

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

CARIBBEAN: HURRICANE IVAN

19 November 2004

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

In Brief

Appeal No. 21/2004; Operations Update no. 11; Period covered: 22 October - 15 November 2004; Appeal coverage: 94.3 %; ([click here to go directly to the attached Contributions List, also available on the website](#)).

Appeal history:

- Launched on 10 September 2004 for CHF 1,752,697 (USD 1,389,560 or EUR 1,137,899) for 6 months to assist 10,000 beneficiaries (2,000 families).
- Revised on 15 September 2004 for CHF 6,033,000 (USD 4,764,410 or EUR 3,910,502) for 6 months to assist 85,000 beneficiaries (17,000 families) in Grenada, Jamaica, the Cayman Islands and Cuba.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 300,000.

Given the developing nature of this disaster, the preliminary revised appeal will be readjusted to respond to the needs from the passage of Hurricane Ivan in the Caribbean, in accordance with the results of on-going assessments. The Federation's approach to this operation and the strategy outlined in the appeal are intended to be flexible; donors are encouraged to provide timely support, with minimum earmarking.

Outstanding needs : CHF 341,567

Related Emergency or Annual Appeals: Caribbean Annual Appeal (Appeal 01.52/2004), Pan American Disaster Response Unit (PADRU) Annual Appeal (Appeal 01.51/2004)

Operational Summary: Emergency relief distributions have been completed in Grenada and the Cayman Islands and are expected to be completed shortly in Jamaica. The Grenada Red Cross Society (GRCS) is continuing to distribute relief supplied received from sister National Societies in the region outside the framework of the emergency appeal. A letter is being drafted to acknowledge the generous support of the Caribbean National Societies in response to the emergency. The next phase of the operation, which includes the provision of roofing materials and psychosocial support activities, is now underway. In Grenada, assessments have been finalized and at total of 80 percent of beneficiaries living in the three worst affected parishes in the country will be targeted for the zinc roofing project. This project includes distributions of zinc sheeting, tools and nails, as well as construction assistance when required. In Jamaica, the zinc roofing project has begun and distributions are scheduled to be completed by the end of December. Revised plans of action are currently being developed for the Cayman Islands, Grenada and Jamaica to address the evolving needs of the beneficiary population.

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

- In Grenada: Mr Terry Charles, Director General, Grenada Red Cross Society; email grrcs@caribsurf.com
- In Jamaica: Ms. Yvonne Clarke, Director General, email: yvonneclarke@jamaicaredcross.org; phone (1 876) 984 7860; fax; (1 876) 984 8272

- *In the Cayman Islands: Mrs. Jondo Malafa Obi, Director, Cayman Islands Red Cross: phone (1 345) 917 2345*
- *In Cuba: Cuban Red Cross, Dr. Luis Foyo Ceballos, Executive President; email, crsn@infomed.sld.cu phone (1 537) 269 0100*
- *In Grenada: Tracy Reines, Grenada Operation Head of Office, e-mail ifrcgd0202@ifrc.org, phone (1 246) 266 5611*
- *In Jamaica: Simon Little, Jamaica Operation Head of Office, e-mail ifrcjm02@ifrc.org, phone (1 876) 984-7860*
- *In Trinidad and Tobago: Grete Stormoen, Sub Regional Operations Coordinator, e-mail ifrc12@ifrc.org phone (1 868) 627 2665; fax (1868) 627 9627*
- *In Panama: Nelson Castaño, Pan American Disaster Response Unit e-mail In Panama: Nelson Castaño; email ifrcpa07@ifrc.org, phone (507) 316-1001, fax (507) 316-1082*
- *In Geneva: Olaug Bergseth, Americas Department, e-mail olaug.bergseth@ifrc.org, phone (41 22) 730 4535; fax (41 22) 733 0395*
- *In Geneva: Eva Calvo, Strategic Communications, e-mail; eva.calvo@ifrc.org; phone (41 22) 730 4357; fax (41 22) 733 0395*

