses destroyed or damaged. At least 9,646 households have been displaced in seven affected States of Khartoum, River Nile, Blue Nile, North Darfur, South Darfur, West Kordofan, Northern and Red Sea. The worst affected states are Khartoum, Northern and River Nile states. The SRCS is carrying out relief services targeting mainly the elderly, households headed by women, households with children under the age of five, affected people with disabilities and people whose houses were completely destroyed all based on a detailed ongoing assessment.

The displaced people have lost most of their belongings and livelihoods and are living under difficult conditions with lack of access to safe water and adequate sanitation facilities. They are in urgent need for emergency shelter, food, safe water, and sanitation facilities.

With the heightened risk for the affected population for waterborne and water-related diseases, there is a need to ensure that basic health services are accessible and preventative health and hygiene education is provided to the affected population. Furthermore, considering the recent incidences of yellow fever in Darfur area, and polio in neighbouring countries, a component of disease surveillance will be included in the activities for increased awareness and early actions should it be necessary.

More rain is expected and if this happens, it will worsen the situation for the already affected families, as well as potentially increase the number of affected persons. Building resilience of communities is necessary for the recovery and rehabilitation and activities needed will include reconstruction of houses, improving the drainage canals, building of dykes, water harvesting and building earth dams among other interventions.

Beneficiary selection: The specific target population will be identified through continuous rapid assessments undertaken jointly with other stakeholders; ensuring assistance is given based on gaps identified and in complimentary manner.

SRCS will target the 7,000 families whose houses were completely destroyed, and in particular coordinate closely with local authorities and other humanitarian agencies and give relief services targeting mainly the elderly, households headed by women, households with children under the age of five, affected people with disabilities.

SRCS will target the worst affected states as per the current information, including Khartoum, River Nile State and Northern State with priority being given to the River Nile State where the SRCS is the only actor.

Immediate needs: The immediate needs of the floods affected displaced families include emergency shelter, food (provided by the Government), emergency health, safe water, sanitation facilities and hygiene awareness.

As more rain is expected, there is a need to review existing contingency plans, provide risk reduction activities, as well as support preparedness activities. This will include an assessment of the longer term needs relating to recovery and rehabilitation to contribute to communities resilience building.

The Proposed Operation

The launched Appeal will support interventions for a total of 7,000 affected households (an estimated 35,000 beneficiaries) in Khartoum, River Nile and Northern states. The emergency intervention will meet the immediate needs of the most vulnerable from the affected population including emergency shelter and relief items (NFIs), emergency health, water, sanitation and hygiene interventions, disaster preparedness and risk reduction assessments for planning of floods risk reduction mechanisms and increased preparedness.

The proposed operation intends to target immediate emergency needs, while further assessments are being carried out for a refined and revised plan of action.

The proposed emergency operation contains following components:

- 1) **A detailed and in-depth needs assessment:** to provide information for a refined plan of action. The refined and revised plan of action will expand on the sector activities in shelter

and relief, emergency health, water, sanitation and hygiene, preparedness and risk reduction, recovery and livelihoods.

- 2) **Emergency shelter and relief:** distributions through providing the 7,000 targeted households with NFIs, including tarpaulins (for emergency shelter), ropes, mats, mosquito nets, jerry cans, buckets and kitchen sets. This includes replenishment of 2,000 NFIs that have already been distributed in Khartoum state. (The communities will contribute with poles and some local materials for shelter construction as is common practice in the areas; information from SRCS.)
- 3) **Emergency health care:** This component will entail, First Aid and referral services, supporting access to health services, and health education activities. SRCS will work closely with the MoH who will provide mobile outreach services, where SRCS will engage their volunteers for providing the logistical support (setting up tents) and organising the crowds (queues). Close links with the water, sanitation and hygiene activities, for example through combined community education sessions.
- 4) **Water, sanitation and hygiene promotion:** The activities will include enabling safe water through provision of PUR (water purifier in powder form, suitable for purifying water in flood situations) for the 7,000 targeted households (along with training of households), distribution of one hygiene kit per family (300gms per pax, per month bathing soaps, 250gms detergent per pax per month, 6 toothbrushes per month per pax, toothpaste, 1 nail clippers and 2 combs), and sanitation, hygiene and community cleaning campaigns. The SRCS NDRT will deploy the equipped watsan ERU. It is envisaged that specific interventions in terms of latrines will be planned for after the assessment and defined in the revised plan of action.
- 5) **Disaster preparedness and risk reduction: Assessments and capacity building:** 7 high risk communities for floods will be targeted with Vulnerability and Capacity Assessments (VCAs) that will inform development of risk reduction, early warning and preparedness activities. The SRCS contingency plan for floods will also be reviewed.

