

# OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies  
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge  
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja  
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

## ASIA: EARTHQUAKE & TSUNAMIS

2 January, 2005

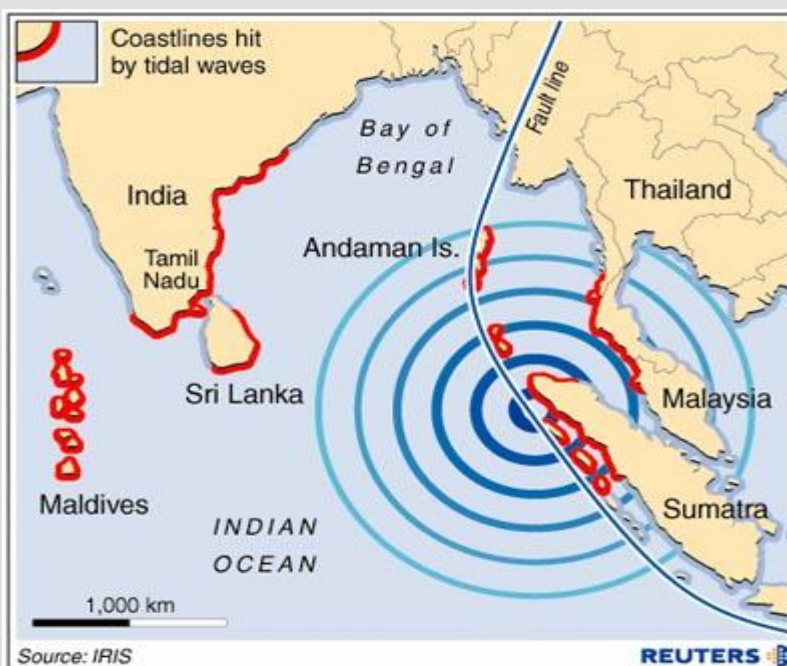
The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

### In Brief

Revised Preliminary Appeal No. 28/2004; Operations Update no. 6; Period covered: 1-2 January 2005; Appeal coverage: provisionally 106.4% ([click here to view the attached contributions list, also available on the Federation's website](#)).

#### Appeal history:

- Preliminary appeal launched on 26 December 2004 CHF 7,517,000 (USD 6,658,712 or EUR 4,852,932) for 6 months to assist 500,000 beneficiaries.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 1,000,000.
- Revised Preliminary Appeal issued on 30 December 2004, for CHF 67,005,000 (USD 59,152,246 or EUR 53,439,988) for 2 million beneficiaries for 6-8 months.
- The Preliminary Appeal was originally launched titled "Bay of Bengal: Earthquake and Tsunamis". The title was subsequently changed to "Asia: Earthquake and Tsunamis" in the Revised Preliminary Appeal launched on 29 December 2004.



For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

#### In Asia:

- India, New Delhi: Alan Bradbury; Regional Programme Coordinator; phone: +91 98 103-019-84; email: [ifrcin134@ifrc.org](mailto:ifrcin134@ifrc.org) or India: Bob McKerrow, Head of Regional Delegation, phone: +91 11 23324210/13; Azmat Ulla, Head of Delegation, +91 9810399650.
- Sri Lanka: Alisdair Gordon-Gibson; Federation Representative; phone: +94 77 755 7001.
- Indonesia: Latifur Rachman, DM Delegate; phone: + 62 811 826 624; fax: + 622 1718 0905 email: [ifrcid05@ifrc.org](mailto:ifrcid05@ifrc.org)
- Myanmar: Joanna Maclean, Head of Delegation, phone: +95 1 383686 email: [ifrcmm01@redcross.org](mailto:ifrcmm01@redcross.org)
- Thailand, Bangkok: Dr. Ian Wilderspin, Head of Disaster Risk Management Unit; phone +662 640 8211; fax: +662 661 8220; email: [ifreth22@ifrc.org](mailto:ifreth22@ifrc.org)

#### In Geneva:

- South Asia Desk, Ewa Eriksson-Fortier, Regional Officer, Federation Secretariat, Geneva; +41 22 730

4252, email: [ewa.eriksson@ifrc.org](mailto:ewa.eriksson@ifrc.org)

- Southeast Asia Desk, Charles Evans, Regional Officer, Geneva; phone:+ 41 22 730 4320; fax:+ 41 22 733 0395; email: [charles.evans@ifrc.org](mailto:charles.evans@ifrc.org)
- Media Department, Marie-Francois Borel or Sian Bowen, phone: + 41 22 730 4346 or 730 4296; email: [marie.francois.borel@ifrc.org](mailto:marie.francois.borel@ifrc.org) or [sian.bowen@ifrc.org](mailto:sian.bowen@ifrc.org)