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Background

Hurricane Ivan, the most powerful hurricane to hit the Caribbean in ten years, moved through the region for more than a week, damaging homes, buildings and infrastructure, and causing at least 30 deaths thus far. The storm originated in the south eastern Caribbean where it gradually gathered in strength before moving towards populated land. Ivan was a category 3 hurricane on the Saffir-Simpson scale when it passed by **Barbados**, **St. Lucia**, **St. Vincent and the Grenadines**, and **Trinidad and Tobago** on Tuesday, 7 September killing one person in Tobago and one in Barbados. In the Grenadines, the islands of Carriacou, Palm Island and Petit Martinique experienced widespread damage. Populations in low lying coastal areas of Tobago were evacuated to shelters and over 560 people were accommodated in seven shelters on the island on Tuesday, 7 September; most schools and businesses were closed on both Trinidad and Tobago. The storm also damaged hundreds of homes and cut off utilities.

Ivan then strengthened into a category 4 hurricane as it hit **Grenada** on Tuesday evening, bringing sustained winds of 220 kilometres per hour. Several hundred people from low-lying areas of Saint George's, the Grenadian capital, were evacuated in anticipation of potential flooding. At least people died and approximately 90 percent of the country's homes sustained damage. Water, electricity and telephone services were all cut off. Approximately 60,000 people were in need of assistance and approximately 5 thousand people were accommodated in 145 official and ad hoc shelters. The hurricane caused structural damage to nearly every major building in the Grenadian capital of Saint George's, including the island's emergency operations centre, prime minister's residence, several schools, the main hospital and a nearby prison. Also among the damaged buildings was the Grenada Red Cross Society headquarters. Given the situation of chaos following the hurricane strike, were major problems of looting. In response, a dusk-to-dawn curfew was put into effect and the Regional Security System was brought in to support local law enforcement authorities.

Ivan flooded parts of northern **Venezuela** at it moved northwest through the Caribbean Sea, killing at least one person. In addition, there are reports that four youths in the **Dominican Republic** were swept away by a giant wave, although the storm was still around 300 kilometres away at the time. In **Haiti**, temporary shelters were set up in Nippes and ten houses were damaged in the North West Department. In the South Department, 830 people were evacuated as a result of flooding from rivers in spate and temporary shelters set up for 1,600 persons in five communes. The Haitian National Red Cross Society distributed hygiene kits to those evacuated.

Jamaica also sustained serious damages on Saturday, 11 September as a result of Hurricane Ivan, although the storm did not make direct landfall. The country was pounded with winds nearing 250 kilometres per hour, heavy rains and tidal surges, and at least 15 people were killed. There was extensive damage to roofs and roads, and downed trees and utility poles made several roads impassable. There were also reports of numerous landslides across the country. Electricity and water services were shut off pending further evaluations of the damages.

Officials had urged 500,000 people to evacuate high-risk areas, but many residents chose to stay because of fears of looting.

The hurricane strengthened into a category 5 storm as it moved away from Jamaica, but then weakened again slightly to a category 4 storm before it began battering the *Cayman Islands* on Sunday, 12 September, causing one death. The eye of the storm did not make direct landfall in the islands, but brought winds of 240 kilometres per hour. Heavy rains and winds continued throughout the day on Sunday and into the night, flooding parts of low-lying Grand Cayman Island. Most residents and visitors in high-risk areas had been evacuated or relocated to shelters. The Bodden Town Civic Centre, a designated shelter, collapsed at the height of the hurricane and the shelter occupants were evacuated in 155 mph winds. Some 90 per cent of the West Bay area of Grand Cayman suffered damage. The sewage system collapsed and the Eastern District was cut off.

