

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

CARIBBEAN: HURRICANE IVAN

25 October 2004

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

In Brief

Appeal No. 21/2004; Operations Update no. 10; Period covered: 12 October -- 21 October, 2004; Appeal coverage: 74.3 %; ([click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List, also available on the website](#)).

Appeal history:

- Launched on 10 September 2004 for CHF 1,752,697 (USD 1,389,560 or EUR 1,137,899) for 6 months to assist 10,000 beneficiaries (2,000 families).
- Revised on 15 September 2004 for CHF 6,033,000 (USD 4,764,410 or EUR 3,910,502) for 6 months to assist 85,000 beneficiaries (17,000 families) in Grenada, Jamaica, the Cayman Islands and Cuba.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 300,000.

Given the developing nature of this disaster, the preliminary revised appeal will be readjusted to respond to the needs from the passage of Hurricane Ivan in the Caribbean, in accordance with the results of on-going assessments. The Federation's approach to this operation and the strategy outlined in the appeal are intended to be flexible; donors are encouraged to provide timely support, with minimum earmarking.

Outstanding needs: CHF 1,552,752

Related Emergency or Annual Appeals: Caribbean Annual Appeal (Appeal 01.52/2004), Pan American Disaster Response Unit (PADRU) Annual Appeal (Appeal 01.51/2004)

Operational Summary: In Grenada and the Cayman Islands, the distribution phase of the relief operation has been completed. The operation in Jamaica is awaiting the final shipment of relief goods and this phase of the operation is expected to be completed soon. In total, some 70,000 people have received assistance through the Red Cross emergency appeal in the Cayman Islands, Cuba, Grenada and Jamaica. Work is now beginning to focus on rehabilitation, in particular the provision of roofing materials, health campaigns to prevent outbreaks of water borne illnesses, and psychosocial support activities. Activities are also being carried out to strengthen the capacities of the National Societies involved, particularly in the area of disaster preparedness and response. Assessments are currently being carried out in the Cayman Islands, Grenada and Jamaica to identify families to be assisted through the roofing project. Beneficiaries have also received plastic sheeting to provide temporary shelters until the roofing project can be completed. In Jamaica, the Jamaica Red Cross and the Pan American Health Organization are coordinating activities to ensure a common approach for campaigns to raise awareness of water borne illnesses, including community based health aids. Meanwhile, in the Cayman Islands, distributions of informational materials addressing water and sanitation awareness will be carried out shortly. The Jamaica Red Cross psychosocial support team has arrived in Grenada to train volunteers from the Grenada Red Cross Society, and will soon be travelling to the Cayman Islands to provide support in that country to people who lost their homes and belongings. The Federation's support team for the Hurricane Ivan operation has been assembled in the Federation's Port of

Spain Sub Regional Office and is providing support to the Cayman Islands, Grenada and Jamaica. This emergency appeal has received support from the Australian, Austrian, Barbados, British, Danish, Japanese, Monaco, Swedish and Swiss Red Cross Societies, as well as from ECHO, the Canadian International Development Agency and the Development Cooperation Ireland.

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

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All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in this or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profile, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>

Background

Hurricane Ivan, the most powerful hurricane to hit the Caribbean in ten years, moved through the region for more than a week, damaging homes, buildings and infrastructure, and causing at least 30 deaths thus far. The storm originated in the south eastern Caribbean where it gradually gathered in strength before moving towards populated land. Ivan was a category 3 hurricane on the Saffir-Simpson scale when it passed by **Barbados, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago** on Tuesday, 7 September, killing one person in Tobago and one in Barbados. In the Grenadines, the islands of Carriacou, Palm Island and Petit Martinique experienced widespread damage. Populations in low lying coastal areas of Tobago were evacuated to shelters and over 560 people were accommodated in seven shelters on the island on Tuesday, 7 September; most schools and businesses were closed on both Trinidad and Tobago. The storm also damaged hundreds of homes and cut off utilities.