*For Africa:*

- Nairobi Regional Delegation; Anitta Underlin, Federation Head of Eastern Africa Regional Delegation, Nairobi; email: [lifrcke03@ifrc.org](mailto:lifrcke03@ifrc.org); Phone 254.20.283.51.24; Fax 254.20.271.84.15; Reidar Schaanning, Federation Eastern Africa Regional Programme Coordinator, Nairobi; email: [ifrcke69@ifrc.org](mailto:ifrcke69@ifrc.org); Phone 254.20.283.52.41; Fax 254.20.271.84.15
- In Geneva: Josse Gillijns, Regional Officer for Eastern Africa, Africa Dept.; email: [josse.gillijns@ifrc.org](mailto:josse.gillijns@ifrc.org); Phone 41.22.730.42.24; Fax 41.22.733.03.95

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## Background

The magnitude 9.0 earthquake that struck the area off the western coast of northern Sumatra Sunday morning, 26 December 2004, at 7:59 am local time (00:59 GMT) triggered massive tidal waves, or tsunami's, that swept into coastal villages and seaside resorts. The earthquake epicenter was located at 3.30 N, 95.78E at a depth of 10 kilometres (see map above). The area is historically prone to seismic upheaval due to its location on the margins of tectonic plates, however tidal waves of this magnitude are rare, and therefore the level of preparedness was very low.

Seven days after the disaster, the casualty toll continues to mount. Latest estimated deaths are over 146,000 (this figure is now anticipated to rise to over 185,000), with over 525,000 injured, over 20,000 missing, close to 1,600,000 displaced, and over 1,000,000 estimated homeless (please see the summary document available on the Federation's Disaster Management Information System, or DMIS, at [https://www-secure.ifrc.org/dmis/response/dmi\\_respond.asp](https://www-secure.ifrc.org/dmis/response/dmi_respond.asp)). These figures are still expected to increase. Anticipating the need to immediately respond in a large and coordinated fashion, the International Federation immediately launched Preliminary Emergency Appeal no. 28/2004 on 26 December 2004 to support the immediate relief and assistance activities of the national societies in the affected countries, with a particular focus on Sri Lanka, Indonesia, India, and the Maldives. Support is also being provided to Thailand, Malaysia, and east African countries affected by the tsunamis. The Federation followed this up with a Revised Preliminary Appeal in order to be able to continue to respond to this unprecedented event (until the next full or revised appeal, the general objectives established in the revised preliminary appeal remain valid, and are copied below following the summary of assistance activities implemented to date.

The Federation has deployed its full complement of disaster response tools in the form of Field Assessment and Coordination Teams (FACT) and Emergency Response Units (ERUs) in the sectors of water and sanitation, health care, aid distribution, telecommunications, and logistics/transportation, and their daily reports are now arriving, providing a valuable source for the ongoing Federation response, and operational adjustments.

## Operational developments, and Red Cross action taken

### Coordination

Coordination mechanisms have been established and regular meetings are taking place in the field and the countries directly affected (with the ICRC, government authorities, NGO's, UNOCHA and UNDAC), in Geneva (with the ICRC and the UN's IASC Task Force on Tsunami-affected Countries), and in New York (with UNOCHA).

The International Federation is formally managing this operation from its Secretariat in Geneva, supported by its regional delegations in Bangkok and New Delhi and country delegations across the disaster zone, including Indonesia and Sri Lanka. An Operations Task Force is meeting daily, with the participation of Federation technical departments, and the ICRC.

The Federation and the ICRC have agreed a joint statement on the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement response to the disaster. In brief, the statement notes the unprecedented scale of the humanitarian needs, calls for our immediate and deep solidarity, and commitment to promoting and organizing an efficient and effective use of the international human, material and financial resources of the Movement throughout the region.

The agreement reflects a rapid projection of respective assets and capacities, on their historic involvement in the region, and on respective mandates. Broadly, the agreement consists of the following: the International Federation will provide the general overview of the regional operation and provide the strategy and general operational guidelines for the entire region. The Federation will also assume the general responsibilities on communications regarding the overall approach of the Movement to the region as the main Movement spokesperson. Host national societies will play a prominent role in establishing coordination mechanisms (nationally and internationally) and in the implementation of all activities. The International Federation will provide operational support and coordination of the international response of the components of the Movement for India (including the Andaman and Nicobar Islands), Thailand, the Maldives, Southern and Western area of Sri Lanka, Indonesia (except for the Aceh Province), as well as in the East Africa region (with the exception of Somalia).

The ICRC will provide operational coordination for the international response of the components of the Movement for the regions in the North and East of Sri Lanka, Aceh Province of Indonesia, Mon State and Tanintharyi Division in Myanmar as well as Somalia, areas in which it had been operational before the catastrophe. The ICRC will provide overall co-ordination for restoring family links efforts for the national societies in all countries affected by the disaster. The International Federation will lead the development of common country plans. Priorities for each country will be established at the field level, based on needs assessments in the various regions and responsibilities for implementation will be defined for each component and communicated within the coordination mechanisms.