Once again a category 5 storm, Hurricane Ivan moved towards western Cuba and the Yucatan Channel on Monday, 13 September. The Cuban Red Cross (CRC) kept the population constantly informed through a television spot entitled "What to do in case of a Hurricane". Eight provinces: Pinar del Río, Habana, Ciudad Habana, Matanzas, Villa Clara, Cienfuegos, Sancti Spiritus and the Municipality of Isla de la Juventud were on hurricane alert. The storm passed the western tip of the country on Monday night 13 September, bringing heavy rain and storm surges, with waves of up to three metres. The Federation's assistance and support to the Cuban Red Cross and the affected population in Cuba, in response to Hurricane Ivan, is separate and distinct from that reflected and planned in the response to Hurricane Charley (refer to the Federation Request for Assistance no. 20/2004 launched on 8 September, 2004).

In Mexico, hundreds of people abandoned fishing villages within the hurricane's projected path; some 5,000 people were ordered to evacuate islands and coastal areas along the peninsula, and 239 shelters were set up in Cancun to house residents and tourists. Fortunately, the path of Hurricane Ivan remained sufficiently distant from the peninsula to avoid causing any major damage.

After moving north through the Gulf of Mexico, Ivan made landfall in the southern United States during the early morning of Thursday, 16 September, where it caused at least 20 deaths before weakening to a tropical storm as it moved further inland. The worst damages were in the state of Florida, where Ivan created at least 12 tornadoes and storm surges of 10 to 16 feet.

Operational developments

A meeting to discuss the implementation of the Hurricane Ivan relief operation was held on 27-29 October in the Trinidad Sub Regional Operations Office. The meeting included updates of progress made thus far and discussions of the future of the operation. The plans of action in the Cayman Islands, Grenada and Jamaica are currently being revised by the Federation and the National Societies and Overseas Branch to respond to evolving needs of the affected populations. The sub regional operations manager also visited Jamaica and the Cayman Islands to follow up on the meeting and to discuss operational issues.

In *Grenada*, the relief distribution phase has been finalized. The focus is now on the rehabilitation phase, including preparations for the zinc roofing distributions, psychological support activities and strengthening the National Society's disaster response capacities. In addition, a delegate from the British Red Cross is currently in the country to examine the possibility of implementing an agricultural support programme that would assist local farmers, as well as the local economy, in recovering from the disaster.

In *Jamaica* relief distributions of non-food items and plastic sheeting are ongoing, while the distribution of food items has been completed. The main focus of the operation in Jamaica continues to be on relief distributions, which are scheduled to be completed soon. Once this phase of the operation has been completed, the focus will shift to rehabilitation activities such as roofing and capacity building within the National Society. In addition, the Jamaica Red Cross (JRC) has taken the lead role in psychosocial support activities in the region. A project manager for the psychosocial support project has been appointed for three months. The JRC is continuing to provide support to its own staff and volunteers, and has also implemented training sessions in Grenada and the Cayman Islands to support the psychosocial support activities in these countries.

In the *Cayman Islands*, the emergency distribution phase has been finalized. The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch of the British Red Cross is now beginning the rehabilitation phase of the operation, and work has begun on repairs to the branch headquarters.

Red Cross and Red Crescent action - objectives, progress, impact

Emergency relief (food and non-food)

Objective: 17,000 vulnerable families, or 85,000 persons (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba), will have benefited from the provision of food and non-food items to assist them in recovering from the effects of the hurricane.

Grenada

In Grenada, this objective was implemented according to the revised appeal. Food and non-food distributions were finalized on 8 October 2004. In total, 10,000 food parcels and 8,000 hygiene kits were distributed to 10,000 families in all six parishes over a three week period, as planned.

In addition to relief items received by the Grenada Red Cross Society through the emergency appeal, additional donations continue to be received in addition to the appeal. These additional items are exceeding the warehousing capacities of the GRCS, which has made it necessary to extend warehousing and logistical support from the Federation for an additional two months, until 15 December. This will allow the GRCS to continue responding to the needs of the vulnerable communities.