Ivan then strengthened into a category 4 hurricane as it hit **Grenada** on Tuesday evening, bringing sustained winds of 220 kilometres per hour. Several hundred people from low-lying areas of Saint George's, the Grenadian capital, were evacuated in anticipation of potential flooding. At least 39 people died and approximately 90 percent of the country's homes sustained damage. Water, electricity and telephone services were all cut off. Approximately 60,000 people are in need of assistance and there are approximately 5 thousand people accommodated in 145 official and ad hoc shelters. The hurricane caused structural damage to nearly every major building in the Grenadian capital of Saint George's, including the island's emergency operations centre, prime minister's residence, several schools, the main hospital and a nearby prison. Also among the damaged buildings was the Grenada Red Cross Society headquarters. Given the situation of chaos following the hurricane strike, were major problems of looting. In response, a dusk-to-dawn curfew was put into effect and the Regional Security System was brought in to support local law enforcement authorities.

Ivan flooded parts of northern **Venezuela** at it moved northwest through the Caribbean Sea, killing at least one person. In addition, there are reports that four youths in the **Dominican Republic** were swept away by a giant wave Thursday, although the storm was still around 300 kilometres away at the time. In **Haiti**, temporary shelters

were set up in Nippes and ten houses were damaged in the North West Department. In the South Department, 830 people were evacuated as a result of flooding from rivers in spate and temporary shelters set up for 1,600 persons in five communes. The Haitian National Red Cross Society distributed hygiene kits to those evacuated.

Jamaica also sustained serious damages on Saturday, 11 September as a result of Hurricane Ivan, although the storm did not make direct landfall. The country was pounded with winds nearing 250 kilometres per hour, heavy rains and tidal surges, and at least 15 people were killed. There was extensive damage to roofs and roads, and downed trees and utility poles made several roads impassable. There were also reports of numerous landslides across the country. Electricity and water services were shut off pending further evaluations of the damages. Officials had urged 500,000 people to evacuate high-risk areas, but many residents chose to stay because of fears of looting.

The hurricane strengthened into a category 5 storm as it moved away from Jamaica, but then weakened again slightly to a category 4 storm before it began battering the **Cayman Islands** on Sunday, causing one death. The eye of the storm did not make direct landfall in the islands, but brought winds of 240 kilometres per hour. Heavy rains and winds continued throughout the day on Sunday and into the night, flooding parts of low-lying Grand Cayman Island. Most residents and visitors in high-risk areas had been evacuated or relocated to shelters. The Bodden Town Civic Centre, a designated shelter, collapsed at the height of the hurricane and the shelter occupants were evacuated in 155 mph winds. Some 90 per cent of the West Bay area of Grand Cayman suffered damage. The sewage system collapsed and the Eastern District was cut off.

Once again a category 5 storm, Hurricane Ivan moved towards western **Cuba** and the Yucatan Channel on Monday, 13 September. The Cuban Red Cross (CRC) kept the population constantly informed through a television spot entitled "What to do in case of a Hurricane". Eight provinces: Pinar del Río, Habana, Ciudad Habana, Matanzas, Villa Clara, Cienfuegos, Sancti Spiritus and the Municipality of Isla de la Juventud were on hurricane alert. The storm passed the western tip of the country on Monday night, bringing heavy rain and storm surges, with waves of up to three metres. The Federation's assistance and support to the Cuban Red Cross and the affected population in Cuba, in response to Hurricane Ivan, is separate and distinct from that reflected and planned in the response to Hurricane Charley (refer to the Federation Request for Assistance no. 20/2004 launched on 8 September, 2004).

In **Mexico**, hundreds of people abandoned fishing villages within the hurricane's projected path; some 5,000 people were ordered to evacuate islands and coastal areas along the peninsula, and 239 shelters were set up in Cancun to house residents and tourists. Fortunately, Hurricane Ivan's kept it far enough away from peninsula to avoid causing any major damage.

After moving north through the Gulf of Mexico, Ivan made landfall in the southern **United States** during the early morning of Thursday, 16 September, where it caused at least 20 deaths before weakening to a tropical storm as it moved further inland. The worst damages were in the state of Florida, where Ivan created at least 12 tornadoes and storm surges of 10 to 16 feet. The storm caused several billion dollars in damages in the affected areas of the United States.

Operational developments

In Grenada, the government's food distribution will come to an end on 30 October, 2004. Prime Minister Mitchell is planning to announce the end of the emergency relief phase next week. Efforts will focus on school feeding programmes and reconstruction efforts. If this decision comes into effect, it will have significant implications for the relief organizations working in Grenada. One of the implications is that incoming relief food/non food and other goods will no longer have tax free status.