In addition to the two preliminary appeals launched already by the Federation and the ICRC budget extension appeals for Sri Lanka and Aceh Province in Indonesia (on January 3, 2005), a fully coordinated and combined Red Cross and Red Crescent international appeal will be developed and launched later in January. This will include clear, and distinct, objectives and budgets for the activities to be coordinated by each institution.

### **Communications and logistics assistance**

In line with the Ericsson Company and Ericsson Response (a global initiative aimed at responding to human suffering caused by disasters that formalizes Ericsson's commitment based on its previous involvement and experience in various disaster response efforts throughout the world), efforts are underway to assist the Federation and national societies in bringing communication to the areas struck by the tsunamis. So far, two teams of Ericsson Response volunteers and a mini GSM system are on their way out.

Two Ericsson Response volunteers traveled to Sri Lanka to assist and cooperate with relief organizations in the area and assist Ericsson Sri Lanka in their efforts to help the victims of the disaster. A mini GSM system is on its way to Aceh in Indonesia. The network in the region is destroyed, and it is a priority to get a communication system up and running. The director of Ericsson Response and an Ericsson Response volunteer will travel to the area on Sunday, 2 January. Six satellite phones have been donated from Ericsson Indonesia and a further twenty satellite phones have been sent from Ericsson Response.

To further improve communications, Sony Ericsson has donated 1,300 mobile phones to be used by aid agencies in the area. 500 have been sent to Sri Lanka, and 500 are on their way to Indonesia. The remaining 300 are to be kept in Stockholm to be distributed to aid personnel as needed.

Significant logistics support is being is on the verge of being delivered, with eighty 5mt capacity trucks ready to be deployed from the Norwegian Red Cross. Sixty trucks will be transported to Indonesia, and twenty are reserved for further deployment as operational needs require. Transport details are under discussion (possibility of air

delivery of part of the consignment). [Click hereto view the attached detailed summary of items in the logistics pipeline, or those arrived.](#)

## Indonesia

The general situation in Aceh province appears to be improving with the gradual move of relief supplies into distribution points collocated with population centres within the province where those centres are accessible. The event is still being extensively reported in the international media with coverage focusing on the foreign military presence and available military resources to assist in contacting isolated communities and distributing relief aid. It appears that the lack of organized and systematic distribution remains problematic. The Indonesian military is repairing infrastructure including a bridge and immediate road access down the west coast of the province. Aftershocks in excess of 5.0 on the Richter scale continue in the area.

The Indonesian death toll now stands at 80,259. This figure is expected to rise in the coming weeks as access to the outlying areas improves. The final death toll is expected to exceed 100,000. The figures previously reported for injured and displaced have not changed. Assessments on damage to infrastructure and the destruction of public buildings and private dwellings continue. Figures provided to date are increasing daily. The inference from this number is that the reconstruction phase of the recovery process will be protracted.

It is again stressed that although commercial supplies of consumer goods to Banda Aceh are working, teams and personnel must deploy fully self-sustaining for transport, fuel, accommodation, food, water and ancillary administrative needs until advice to the contrary is given.

Humanitarian assistance including water, food, medicines, shelter and family kits is now moving into the area in greater volumes but securing adequate transport resources is the major concern. IOM is coordinating resources made available for general use, including foreign military transport aircraft and commercial trucks. Although the shortage is easing, fuel is still in short supply and stocks in Medan although adequate for local use are still not available for bulk filling.

Medan remains the staging area for all organisations moving to operate in Aceh province and the airport is closed occasionally without warning to normal operations. The focus of aid agencies now shifts to freeing up warehouse and storage capacity on the airfield and in the city.

Local authorities continue to assist in the evacuation of affected people to safe areas, providing shelter, emergency food and clean water. Health facilities are now being significantly improved. A comprehensive range of medicines and health team capabilities is now moving into Aceh.

The Indonesian government authorities have so far not constrained the activities of international aid agencies undertaking relief activities. It is assumed that the operations of these organizations will proceed unimpeded for as long as they remain deployed and humanitarian needs exist.

The UN Disaster Management Team, based in Banda Aceh, continues to initiate information sharing and coordinating relief efforts among humanitarian agencies. It is planned that all involved agencies and organizations work together to prevent unnecessary duplication of effort and optimize capability.

The Indonesia government will host an international tsunami summit on 6 January, aimed at garnering more emergency aid for the disaster-hit Indian Ocean region and to discuss future reconstruction needs. Heads of state or their special representatives from the ten-member Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN), as well as China, Japan, South Korea, India, Sri Lanka, Australia, New Zealand and the United States, would be invited. Representatives from the United Nations, the World Bank, the World Health Organisation, Asian Development Bank, and European Union will also be invited.

## Red Cross action in Indonesia

The situation in the field continues as previously reported, with the Indonesian Red Cross (PMI) disaster response (SATGANA) volunteers collecting bodies for burial and providing limited community support tasks. Numbers of SATGANA members from other PMI Chapters moving into the area are increasing. PMI teams are concentrated

in Banda Aceh, Lokseumawe and Meulaboh. The operations room in PMI national headquarters continues to be operational and coordinating relief efforts.