The Federation is continuing to support the National Society's ongoing distributions of additional relief items. The GRCS is preparing an announcement of acknowledgements to express appreciation and gratitude to the sister National Societies in the region that supported the relief effort in Grenada. This announcement will also state that sufficient resources have been received and there are no further needs in this regard.

Jamaica

In Jamaica, distributions of food items have been completed and distributions of non-food relief items are continuing. A total of 7,500 families have been targeted for distributions of food parcels, kitchen sets, bed sheets and blankets. To date, the following items have been received and distributed by the Jamaica Red Cross:

Item	Received	Distributed
Food parcels	9,000	9,000
Kitchen sets	3,000	2,508
Hygienic kits	4,500	2,698
Bed sheets	3,000	3,000
Blanket	15,000	15,000

In addition, to the above items, 1,851 jerry cans have been distributed. The joint JRC and Federation team also plans to procure and distribute other relief items, such as mattresses, and to develop monitoring plans at the branch level.

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch of the British Red Cross has completed relief distributions to 1,000 affected families, and no further relief distributions are anticipated. However, the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch is continuing to support affected families through the provision of clothing and other items that are received locally through a thrift shop run by volunteers. The shop is currently closed for cleaning and will reopen shortly.

Shelter

Objective: 17,000 vulnerable families (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba) have been able to return home as a result of the provision of shelter materials.

Grenada

This objective includes two components: emergency distributions of tarpaulins as a temporary solution to cover damaged roofs, and a post-emergency zinc roofing project aimed at providing beneficiary families with roofing materials to enable them to repair roofs and return to normal life. The first phase has now been completed as 20,000 tarpaulins were distributed to 10,000 families in all six parishes on the island.

The post-emergency zinc roofing project was originally planned to reach 800 families with 1,600 zinc sheets, ridge caps and construction tools; however, the positive response to this appeal has enabled the GRCS and Federation team to increase the number of beneficiaries to 1,000 families with 20,000 zinc sheets. Families are being selected based on vulnerability, structural damage, ability to absorb assistance and home ownership criteria. Targeting of families has now been completed as trained GRCS volunteers finalized a house-to-house assessment, identifying 980 beneficiary houses for the project. A total of 80 percent of the families living in the three most severely affected parishes are scheduled to receive materials and any necessary labour assistance during the first week of December.

Parish	No. Districts Assessed	No. Houses Approved
St. George	44	344
St. Andrew	49	280
St. David	25	200
St. Patrick	10	87
St. John	12	55
St. Mark	3	14
TOTAL	143	980

The purchase process has started, according to the Federation's logistics procedures and it is expected that the zinc material will be purchased shortly. In total, 1,000 families in Grenada will receive 20,000 zinc sheets, 3,000 ridge caps, and 1,000 construction tool kits.

Jamaica

Distributions of plastic sheets are being carried out, which are helping people to return to their homes through providing a temporary shelter from the ongoing seasonal rains. To date, a total of 4,171 pieces of plastic sheeting have been distributed to 3,000 families. The final consignment of plastic sheeting is scheduled to arrive in Jamaica on 25 November.

Preparations have started for the zinc roofing project. Activities will include needs assessments in cooperation with the Office of National Reconstruction (ONR) and JRC branches. Procurement of 12,000 zinc sheets to repair 600 houses is underway. Additionally, beneficiary families will receive tool kits. JRC volunteers and partner organizations will be identified for day labour to help carry out repairs. This will be coordinated with the ONR and the Ministry of Labour and Social Services.

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch has distributed tarpaulins to 1,000 families to protect them from rains. Future activities will be discussed in the revised plan of action for the Cayman Islands.

Impact

Distributions of tarpaulins and the roofing projects currently being implemented are allowing beneficiaries to return to their homes, recover from the impact of the disaster and reduce their vulnerability towards severe weather conditions.