The National Emergency Response Organization (NERO) is finalizing a detailed survey of the affected population in Grenada. The evaluation office of the Finance Ministry will be in charge of the data collection process, planned to be completed by the middle of December. Construction materials on the island are currently only available for public buildings. The Society of Architects in Grenada is preparing a document on future construction codes and regulations as part of recommendations to be submitted to the government. This will not affect the Red Cross's emergency rehabilitation activities.

In Jamaica, the government is undertaking measures to reduce communities’ vulnerability to future disasters by preventing them from rebuilding houses in hurricane-prone areas and allocating new land for people living in the vulnerable coastal areas.

In the Cayman Islands, the emergency distribution phase is has been finalized and the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch of the British Red Cross is now preparing for the next phase of the operation. Needs assessments and selection of beneficiaries are ongoing for the provision of zinc roofing for 1,000 affected families in the island. The repair work will be carried out by private contractors, hired by the Cayman Islands Recovery Fund.

Red Cross and Red Crescent action - objectives, progress, impact

Emergency relief (food and non-food)

Objective: 17,000 vulnerable families, or 85,000 persons (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba), will have benefited from the provision of food and non-food items to assist them in recovering from the effects of the hurricane.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)

Grenada

The Grenada Red Cross Society (GRCS) relief distributions were completed as planned on 8 October. A total of 11,540 food parcels and over 7,065 hygiene kits have been distributed to 13,403 families in all six parishes of the country, within a period of one month.

Consolidated table of food/non-food distribution in Grenada

Number of parishes	6
Number of food parcels	11.540
Number of hygiene kits	7.065
Total number of beneficiaries	13.403

The National Society continued a small scale food and hygiene kit distribution to vulnerable communities, using supplies donated in addition to the Emergency Appeal and reaching approximately 3,500 other families during October.



Relief distributions in Grenada

Jamaica

During the reporting period, the Jamaica Red Cross (JRC) continued distributions of emergency food and non food items, targeting 9,265 families in 12 out of the 14 parishes in the country. Of these targeted families, some 3,000 received food parcels, while another 6,265 received hygiene kits and kitchen sets. The food parcels included flour, rice, corn meal, sugar, milk, soup, canned beans, mackerel and tinned beef.

Up to now, the JRC has received 70.3 tonnes of non food supplies. Some 9.5 tonnes of additional supplies donated by the Canadian Red Cross, 2,500 hygiene kits from PADRU, two vehicles and two generator sets are expected to arrive shortly. The distribution of these last relief items will complete the emergency phase of operation.

Number of beneficiaries for food and non food assistance

N. of parishes	N. of beneficiaries assisted during the reporting period
12	9,265

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch has finalized its emergency distributions, targeting 1,000 families with non-food relief items within one month after the disaster. The Red Cross branch is continuing to support affected families with clothing and other donations received locally through a thrift shop run by volunteers.

Impact

The GRCS, JRC and the Cayman Island Overseas Branch provided food and non-food supplies to people directly affected by the hurricane. Assistance provided through the Red Cross included tarpaulins, hygiene kits, kitchen sets and food. These supplies have contributed to the recovery of those affected.

Constraints

The most serious constraint facing the operation is access to specific information from the Jamaica Red Cross branches regarding outstanding needs in the most affected parishes. A needs assessment has been finalized to address the situation. In order to facilitate the information gathering process (ongoing monitoring of changing/evolving needs), the local branches received pre-designed forms to gather and communicate relevant information.

Shelter

Objective: 17,000 vulnerable families (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba) have been able to return home as a result of the provision of temporary shelter materials.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)

Grenada

The GRCS and the Federation have distributed 18,000 tarpaulins to over 13,000 families, covering some 3,000 additional families not included in the original plan of action.

The next component of the appeal objective will be the provision of zinc roofing material to the most vulnerable 800 families. Remaining tarpaulins will be distributed during the assessment process for the galvanized zinc roofing project, during the coming two weeks.

Galvanized Zinc Roofing Project

After a two day workshop to orient and train assessment teams, house to house assessments have begun for the roofing project. Five teams, currently working in the three most severely affected parishes, are planning to assess an average of 115 houses per day to identify potential beneficiaries. A total of 800 families are being targeted based on vulnerability, structural damage, ability to absorb assistance, and home ownership criteria. Thus far, five teams have carried out assessments of 583 homes and have identified 309 families as beneficiaries for the roofing project. The assessment is still ongoing and additional homes may be included in the project, providing that they meet the requirements to benefit from this project. Distribution of galvanized zinc sheets and tool kits is planned to start during the second week of November.