Thirty-two members of the National Special Disaster Response Team (Team KHUSUS) were dispatched to Meulaboh today to augment the PMI medical, rescue and relief personnel already deployed. The PMI secretary general is in Medan coordinating the PMI response into Aceh province. A combined PMI/ICRC/Federation assessment team has progressed to Lokseumawe, Banda Aceh and Meulaboh. The principal focus of operations will be on the west coast of Aceh province between Tapaktuang and Meulaboh with the bulk of the effort centred on Meulaboh.

Dedicated aircraft, road and sea transport assets are being arranged. A medium-range transport aircraft and cargo helicopters has already been sourced from Malaysia and is expected to arrive no later than 4 January. Sea transport options are also being considered.

The Federation FACT team has been active in Meulaboh and Banda Aceh. The team is working together with the ICRC team and incorporating their relief activities. The Federation regional programme coordinator, supported by a relief delegate, is facilitating the arrival of Red Cross personnel and equipment including reception and forward movement. A logistics delegate and a water-sanitation coordinator will join the team next week. More ERU team members are arriving. British and Australian Red Cross delegates of relief, water-sanitation, and logistics will be integrated into the Federation operational structure starting 4 January.

More specifically, the FACT mission reports that a Japanese Red Cross health ERU advance team of 4 members travelled today (2 January) to Meulaboh to establish a forward base camp, carrying their own food, water and tents. A main shipment of medical supplies is due to arrive tomorrow (3 January) from Japan. Two members of the Spanish Red Cross watsan ERU also flew to Meulaboh today to assess freshwater sources for the extent of saltwater contamination and to begin scouting potential locations for water processing equipment. The equipment for the watsan ERU arrived in Medan today. The Danish Red Cross logistics ERU is in transit bound for Medan. Two members have already arrived ahead of the main group and are supporting offloading operations at Medan airport.

An Icelandic Red Cross psychosocial support delegate has arrived in Medan and is working with the PMI national office counterpart planning field assessment. The intention is to support PMI volunteers who have been doing recovery and burial of bodies, to assess the well-being of the affected population, and to determine further PSP training requirements for PMI staff and volunteers.

Discussions are underway with the PMI Secretary-General regarding the establishment of temporary facilities for the Banda Aceh chapter because their office was completely destroyed. The fuel shortage situation in Banda Aceh is expected to improve with the initiative of the Pertamina Oil Company. A 4-tonne capacity cargo helicopter has been contracted and will go into service tomorrow.

An information-sharing meeting was conducted today (2 January) with the Governor of North Sumatra.

## **Malaysia**

Tidal waves and tsunamis that hit the coasts of Penang and Kedah in Malaysia killed 67 people. A local newspaper reports that relief centres in Kota Kuala Muda, Kedah now house 3,800 affected persons, whose immediate needs like food and clothing have been well provided for according to local authorities. Two primary schools serving as relief centres Kota Kuala Muda will reopen on 16 January instead of today to allow time for the state government to build longhouses as temporary settlements for those affected.

Property damage and the rebuilding of infrastructure however is still high on the Malaysian government's agenda, and they have pledged to spend MYR 4 million (CHF 1.19 million) to reconstruct and restore houses and village infrastructure in Penang, Langkawi and Kedah. Most of the victims of the tsunami are fishermen, who not only lost their homes but their livelihoods as well through the destruction of fishing boats and nets, and a quick disbursement of funds and assistance is necessary to ensure their survival. Over MYR 40 million (CHF 11.9

million) in damages is reported in the state of Kedah alone, much of it from the tourist island of Langkawi where many hotels, houses and luxury boats were ruined in the tsunami.

### Red Cross and Red Crescent action in Malaysia

All in-country Malaysian Red Crescent Society (MRCS) action is currently centred in the relief centres of Kota Kuala Muda, Kedah, consisting mainly of catering services to the beneficiaries and psychosocial support activities. In an effort to promote community-based self-reliance, the national society is attempting to involve the local community in mass cooking and adopt a supervisory role instead. Psychosocial support on the other hand is being provided to selected groups in the relief centres, and the team is also keeping the relief centre occupants occupied through the creation of various games and activities. These include group sewing and knitting lessons for adults, the provision of toys and adequate nutrition for the children's nursery as well as the organization of sports and games for the older children. The MRCS reports that the relief centres have so far received these activities well, and those counselors from the local government will soon join its ten-member volunteer team in providing psychosocial support. As the situation in Malaysia is very much under control, the government is taking over relief activities in the country and NGO endeavors will gradually cease over the next few months.