Constraints

In addition to vulnerability, several additional factors must be considered when selecting beneficiaries to participate in the zinc roofing project, including the extent of damage to homes, available financial and insurance resources, land ownership, physical status of houses, and construction regulations. All these aspects must be taken into consideration, which requires technical expertise, data processing, time and human resources.

Water and Sanitation

Objective: The water and sanitation needs for 17,000 vulnerable families (10,000 families in Grenada, 3,000 families in Jamaica, 1,000 families in the Cayman Islands, and 3,000 families in Cuba) have been assessed, and a plan has been developed to deliver the planned assistance in this sector.

Grenada

Activities under this objective were completed on 1 November 2004. Water supplies in the islands have been restored, with the exception of St. David parish, where there is still a shortage of water. No further activities in this field will be undertaken. This decision has been made based on the results of needs assessments and monitoring of the water situation carried out by the GRCS/Federation teams, in coordination with the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO) and OXFAM. In addition, the GRCS does not have a direct mandate in water supply issues, which is the responsibility of the National Water and Sewerage Authority (NAWASA).

The number of hygiene kits to be distributed has been reduced from 10,000 to 7,000 kits, based upon the existing needs. Remaining stocks of water purification tablets/sachets and collapsible jerry cans will be handed over to the GRCS to replenish disaster preparedness stocks, while equipment, spare parts and supplies will be given to NAWASA on the basis of an agreement between NAWASA and the Red Cross.

In total, the following items will be handed over to the Grenada Red Cross Society and NAWASA

Items	Recipient
980 collapsible jerry cans	GRCS
30,000 water purification sachets	GRCS
30,000 water purification tablets	GRCS
Bladders, spare parts and water pump	NAWASA

Jamaica

Water services have now been restored across the island. Chlorine and jerry cans have arrived and distributions of these items are ongoing. Insecticide has also been purchased and delivered to the Ministry of Health.

To facilitate community training in water treatment, personal hygiene and personal protection against insects, the PAHO Health Systems and Services Development Advisor was approached with regards to training material relevant for the local communities. The JRC and PAHO are coordinating activities to ensure a common approach on training material and sessions, including the community based health aids.

The concept of a cross-agency common approach towards training was discussed and agreed. The first training session took place in Alexandria, St. Ann parish, on 8 October, targeting 30 participants representing beneficiary communities. The workshops are being facilitated through a partnership with PAHO and will be replicated in other parishes. According to the plan, the next two workshops will be in Clarendon and St. Elizabeth parishes.

Cayman Islands

A total of 1,900 tarpaulins have been distributed to 1,000 families during the emergency distribution phase. Future activities will be considered in the revised plan of action.

Family linking

Objective: In Grenada, Jamaica and the Cayman Islands people with missing family members will have received assistance from the Grenada Red Cross Society, the Jamaica Red Cross, and the Cayman Islands branch of the British Red Cross.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

Although the GRCS has expertise in this area and there was a need to implement activities in tracing and family linking, implementation of this objective was not possible at the beginning of the operation due to the disruption of all telecommunications systems in the country. For more than three weeks telephone lines were not functioning regularly. Despite the difficulties in providing linking services, the GRCS was able to address many of the tracing needs through working with the telephone company and the local radio station. After telecommunications systems were restored, family linking was no longer a priority. No further activities in family linking are being planned by the GRCS.

Jamaica

No major tracing activities have been implemented by the Jamaica Red Cross and the National Society plans to reconsider this objective as it is no longer a priority. Telephone land lines and cell phones are now operating throughout the country, making connections available.

Cayman Island

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch has not received any family linking requests because a telephone company continued operating during the storm, allowing people to communicate. This objective is no longer considered a priority.