House assessment for galvanized roofing project

Parish	Houses assessed	Houses approved
St. George	264	87
St. Andrew	196	152
St. David	140	99
TOTAL	583	309

Jamaica

Distributions of tarpaulins and plastic sheets are ongoing. Information related to the distribution will be available upon completion of the distribution cycle in the next Operations Update.

The planning for the roofing repair project has commenced. All activities related to the repair of roofs in the damaged houses will be coordinated with the Office of National Reconstruction (ONR) and, as required, the Ministry of Labour and Social Services (MLSS). The procurement of tool kits and zinc roofing material is underway according to Federation standard procedures. New requisitions have been sent to PADRU to fulfil the requirements for 1,295 tarpaulins.

Cayman Islands

Relief distributions have been successfully completed in the Cayman Islands and a total of 1,900 tarpaulins have reached the hands of beneficiaries. The project to repair damaged roofs in Cayman Islands will be implemented in three phases. The first phase will consist mostly of a damage and needs assessment followed by a second phase of selection of beneficiaries. Uninsured families with children under five and/or elderly and disabled persons will be given priority in this selection. The third phase will consist of the actual repair of damaged roofs. To date, the Cayman Islands Recovery Fund has received completed request forms from 1,000 families. The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch will now start to select beneficiary families from within this group for the roofing repair project.

Impact

The repairs of damaged roofs already underway in Grenada and Jamaica and scheduled to start soon in the Cayman Islands are allowing beneficiary families to return home, recover from the impact of the disaster and reduce their vulnerabilities towards severe weather conditions.

Constraints

The complexity of the criteria for the selection of beneficiaries for the roofing repair project has caused some delays in its implementation. Several factors must be considered during the selection process, including the extent of the damage sustained by each home, the available financial resources of the affected families, insurance and land ownership issues.

Water and Sanitation

Objective: The water and sanitation needs for 17,000 vulnerable families (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba) have been assessed, and a plan has been developed to deliver the planned assistance in this sector.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)**Grenada**

The first water bladder provided by the Federation is still operating in St. David parish, where the water supply system is the worst affected and is providing water to approximately 3,000 people. The treatment plant will be in service throughout the week of 25 October, at the end of which it is expected that the water supply system will have been fully repaired in St. David parish.

National Water and Sewerage Authority (NAWASA), the GRCS and the Federation are considering setting up a new strategy for the use of the bladders for the coming week as there has been some difficulty in supplying water to communities in the higher elevations in St. Patrick and St. Mark parishes. The GRCS and the Federation are planning to install bladders in these areas, provided that security is good and there is an appropriate location available.

Plastic sheeting from Federation stocks have been given to OXFAM to set up 100 emergency latrines for communities living in shelters. The GRCS and the Federation will monitor the sanitation condition in shelters in order to determine the need for hygiene kits.

Jamaica

The National Water Commission (NWC), in cooperation with supporting agencies, continues to meet the water needs of the majority of the population affected by the hurricane through the restoration of water systems and increased trucking services. Assessments continue but have scaled down in intensity as the needs of communities have been addressed.

A requisition has been forwarded to Panama for the purchase of 3,000 1-gallon containers of chlorine. It is expected that these containers will be distributed to 3,000 families in the affected area and will provide these families with clean water for three months. An additional 3,000 gallons will be provided to beneficiaries later in the operation. Another requisition has been forwarded to Panama for the purchase of 3,440 20-litre jerry cans to supplement the existing stocks of 3,112 jerry cans. Two jerry cans will be provided to each family covered by the appeal.

To facilitate community training in water treatment, personal hygiene and personal insect protection, the Pan American Health Organisation (PAHO) health systems and services development advisor was approached with regards to training material relevant for the local communities. The JRC and PAHO are coordinating activities to ensure a common approach for training material and sessions, including community-based health aids. The first training session took place in Alexandria, in St. Ann parish, on 8 October, targeting 30 participants representing beneficiary communities. The next two workshops will be held in Clarendon and St. Elizabeth parishes.

The extent of the mosquito problem following the disaster is exceeding local capacities. The JRC is cooperating with the Ministry of Health on the vector control programme with the provision of insecticide. Ministry of Health is providing insecticide spray within targeted areas. A total of 2,750 kg of insecticide are being procured for this joint vector control programme, implemented by the JRC and the Ministry of Health.