Implementation structures:

The SRCS will deploy National Disaster Response Teams (NDRTs) and action teams comprising mainly of trained volunteers. The SRCS DM coordinator will oversee staff team leaders for the NDRTs and action teams. 200 volunteers will be used in the intervention.

IFRC will appoint or recruit an operations manager to support SRCS with technical input, assessments, training, resource mobilization, as well as coordination with other actors. There is a possibility of deploying an Operations Manager from the FACT roster should the appointment of a suitable person be delayed. Three RDRTs will be deployed to assist with technical input during the initial assessments and training of volunteers. The technical skills of the RDRTs will be shelter, water, sanitation, hygiene, and emergency health.

It will be important to involve the beneficiaries in the various parts of the emergency operation, including planning for the specific activities, implementation, monitoring and evaluation. The input from the affected communities on their specific needs and how to best support them is crucial, and they will be closely involved for organizing relief distribution activities. The health, WASH, and DP and DRR activities are designed for community participation and involvement, and without the full involvement of the targeted communities it will not be possible to effectively implement the activities.

The gender aspect and vulnerable persons with special needs (elderly, pregnant and lactating women, families with many children, persons with disabilities, chronically ill) will be considered during the implementation of this operation. The involvement and active participation of both women and men from the communities in planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating the activities of the emergency operation will be vital for ensuring that the needs, concerns and capacities are well represented from both men and women. Both men and women will also be represented among the trained volunteers for the intervention.

This emergency appeal shall respond to the needs outlined above according to international standards (Sphere standards), and will be managed in accordance with the SRCS strategy and policy, adherent to the Red Cross Red Crescent Fundamental Principles and locally agreed distribution plans.

Assessment

Outcome: Emergency needs of affected families are identified and gaps documented in the Khartoum, River Nile and Northern State, leading to revision of the operation's plan of action	
Output	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detailed assessment is carried out across all sectors and the operation plan of action is revised appropriately to address outstanding needs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deploy technical specialists (1 potential FACT / 1 operations manager, 3 RDRTs) to support National Society in planning and managing a detailed assessment including key informant interviews Identify outstanding needs and gaps in consultation with local authorities and other stakeholders. Revise plan of action and budget

Emergency shelter and relief distributions (Basic non-food items)

Outcome: Vulnerability is reduced through distribution of relief assistance (non-food items) to 7,000 HH in the three worst affected states of Khartoum, River Nile and Northern state.	
Outputs	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At least 7,000 households in Khartoum, River Nile, and Northern State, receive essential relief items. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop beneficiary targeting strategy and registration system to deliver assistance Mobilise 200 volunteers for the emergency operation, of which 150 volunteers will be involved in distribution of relief items and assessments Train 150 volunteers in needs assessment, relief distribution, emergency shelter construction, demonstration of how to use mosquito nets etc. Conduct a detailed assessment on the needs, existing capacity and propose sustainable interventions Procure and distribute NFIs to 7000 families based on the IFRC Shelter kit. Out of these, 2000 NFI kits have already been distributed and this appeal will replenish these. SRCS volunteers and staff to provide technical assistance to the families to construct the emergency shelter and put up the mosquito nets. Monitor and evaluate the relief activities and provide reporting on relief distributions. Provide an update of the situation based on the findings of the assessment and revise the operation as appropriate.

Emergency Health and Care

Outcome: To meet the basic health needs of at least affected 7000 households (35,000 persons) in the 3 targeted States	
Outputs	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Up to 7,000 affected families have access to health services. At least 150 volunteers are trained on hygiene and health promotion, preparedness and response 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support MoH medical outreach through setting up tents for health posts in strategic points and providing volunteers for crowd control. Training of 150 volunteers on emergency health, health promotion with a focus on water related and water borne diseases, such as malaria, cholera, yellow fever and Polio. First aid and referrals services provided to affected persons. Basic health education, focusing on water related and water borne diseases such as malaria, cholera, yellow fever and Polio.

Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene Promotion

Outcome: Reduced risk of waterborne and sanitation related disease outbreaks for 7,000 households (35,000 persons) affected by the flash floods in Khartoum, River Nile and the Northern State.	
Outputs	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide safe drinking water to targeted families • Assessment of sanitation conditions will inform a refined plan of action for intervention. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobilise 100 volunteers for water, sanitation and hygiene promotion activities. • Train 100 volunteers in household water treatment education, hygiene awareness and promotion, and community cleaning campaigns. • Conduct an assessment on the water sources to determine extent of damage and alternate means of accessing safe drinking water. • Enabling safe water through provision of PUR for the 7000 targeted households (along with training of households), distribution of one hygiene kit per family (300gms per pax, per month bathing soaps, 250gms detergent per pax per month, 6 toothbrushes per month per pax, toothpaste, 1 nail clippers and 2 combs) • Deployment of Watsan ERU and NDRT team. • Undertake sanitation and hygiene awareness campaigns, focusing on floods related risks. • Conduct community cleaning campaigns, and vector control (spraying) • Provide an update of the situation based on the findings of the assessment and revise the operation as appropriate.

Disaster Preparedness and Risk Reduction

Outcome: Communities preparedness and resilience to floods risks is strengthened in 7 high risk communities in the 3 targeted affected States.	
Outputs	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VCAs have been conducted in 7 Flood affected communities to inform planning for risk reduction and preparedness activities. • SRCS has increased preparedness to respond to disasters in high risk and flood affected communities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review and update the SRCS flood contingency plan, linking with early warning systems. • Conduct trainings for 30 staff and volunteers on Capacity Assessment (VCA) guidelines and tools in the affected and high-risk areas. • VCA conducted in 7 communities. This will include reviewing existing early warning mechanism, and assessing need for relocation of people to higher ground • Close links and collaboration with meteorological services in the country for early warning and action.

Logistics

Outcome: Efficient and effective logistical support and warehousing of stocks	
Outputs	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinated mobilization of relief goods; reception of all incoming goods and efficient dispatch of goods to the final distribution points. • Procurements done in line with IFRC procurement guidelines. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide logistical support in transportation of supplies, staff and volunteers across the response sites of the crisis • Procure and mobilize relief stocks locally and control supply movements to distribution points. • Distribute relief supplies and control supply movements from point intended of dispatch to end-user.

Communications – Advocacy and Public information

SRCS, with support of IFRC, will ensure a smooth flow of information on the operation is undertaken to all concerned stakeholders, including beneficiaries and partners supporting the operation. Qualified spokespersons will be available for providing information and updates. Kenya Red Cross (KRCS) is supporting with a communication person for some weeks to provide back up during the most intensive period. News releases, fact sheets and photographs will be developed and made available to media and key stakeholders. The main focus of the communication activities will be to advocate on behalf of the most vulnerable population, on their situation, capacities and needs.

IFRC will coordinate direct outreach with the host National Society and the national and international media. IFRC will also support the launch of this Appeal, Operations updates, Revisions and final reports.

Monitoring and Evaluation

IFRC global tools in Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (PMER) will be used and adhered to for this emergency appeal. This will include review of documentation such as monthly and quarterly detailed narrative reports from the field to the branches and headquarters. It will also involve assessments to monitor progress and adjust approaches and response accordingly.

Additionally, meetings with key stakeholders, performance reporting, field visits to follow progress on implementation of activities will be done on a regular basis. These monitoring tasks will be carried out by SRCS and IFRC staff at branches and headquarters level.

Furthermore, IFRC Regional, Africa Zone and Global structures will support with programme monitoring and evaluation. To ensure participation, ownership and sustainability SRCS field staff at locality level and local community members (men and women) will also be involved in monitoring the implementation of project activities and outcomes. Furthermore, the beneficiaries in the targeted areas will be surveyed to find out about their satisfaction towards the services received by them from this appeal. A final evaluation, including a beneficiary satisfaction survey, will be done in line with the IFRC standards and with support from the IFRC PMER unit at the region and Zone offices.

Capacity of the National Society

Floods being a recurrent phenomenon in Sudan, SRCS has gained a long withstanding experience in responding to these types of disasters. SRCS has well-trained and experienced staff to coordinate and implement emergency operations, and has developed an impressive pool of trained and dedicated volunteers. In Khartoum, 700 volunteers were mobilized for first aid and evacuation activities, and 1500 more volunteers have been mobilized and are on stand by for further interventions. For these interventions 200 volunteers will be mobilized to carry out the activities under the appeal. The NS has trained NDRTs and Watsan equipment ready for deployment. When the floods occurred, SRCS immediately activated their emergency operation system in all affected states, coordinated from the Headquarters in Khartoum. SRCS has a presence in and access to all affected areas through their network of local branches.