The MRCS catering unit carrying dry rations and cooking utensils will be leaving for Banda Aceh today at 5pm to serve an estimated 100 Malaysian rescue workers in Aceh who are currently only operating on one meal a day. A local paper reports that MRCS has managed to enlist the help of the Royal Malaysian Navy as well as the Air Force's Charlie C-130 aircraft to deliver all items to Banda Aceh. The national society now has volunteers in the medical, communications and catering areas working in Indonesia. According to a call received from the field at 8pm last night, the MRCS relief teams reported there is sufficient bottled water for now and there has yet to be any serious disease outbreaks. They are however in dire need of emergency medicines, especially infusion fluids, antibiotics and oral rehydration salts (ORS). The teams are also involved in the burying and cremating of bodies.

The local Buddhist association's generous donation of 20,000 body bags, antibiotics and infusion fluids will be airlifted to Aceh as soon as possible, while the first MRCS team will finish its term on 7 January 2005 and will be replaced.

### Myanmar

No further developments of the overall situation are available. The casualty figures available remain the same as in the previous report (Operations Update no. 5), and summarized below.

State/division	Township affected	Villages affected	Families affected	Deaths	Injuries	Missing	Boats damaged
Ayerwaddy (Irrawaddy)	Labutta Pya Pon Bogalay Nga Pu Tan	20	900	47	45	10	76
Taninthayi	Kawthoung	10	267	27	0	0	0
Rakhine	Sittwe	5	0	12	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1167</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>76</b>

### Red Cross and Red Crescent action in Myanmar

The Myanmar Red Cross response team has returned to the headquarters from the Irrawaddy delta. A full report is being compiled and photographs are en route to the Federation Bangkok regional delegation. A total of 200 family kits were distributed to the families affected in the delta area. This amount however is not sufficient to cope with the needs of the 900 families affected. An additional 500 kits are being released from the central warehouse to the Labutta branch. WFP offered their integrated support and through their network will add family rations of rice, pulses (beans), and biscuits to the Myanmar Red Cross relief assistance.

The Federation country delegation continues to work with the national society on a plan of action and budget. The Chinese Red Cross has made a direct contribution of USD 20,000 to the national society in support of their relief activities.

### Maldives

## Asia: Earthquake and Tsunamis; Revised Preliminary Appeal no. 28/2004; Operations Update no. 6

Based on the initial FACT mission assessment yesterday (1 January), an estimated 100,000 people, roughly a third of the population, could be said to be seriously impacted by the disaster. Efforts are underway to confirm that figure. The worst affected areas are on the exposed eastern side of the islands, particularly in the south and parts of the north. The central area around Male is relatively unaffected. The authorities are taking the situation seriously and have made commendable efforts to deliver relief to the roughly 200 inhabited islands, itself a daunting task given the logistical difficulties. The five islands so far visited by the FACT team (all to the north of Male), while clearly impacted by the Tsunami, do not give serious cause for concern with maybe one exception. The general population is working hard on the clear up operation and clearly local business interests are also providing assistance. Other than the UN agencies and the Federation team, to the Federation's knowledge the German THW organization, a Swiss disaster team, and an Australian team operating in the south are the only other actors at present. These three would appear to be focusing on water, and possibly health, issues.

The Federation watsan delegate has only just arrived on site and is in the process of looking more seriously at the situation and to liaise with the above mentioned agencies.

Health: from initial assessments is not a serious issue. The government is monitoring diarrheal diseases (no evidence of increase on baseline except slightly in Male because of the evacuation of sick people there, and no evidence of cholera or bloody diarrhoea at this stage); and viral diseases (no significant increases in viral fever, dengue fever). One regional and one atoll hospital are reportedly destroyed, but the rest appear intact and operational. The Government has deployed medical supplies to all hospitals and most health centres. There are adequate numbers of health personnel.

- Food: appears to be available, and the WFP is present and providing some food items.
- Shelter: of the 13 islands badly damaged, some 8,350 people have been evacuated to other islands. A total of 11,200 people (including those evacuated) are currently being sheltered in appropriate buildings run by the government and are being fairly well looked after. Many have requested tents to enable some evacuees to at least return to their islands and for those who have not been evacuated but whose houses have been badly damaged. The Federation FACT team will become more familiar with this situation before proposing any action.
- Logistics: with no national society in the Maldives and the extremely complicated logistics related to delivering supplies to so many islands, the FACT team leader feels that it is inappropriate at this stage to set up a distinct warehousing and transportation system. The government does have these resources and capacity, and the Federation needs to utilize that network to deliver relief to the appropriate areas. An important consideration is for the Federation to monitor distributions and to work with the government in ensuring effective distribution, monitoring, and reporting.
- Psycho-social support: is considered very much needed. The FACT has had contact via the regional delegation in Delhi to consider the possibility of American Red Cross support in this area. Further information will be provided on this shortly.

Initial overall conclusions: there is a relatively serious situation for a relatively large sector of the population, and it appears that a month or so of focused relief will be needed followed by a rehabilitation phase (probably for 3 months).