Cayman Islands

With the exception of the population of the Eastern District, all affected communities in Cayman Islands have access to clean water. The Red Cross is therefore prioritizing awareness campaigns not only on the importance of consuming safe water, but also focusing on other public health and disaster preparedness issues. The campaign activities are based on the distribution of printed materials. House to house distributions of leaflets were planned to start during this reporting period. However the information materials have not been delivered on time and activities were therefore delayed but will start as soon as possible.

Other activities in addition to the Federation appeal:

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch is expecting a total of 15,000 bottles of water donated by Miller International, which are due to be delivered shortly. This water will be distributed in the areas still lacking access to clean water in the Eastern District. The distribution will be carried out by Red Cross volunteers.

Impact

The distribution of clean water and sanitation supplies, accompanied by public health awareness campaigns, has contributed to reduce the vulnerability of affected families to the spread of vector and water-borne diseases.

Constraints

Lack of updated information from the affected parishes in Jamaica is hampering efforts to adapt planned relief activities to the evolving needs of the beneficiary families.

Family linking

Objective: In Grenada, Jamaica and the Cayman Islands people with missing family members will have received assistance from the Grenada Red Cross Society, the Jamaica Red Cross, and the Cayman Islands branch of the British Red Cross.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

Grenada Red Cross Society is continuing to work with telephone companies and through the local radio to facilitate family linking.

Jamaica

After a period with no tracing activities, several requests have been received by the Jamaica Red Cross. Measures are being taken to respond to these requests.

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch has not received any family linking requests because a telephone company continued operating during the storm, allowing people to communicate.

Psychosocial support

Objective: vulnerable families will have benefited from psychosocial support to assist them in recovering from the effects of the hurricane.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

A total of 32 out of the 50 Red Cross volunteers involved in the relief operation have been debriefed at the St. George's University Medical School. The university will also provide training for ten volunteers to enable them to offer outreach psychosocial support to the affected communities.

The Jamaica Red Cross psychosocial support team has arrived in Grenada to initiate psychosocial activities. This team consists of two counsellors, a disaster mental health psychiatrist and a clinical psychologist. They are meeting volunteers in the field and offering them informal talks. On 20 October the team started an intensive four-day psychosocial support workshop for Grenada Red Cross Society volunteers and other National Society staff that will be operating in the field. A needs assessment for the future psychosocial support project is being conducted in cooperation with other relevant stakeholders, such as the Ministry of Education, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Social Services and St. George's University.

Jamaica

The Jamaica Red Cross psychosocial support team is currently in Grenada to implement planned activities within the plan of action. The team is providing counselling and training sessions for the GRCS staff and volunteers.

Cayman Islands

Psychosocial support activities have been planned for the end of October and will be facilitated by the Jamaica Red Cross. The aim of the planned activities is to provide psychosocial counselling to Red Cross staff and volunteers who have been directly affected by the disaster and were involved in relief distribution.

Impact

The experience of the psychosocial support team confirms the importance of providing psychological care in the aftermath of major disasters. Although it is difficult to measure the impact of such intervention, people assisted did express their appreciation for the care and support. It is also clear that psychosocial support may be more readily accepted if it is accompanied by concrete benefits which help those affected by disasters to cope and recover.

Strengthening of preparedness and response

Objective: The capacity of the Grenada Red Cross Society, the Jamaica Red Cross, the Cayman Islands branch of the British Red Cross, and the Cuban Red Cross and vulnerable communities in disaster response and preparedness will have been strengthened.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

A Plan of Action has been designed jointly by the GRCS and the Federation with particular focus on resource development, including computer software and hardware components and radio equipment. Within this objective, the Grenada Red Cross Society has been equipped with HF hand set radios and VHF radio equipment, which will improve communications in emergency response operations in the future. In addition, two vehicles have been received for the operations in the field to facilitate the work of the team.

Jamaica

The capacity of the National Society is being strengthened through their participation in the relief operation and JRC staff are now familiar with standard Federation operating procedures. However, there is a clear need for further training in logistics. Preparations for a warehouse management training course are underway. The course will be facilitated by the Federation logistics delegate.

New requisitions have been sent to PADRU for one complete set of HF and VHF radios and one computer. This equipment will enhance communications between the branches and the National Society's headquarters and will improve the effectiveness of the ongoing relief operation.