Capacity of the IFRC

The IFRC Sudan Country office currently has a Country Representative, Programme Coordinator, Communications Delegate, Finance Development Delegate, National Programme Coordinator, Programme Assistant, Logistics/Admin Officer, Accountant, Account Assistant, a driver and messenger. The office receives additional technical support from the IFRC East Africa Regional Representation and Africa zone office that include Disaster Management, Health and Care, Water and Sanitation, Finance and Administration as well as planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (PMER).

IFRC Country Representation office will provide technical support where is required during the emergency response, and RC/RC Movement coordination. The IFRC East Africa Regional Representation and Africa Zone office will provide technical support throughout the operation. An Operations Manager will be recruited for the emergency operation and two RDRTs with Health and WASH profiles will be deployed for three

weeks to assist with assessments, training of volunteers and other technical support towards the field response.

Budget summary

See attached budget for details.

Walter Cotte
Under Secretary General
Programme Services Division

Bekele Geleta
Secretary General

Contact information

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

- **In Sudan:** Osman Gafer Abdalla, Secretary General Sudanese Red Crescent Society; Phone: +249.8.378.48.89 email: sg_srcs@yahoo.com
- **IFRC Country Representation Office:** Aisha Maulana, Country Representative; Khartoum; Phone: +249.9.123.04.023; Email: aisha.maulana@ifrc.org
- **IFRC regional representation:** Finnjarle Rode; office phone +254 202835124; mobile phone: email: finnjarle.rode@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Africa zone:** Daniel Bolaños, Disaster Management Coordinator; phone +254 202835213; email: daniel.bolanos@ifrc.org
- **In Geneva:** Christine South, Operations Quality Assurance Senior Officer; Phone: +41.22.730.4529; email: christine.south@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Zonal Logistics Unit (ZLU):** Rishi Ramrakkha, Nairobi; phone +254 20 283 5142, Fax +254 20 271 2777, email: rishi.ramrakkha@ifrc.org

For Resource Mobilization and Pledges:

- **In IFRC East Africa regional representation:** Diana Ongiti, Senior RM Officer; phone +254 20 2835 276; email: diana.ongiti@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting)

- **In IFRC Zone:** Robert Ondrusek, PMER Coordinator, Africa phone: +254 731 067277; email: robert.ondrusek@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

www.ifrc.org

Saving lives, changing minds.



The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020, which puts forward three strategic aims:

1. Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.
 2. Enable healthy and safe living.
 3. Promote social inclusion and a culture of non-violence and peace.
-