The very preliminary updated list of items from the Federation's FACT team in the Maldives indicates the following needs (initial target population: 2,000 families (10,000 persons; further assessments are currently being made):

- 5,000 blankets (wool).
- 1,800 family tents.
- 1,000 cooking sets (type A, family of 5).
- 2,000 torches.
- 80,000 batteries (for torches).
- 1,000 kerosene stoves.
- 5,000 large trash bags (about 110 l size).
- 7 generators (15 KW).
- 3,000 metres of electrical cable to be used with generator.
- 3,000 light bulbs (50 watt).

- 2,000 light sockets with switch.
- 200 volunteer vests.

## Thailand

More than 10,000 people were confirmed yesterday as dead or missing in Thailand, with the most up-to-date death toll in Phang Nga alone approaching 4,000. The interior ministry figures declared 4,560 dead, half of them foreigners, and another 6,479 people still missing in six Andaman Sea provinces. Eighty percent of the missing are feared dead.

The department of disaster prevention and mitigation issue the following casualty figures:

- Phuket: 265 deaths, 1,272 injuries, 1598 missing.
- Phang Nga: 1,208 deaths, 5,573 injuries, 2,250 missing.
- Krabi: 341 deaths, 2,649 injuries, 1,913 missing.
- Ranong: 151 deaths, 189 injuries, 31 missing.
- Satun: 6 deaths, 15 injuries, 1 missing.
- Trang: 5 deaths, 66 injuries.

In Phang Nga, 3,689 dead bodies were retrieved, with over 2,000 more believed yet to be retrieved. It is reported that search and retrieval in Phang Nga's Ta Kua Pa district has only been able to locate 40 per cent of the suspected affected, but efforts will continue. Most of the corpses have been retrieved in the Phi Phi Islands, except in the waste-water treatment area, and the local residents have started to return home and clean up.

The search and retrieval effort continues, despite being hampered due to fear of aftershock waves and the difficulty in restoring necessary facilities to allow heavy machinery to operate in the areas. The forensic capacity is improving with specialized teams from many countries joining in along with the Thai police. Distribution of formalin and body bags to all the temples used as morgues appears to be problematic. Many countries are airlifting injured foreigners but the capacities of the hospitals in the affected area are still largely stretched. No outbreak of diseases has been reported so far.

Various government departments and armed forces have set up donation hotlines and points across the country to appeal for public support. Many more celebrities, companies, doctors, nurses and students have also joined in the relief efforts. His Majesty the King paid tribute on the new-year day to the harmony and compassion shown by the people in the country in helping and donating money and relief items to the disaster-affected people. The government will release initial relief funds to those who lost family members, made unemployed and affected in other ways by the disaster.

Needs and requirements as indicated by the government are metal caskets/coffins (for international transportation), basic medical supplies, medicines (especially anti-diarrhea, antibiotic and antiseptic), rubber gloves, masks, tents, blankets, clothes, shoes, sandals, underwear, pants and sanitary napkins, heavy equipment for clean-up, power generators, water purifiers, forensic pathologists, freezer containers for storing bodies, communications equipment, and dried or canned food and rice. Donation of specific blood groups of AB and RH negative is also reportedly called for.

Representatives from 37 embassies are presently in Phuket to give assistance to the victims, focusing on recovery and identification on human remains. A daily coordination meeting on forensic work takes place at the police headquarters in Phuket. Airlift for forensic teams to the three main areas of work is now available. A joint information collection centre is being established at the Phuket town hall for gathering information from relatives.

Several needs assessments are currently underway. The immediate needs seem to be met in most places through combined efforts from the international community and agencies. There is however an increasing need to ensure that the people in outlying islands are assisted and preventive infectious disease control measures put in place. At the same time, the psychosocial impact is yet to be appropriately assessed and addressed.

The government disaster prevention and mitigation department has begun building temporary shelters in some of the affected areas including Khao Lak and Ta Kua Pa districts in Phang Nga. In the Ta Kua Pa district hospital,

1,070 persons have been attended to since the day of the disaster. The government disaster committee has provided the hospital with a mobile water treatment unit. The 15 surgeons in the hospital are treating on an average 70 injury cases a day. The government will start with reconstruction and environmental restoration in February.

There are around 47,500 migrants from Myanmar in Ranong province, some of whom are difficult to trace since they are not registered. Information on Krabi is expected from the UNDAC team that has gone to the province.

### **Red Cross and Red Crescent action in Thailand**

The Thai government has asked Thai Red Cross to be the lead agency in food distributions. Identification of the dead and missing remains a major challenge to relief efforts, but while these immediate relief needs may be starting to be met the psychosocial impact and the longer-term needs of the affected people is yet to be assessed and properly addressed. The Thai Red Cross continues to mobilize cash, material, staff and volunteers in the relief operation. The immediate relief needs in the affected provinces are basically well taken care of by the government, society and other aid agencies. The Thai government has assigned the Thai Red Cross as the lead agency in the distribution of food items, mainly from local distributions and government stocks. In the worst hit province of Phang Nga, supplies from Bangkok, including food, water and hygiene items, are warehoused in six gymnasiums in the provincial city. Sixty Red Cross volunteers are involved in packing the supplies in to relief packages, before they are sent to the most affected areas. The local government has been assisting the Red Cross with 100 trips on pick-up trucks daily. In Tak Kua Pa district, a Red Cross mobile kitchen has been catering to 2,000 people, who have been evacuated to a school, since 27 December. Another 400 people from Baan Nam Khem village, staying in an evacuation centre, are receiving food. The Red Cross distribution of consumables will continue till end of February. Red Cross volunteers are also assisting families in settling into these temporary shelters established by the government in Ta Kua Pa.