Cayman Islands

Activities in the Cayman Islands are continuing to focus on the planned replenishment of the Red Cross' emergency relief stocks, based on the needs that arose from this disaster.

Federation Coordination

In Grenada, Federation representatives are participating in weekly interagency meetings to coordinate efforts and share information with other national and international agencies operating in the country.

In Jamaica, coordination meetings led by UNDP continue to be held twice a week with the participation of the Federation.

In Cayman Islands, the Overseas Branch is working in cooperation and coordination with the Cayman Islands Recovery Fund and the Department of Social Services in the implementation of the operation.

Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement -- Principles and initiatives

- Relief activities being carried out are based on the Fundamental Principles of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement.
- Beneficiary selection criteria focus on the vulnerability of those affected.
- Relief operations are being conducted with respect for the culture of the beneficiaries, ensuring gender sensitivity and prioritizing assistance to children and the elderly.
- Activities are based on the SPHERE Project humanitarian charter and the code of conduct for emergency response.
- Transparency is being ensured through the production of regular reports and news bulletins.
- All objectives put forward in the appeal are in line with Strategy 2010, as well as the Strategy for the Movement and the Principles and Rules of the Movement.

Communications – Advocacy and Public Information

A video on the Grenada Red Cross Society and International Federation's relief efforts has been produced. A video tape has also been prepared, documenting the first general distributions, including interviews with

international and regional delegates and the Regional Intervention Team. In addition, delegates, regional offices and national Red Cross staff have given interviews to local, national and international media.

The Jamaica Red Cross has maintained good media relations during the implementation of the relief phase of the operation and press releases are being shared with the national media regularly. National Society staff and volunteers have given several interviews, thereby giving more visibility to the operation and, more importantly, advocating for the needs of affected persons. At a recent forum held on the International Disaster Risk Reduction Day, the JRC took the opportunity to highlight the effects of Hurricane Ivan and the effects which could have been avoided if resources had been invested in the past on risk reduction programmes in communities.

In the Cayman Islands, the Red Cross has been using the government's radio station to communicate with the residents of the Cayman Islands, alerting them to the times and locations of relief distributions. The Director of the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch has been giving interviews detailing the work of the Red Cross in response to Hurricane Ivan, which have been featured in the country's two major newspapers. In addition, the plan of action that has been drawn up includes activities that will ensure that the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch is more active in working with the local media.

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)

Caribbean - hurricane Ivan

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 21/2004

PLEDGES RECEIVED

22/10/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->	6,033,000					TOTAL COVERAGE 65.4%
AMERICAN - PRIVATE DONOR				93	22.09.04	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT	100,000	AUD		87,150	15.10.04	
AUSTRIAN - RC	35,000	EUR		53,935	24.09.04	
BARBADOS - RC	49,640	USD		62,770	30.09.04	GRENADA & OTHER COUNTRIES AFFECTED
BERMUDA - GOVT/RC	175,000	USD		221,288	12.10.04	
BRITISH - RC	50,000	GBP		114,300	21.09.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	495,000	CAD		464,310	10.09.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	50,000	CAD		46,900	10.09.04	DREF REPLENISHMENT
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	346,500	CAD		325,017	10.09.04	
DANISH - GOVT	4,154	USD		5,252	15.09.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
ECHO	842,000	EUR		1,307,205	05.10.04	
IRISH - GOVT	200,000	EUR		310,500	14.09.04	
IRISH - GOVT	150,000	EUR		232,875	06.10.04	GRENADA
JAPANESE - RC	157,200	USD		198,779	28.09.04	
MONACO - RC	8,000	EUR		12,420	11.10.04	
PRIVATE DONORS				8,335	14.10.04	
SWEDISH - RC	800,000	SEK		134,000	15.09.04	
SWISS - RC				100,000	15.09.04	GRENADA
SWISS - PRIVATE DONORS				2,050	01.10.04	
WHO STAFF				2,000	01.10.04	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				3,689,179	CHF	61.1%

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
BRITISH -RC		45,245	GBP	103,430	15.09.04	ERU LOGISTICS, EQUIPMENT, PERSONNEL
DANISH - GOVT		116,100	USD	146,808	15.09.04	6738 PCES PLASTIC SHEETING
SWISS - RC				8,800	17.09.04	LOGISTICS DELEGATE
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				259,038	CHF	4.3%

Caribbean - hurricane Ivan

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 21/2004

PLEDGES RECEIVED

22/10/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				0	CHF	