Psychosocial support

Objective: Vulnerable families will have benefited from psychosocial support to assist them in recovering from the effects of the hurricane.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

This objective aims to provide affected communities in Grenada with psychosocial support to prevent severe depression through raising awareness of normal stress reactions and healthy ways to cope with them. To date, the following activities have been implemented:

- Debriefing of Grenada Red Cross Society volunteers.
- Dissemination of basic psychosocial first aid knowledge and skills to GRCS volunteers and training of GRCS volunteers and staff in community based outreach psychosocial support strategies, carried out by the Jamaica Red Cross psychosocial support team. Trained Red Cross volunteers have now begun community outreach services, including sessions at local schools.
- A network made up of the JRC, the GRCS, St. George's University and the Soroptimist Clubs of Jamaica and Grenada has been established to exchange and provide advice on psychosocial support. Discussions have been held with the university to formalize counselling courses.
- Research has begun to bring forward innovative ideas to promote psychosocial well-being and brochures to address psychosocial support needs have been produced.

Jamaica

The JRC psychosocial support team has been providing support to the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch and the Grenada Red Cross Society to address the psychosocial support needs in these countries. The Jamaica Red Cross has appointed a psychosocial support project manager to oversee psychosocial support activities. In addition, psychosocial support sessions are ongoing in Jamaica to assist the JRC staff. The JRC psychosocial support team is currently looking at the possibility of carrying out activities targeting children who have been affected by the disaster.

Cayman Islands

The Jamaica Red Cross has carried out psychological support sessions for volunteers and staff from the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch, contributing to a cross-regional solution towards coping with the effects of disaster.

Impact

Trained GRCS volunteers provided positive feedback on the JRC psychological support services. This activity is contributing to good practices, helping those affected by the disaster to recover.

Strengthening of preparedness and response

Objective: The capacity of the Grenada Red Cross Society, the Jamaica Red Cross, the Cayman Islands branch of the British Red Cross, and the Cuban Red Cross and vulnerable communities in disaster response and preparedness will have been strengthened.

Progress/Achievements (activities implemented within this objective)***Grenada***

Clearing of the GRCS compound has begun and rehabilitation of the National Society's headquarters will start within a few days. The process of purchasing a vehicle for the National Society has also begun. In addition, a British Red Cross delegate has arrived to start the assessment for an agricultural support project that is being considered as a means of helping the local population to recover from the effects of the hurricane.

Jamaica

The priority in Jamaica continues to be the distribution of emergency relief items. Once the emergency phase of the operation has been completed, the focus will shift to strengthening the National Society's disaster preparedness and response capacities. A revised plan of action is currently being drafted, in consultation with the JRC.

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch building sustained considerable damage from the hurricane. The building was insured and after the assessment carried out by the insurance company, costs for renovation will be covered by the company. Renovation of the headquarters has now begun.

Federation Coordination***Grenada***

The Federation and the GRCS continue to coordinate efforts and share information with other national and international agencies present in the country.

Jamaica

Throughout the emergency phase of the operation, the JRC and the Federation team have been in close contact with the Office of Disaster Preparedness and Emergency Management (ODPEM). The JRC maintains a presence in the ODPEM. Planned activities, distribution plans, transportation resources and relief supply lists are shared on a regular basis. During the rehabilitation phase the JRC will work closely with the Office of National Reconstruction. The JRC also has representation in the Jamaican Customs Agency. A partner organization is currently being sought to assist the JRC and the Federation in carrying out the scheduled roofing project. If a partner is not found, the JRC and Federation team will recruit paid teams to ensure that deadlines are met.

Cayman Islands

The Cayman Islands Overseas Branch is working in cooperation with national authorities. The head of office in Jamaica will undertake the responsibility to coordinate the operation managed by the Cayman Islands Overseas Branch within this emergency appeal.

Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement -- Principles and initiatives

- Relief activities being carried out are based on the Fundamental Principles of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement.
- Beneficiary selection criteria focus on the vulnerability of those affected.
- Relief operations are being conducted with respect for the culture of the beneficiaries, ensuring gender sensitivity and prioritizing assistance to children and the elderly.