EMERGENCY APPEAL

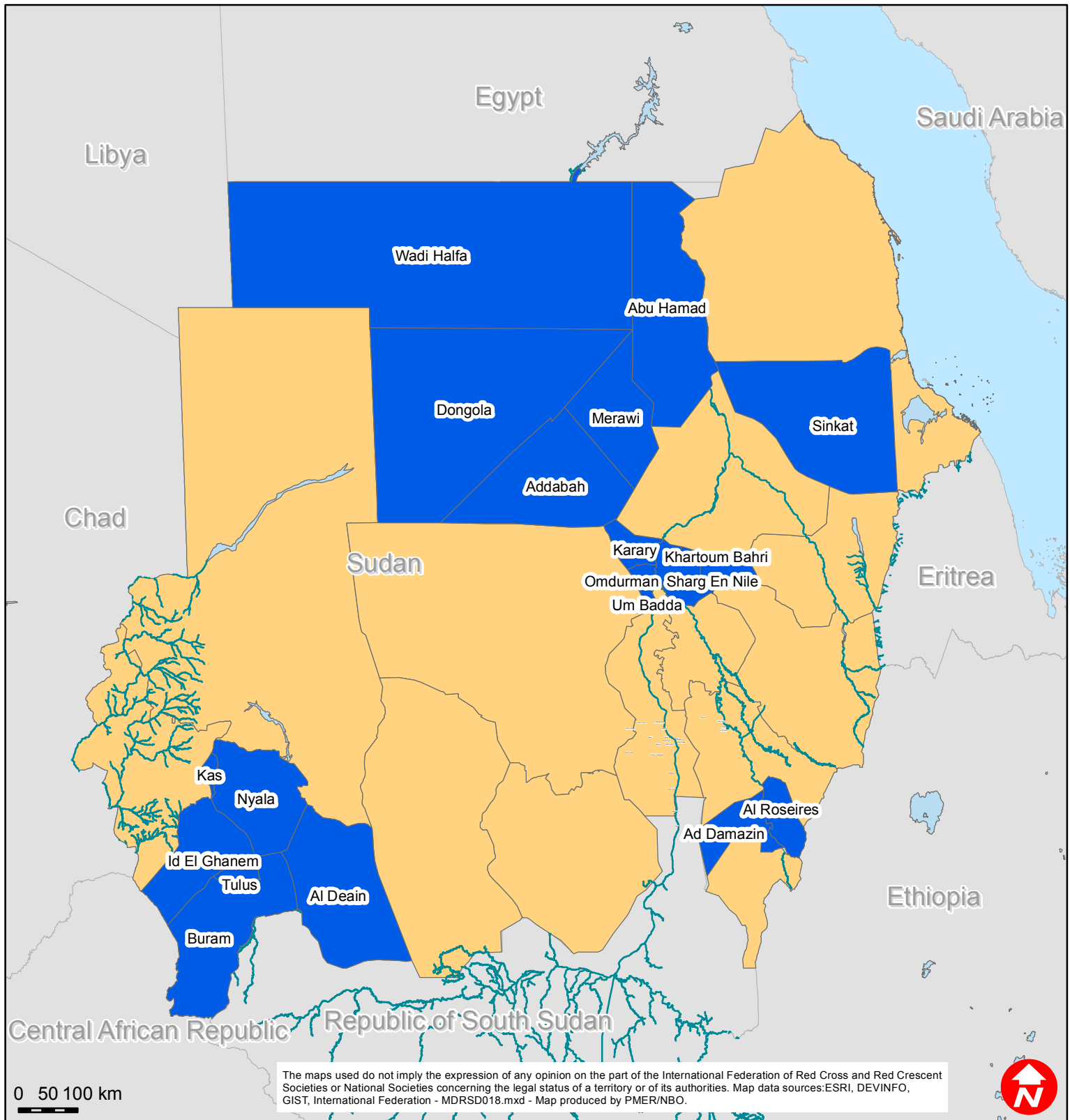
10/08/2013

SUDAN FLOODS 2013 : MDRSD018

Budget Group	Multilateral Response	Inter-Agency Shelter Coord.	Bilateral Response	Appeal Budget CHF
Shelter - Relief	245,000			245,000
Shelter - Transitional				0
Construction - Housing				0
Construction - Facilities				0
Construction - Materials				0
Clothing & Textiles	114,470			114,470
Food				0
Seeds & Plants				0
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	40,560			40,560
Medical & First Aid	0			0
Teaching Materials	2,800			2,800
Utensils & Tools	171,000			171,000
Other Supplies & Services				0
Emergency Response Units	0			0
Cash Disbursements				0
Total RELIEF ITEMS, CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLIES	573,830	0	0	573,830
Land & Buildings				0
Vehicles				0
Computer & Telecom Equipment				0
Office/Household Furniture & Equipment				0
Medical Equipment				0
Other Machinery & Equipment				0
Total LAND, VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT	0	0	0	0
Storage, Warehousing	1,100			1,100
Distribution & Monitoring				0
Transport & Vehicle Costs	35,112			35,112
Logistics Services				0
Total LOGISTICS, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	36,212	0	0	36,212
International Staff	83,000			83,000
National Staff				0
National Society Staff	0			0
Volunteers	108,200			108,200
Total PERSONNEL	191,200	0	0	191,200
Consultants				0
Professional Fees				0
Total CONSULTANTS & PROFESSIONAL FEES	0	0	0	0
Workshops & Training	17,000			17,000
Total WORKSHOP & TRAINING	17,000	0	0	17,000
Travel	8,000			8,000
Information & Public Relations	5,500			5,500
Office Costs	23,250			23,250
Communications	1,500			1,500
Financial Charges	4,000			4,000
Other General Expenses	2,000			2,000
Shared Office and Services Costs				0
Total GENERAL EXPENDITURES	44,250	0	0	44,250
Partner National Societies				0
Other Partners (NGOs, UN, other)				0
Total TRANSFER TO PARTNERS	0	0	0	0
Programme and Services Support Recovery	56,062	0		56,062
Total INDIRECT COSTS	56,062	0	0	56,062
Pledge Earmarking & Reporting Fees				0
Total PLEDGE SPECIFIC COSTS	0	0	0	0
TOTAL BUDGET	918,554	0	0	918,554
Available Resources				
Multilateral Contributions				0
Bilateral Contributions				0
TOTAL AVAILABLE RESOURCES	0	0	0	0
NET EMERGENCY APPEAL NEEDS	918,554	0	0	918,554



Sudan: Floods



Legend

 Flood affected localities