The Federation assessment team in Phang Nga is evaluating the immediate and longer-term needs of the affected people with regards to food, non food, health, shelter, water and sanitation needs. A Danish Red Cross liaison officer has arrived in Bangkok and will meet with the officials of Thai Red Cross early next week before proceeding to Phang Nga. The areas and modalities of Federation support to the national society are being studied, with initial possibility on psychosocial support, water and sanitation interventions.

### **Sri Lanka**

As a part of the Federation and participating national society operations there are presently 8 emergency response units in Sri Lanka. The French Red Cross has deployed a basic health care unit with a team of 7 delegates which is ready for operation in the country. This team leaves on 3 January and will be located at Pottuvil in the south of the country. Pottuvil has been occupied by a French military medical unit sent to the area for a 10 days deployment. The water and sanitation equipment from this military unit will remain on site by agreement with the French embassy when the military medical unit has left, and will be incorporated into the French Red Cross BHCU system. No military personnel will remain with the equipment.

The Finnish Red Cross Basic Health Care (BHC) unit with 14 delegates has been deployed to northern Ampara on the southeast coast (2 January).

The German Red Cross Watsan ERU for specialised water with a team of 6 delegates is scheduled to leave Colombo on 3 January. The unit is ready for operation and preparing to be deployed to support the Finnish Red Cross BHC unit in Northern Ampara District. An 'advanced party' has left ahead of the main convoy to locate an appropriate site in the Kalmunai region. It is anticipated that the main party will take two days to reach their destination, staying overnight at Anuradhapura.

The British Red Cross Logistics ERU with a team of 4 delegates continues to be involved with the task of clearing goods at the airport, managing the warehouses, and facilitating the forwarding of relief items on behalf of all partners involved in this operation. On 2 January the team started establishing a warehouse in Galle on the south coast. The distribution centre in the southern part of the country will be in Galle.

The Swedish Red Cross Watsan ERU for mass water distribution with a team of 5 delegates is ready for operation but final decisions on its assignment are pending. Its future location and deployment date will depend on the assessment of water related problems in the areas of Federation operations.

A Spanish Red Cross Telecommunications ERU with a team of 4 delegates has been in full operation since the 29 December. The ERU is located in Colombo and has been working on the installation of radio communications equipment and other related matters.

The American Red Cross Relief ERU with a team of 4 people arrived on 2 January, and will be deployed to Galle on the southern coast where it will provide logistics support to the SLRCS in the management of a warehouse that is being established. Initially, distribution of relief items will concentrate on the area along the coast from Colombo to the southeast corner of the country.

The Norwegian Red Cross BHC unit with a team of 7 delegates arrived in Colombo on 2 January and will be deployed to Batticola on the eastern coast of Sri Lanka. This unit also has water and sanitation capacity. The date of deployment depends partly on how long it takes to clear the equipment, but the unit will possibly be able to leave Colombo on 2 January.

Three people from the FACT team are expected to return from the field on 2 January. The team will present their findings from an assessment of the humanitarian situation on the southern coast and Ampara region. Roads in the region are in bad condition following heavy rains, which may affect their estimated time of arrival.

**Relief/Emergency Supplies:** based on the Federation's Sri Lanka Tsunami initial operation plan of action, non-food relief items will be distributed to 40,000 families in the affected regions. Family kits containing 1 family utensil set, 2 jerry cans, 2 pieces of soap, 2 pieces of washing soap, 1 blanket, 1 mat, and water purification tablets. 40,000 families will also receive tarpaulins. Identification of recipient families is ongoing and distribution of emergency supplies to 300 families will take place on 3 January.

Several consignments of goods have already arrived in the country. Parts of the goods are in warehouses, while some are still at the airport waiting clearance. The Federation has preliminary estimates of the amounts of goods that have arrived, but exact figures will be confirmed as soon as all goods have been transported from the airport to the warehouses in Colombo. The goods will be transported to an intermediate warehouse in Galle District which will be operational from 2 January

From the Spanish Red Cross, 1,850 tarpaulins, 14 family tents, 614 jerry cans, and 300,000 chlorine tablets have arrived. From the Danish Red Cross, 470 family tents have arrived. 970 family tents have arrived from the Netherlands Red Cross, and 4,290 jerry cans and 35,000 chlorine tablets from the Canadian Red Cross. 5 Nissan pickups were sent by the Federation.