- Activities are based on the SPHERE Project humanitarian charter and the code of conduct for emergency response.
- Transparency is being ensured through the production of regular reports and news bulletins.
- All objectives put forward in the appeal are in line with Strategy 2010, as well as the Strategy for the Movement and the Principles and Rules of the Movement.

Communications – Advocacy and Public Information

In Grenada, the following activities are ongoing to maintain communications with the public concerning the actions of the Red Cross, to raise the GRCS profile and to advocate for the needs of the affected people:

- The GRCS visibility plan is being finalized.
- The first advertising campaign “We Simply Do” is out in the local press and will be published for two weeks in three newspapers in the country: Grenada Today, Grenada Informer and Grenadian Voice.
- Television interviews were carried out with local television stations and for the CEDERA regional response documentary.

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)

Caribbean - hurricane Ivan

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 21/2004

PLEDGES RECEIVED

17/11/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->	6,033,000					TOTAL COVERAGE 94.3%
AMERICAN - PRIVATE DONOR				251	22.09.04	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT	100,000	AUD		87,150	15.10.04	
AUSTRIAN - RC	35,000	EUR		53,935	24.09.04	
BARBADOS - RC	49,640	USD		62,770	30.09.04	GRENADA & OTHER COUNTRIES AFFECTED
BARBADOS - PRIVATE DONOR	60,000	BBD		37,935	27.10.04	GRENADA TO PURCHASE ALUZINK
BERMUDA - GOVT/RC	175,000	USD		221,288	12.10.04	
BRITISH - RC	50,000	GBP		114,300	21.09.04	
BRITISH - GOVT/DFID	490,196	GBP		1,120,588	18.10.04	GRENADA, JAMAICA, CUBA: RELIEF NEEDS, OPERATIONAL NEEDS
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	495,000	CAD		464,310	10.09.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	50,000	CAD		46,900	10.09.04	DREF REPLENISHMENT
CANADIAN - GOVT/CIDA/IHA	346,500	CAD		325,017	10.09.04	
CANADIAN - RC	200,000	CAD		187,600	08.11.04	JAMAICA & GRENADA
DANISH - GOVT	4,154	USD		5,252	15.09.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
ECHO	842,000	EUR		1,307,205	05.10.04	
IRISH - GOVT	200,000	EUR		310,500	14.09.04	
IRISH - GOVT	150,000	EUR		232,875	06.10.04	GRENADA
JAPANESE - RC	157,200	USD		198,779	28.09.04	
MONACO - RC	8,000	EUR		12,420	11.10.04	
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC	67,470	NOK		12,651	22.09.04	POGRAMME SUPPORT
PRIVATE DONORS				12,646	14.10.04	
SWEDISH - RC	800,000	SEK		134,000	15.09.04	
SWISS - RC				100,000	15.09.04	GRENADE
SWISS - PRIVATE DONORS				50	01.10.04	
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO - PRIVATE DONOR	500,000	TTD		99,950	27.10.04	CAYMAN, JAMAICA
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC	5,000	USD		6,323	18.10.04	
WHO STAFF				2,000	01.10.04	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				5,156,695	CHF	85.5%

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
BRITISH -RC		45,245	GBP	103,430	15.09.04	ERU LOGISTICS, EQUIPMENT, PERSONNEL
DANISH - GOVT		116,100	USD	146,808	15.09.04	6738 PCES PLASTIC SHEETING
AMERICAN RC	DELEGATES			12,200		
NORWAY	DELEGATES			18,600		
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		1,288,000	NOK	241,500	22.09.04	2000 PCES TARPULINS, 5'000 PCES JERRYCANS, 26 ROLLS PLASTIC SHEETINGS, 2 PCES RUBBHALL, 100 PCES TENTS

Caribbean - hurricane Ivan

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 21/2004

PLEDGES RECEIVED

17/11/2004

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SWITZERLAND	DELEGATES			12,200		
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				534,738	CHF	8.9%

ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				0	CHF	