**SLRCS volunteers in the field:** in the SLRCS branches of Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Vavuniya, Mullativu, Kalutara, Matara, Hambantota, Ampara, Galle, Killinochchi, Colombo, Jaffna and Mannar more than 3,000 volunteers are working with relief operations at branches in districts affected by the Tsunami. Approximately 5,000 SLRCS volunteers are active in the branches countrywide, assisting in first aid, mobile health care, cleaning wells, distribution of relief items, and other activities. 8 volunteers are working with the ICRC on tracing in Matara, Galle, Hickaduwa and Matara.

**Relief:** as of 31 December the national society has dispatched 11 water bowsers to Matara, Trinco, Ampa, Galle, Batti, Kalutara, Killinochchi and Mullativu. Non-food relief items were distributed by Batticaloa Branch volunteers and the Trincomalee Branch distributed 1000 mineral water packets to camps visited by Mobile Health Teams, and 300 meal packets collected by volunteers were distributed in Mattikali Camp. Also by Trincomalee Branch, 350 boxes of biscuits were distributed to 12 refugee camps in Kuchchaveli D.S. Division and non food relief items were distributed in two camps. Non food relief items were distributed by volunteers in Kalutara, Matara and Ampara Branches. Jaffna Branch volunteers distributed 2500 cakes of soap along with other relief items. Drinking water and cooked meals are being supplied to camps in Puttalam Branch.

Not all distribution of relief items by the SLRCS is covered by this report but further information is expected soon.

**Information:** Federation information delegates in Sri Lanka have visited the affected area and produced photos and articles for distribution to the media and for publication by the Movement.

**Visibility:** the SLRCS has promoted the visibility of NS actions through news releases in English, Sinhalese and Tamil to the media with focus on the printed media as well as radio.

200 banners have been printed in Sinhalese and English with both the Federation emblem and the logo of the Sri Lanka Red Cross Society, as well as the inscription 'Tsunami Relief Operation'. 200 aprons have also been produced with the logo of the SLRCS.

**Co-ordination in Sri Lanka:** the Federation and SLRCS operations are closely co-ordinated with the government and other humanitarian actors in the country. The Federation attends daily meetings hosted by UNDP/UNDAC with the participation of government representatives and international organisations. In order to further facilitate the planning and implementation of operations in the country, responsibility for co-ordinating the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement activities will reside with the Joint Task Force (SLRCS, ICRC, IFRC) from 3 January. Daily meetings at senior levels with the SLRCS, ICRC and the Federation have been held from the onset of the disaster.

## India

The number of dead has now risen to 13,320 along India's southeastern coast and the Andaman & Nicobar Islands. The state of Tamil Nadu was one of the worst affected, claiming 6,238 lives. The administration and civic authorities are now busy undertaking relief work. On Friday (31 December 2004), a top official put the toll at 6,238 with Nagapattinam district accounting for 4,379 deaths. Some 8,000 people are reported missing, followed by Kanyakumari (808), Cuddalore (590) and Chennai city (206), 47 in Villupuram district, and 118 in the district of Kancheepuram. The other seven affected districts accounted for the remaining deaths. However, many are still listed as missing. The tsunami damaged over 85,000 houses and huts, affecting a population of 672,000 in 396 villages and colonies.

Water and sanitation issues remain a major concern. There is fear of an outbreak of water borne diseases. In the Nagapattinam district of Tamil Nadu there has been an outbreak of diarrhoea. People who have lost their homes are living in temporary shelters including Red Cross Cyclone shelters, temples, schools and public places. Many people are still in shock and traumatized due to the tragedy.

Two earthquakes of moderate intensity occurred near Car Nicobar in Andaman and Nicobar islands late last night (1 January), according to the Indian Meteorological Department (IMD). These two earthquakes measured 5.2 and 5.0 on the Richter scale. In Andaman & Nicobar Islands more 3,000 people are believed to have been killed. The official figure of the number missing in Nicobar was put at 5,900. These persons are feared dead. About 30 islands in the Nicobar group are yet to be assessed (limited access). The armed forces have launched a massive reconnaissance operation to look for signs of life. In Car Nicobar medical camps have started functioning. In order to launch a massive relief and rescue operation with a special focus on the Car Nicobar region, the Indian government is setting up an Integrated Relief Command (IRC) based at Port Blair. Fifty tones of relief material have been delivered by the government. Vehicles have been airlifted to the island and road clearance equipment has also been sent. According to a SEEDS India (an NGO that has set up 2 relief camps in the Andamans), people need basic necessities such as soap, towels, slippers, bed sheets, torches, and bags in which to keep their belongings. The Governor of Andaman and Nicobar islands has now stressed the need for temporary shelters for those who have been displaced.

In Pondicherry, 548 people have been reported dead with 30,000 displaced and hundreds of fishermen still missing. 104 casualties have been reported from Andhra Pradesh, while the death toll in the state of Kerala is 163, with more than 50,000 displaced.

## Government and other agencies' efforts in Nagapattinam, Tamil Nadu

To prevent the spread of epidemic, plane loads of drinking water are being flown in. All attempts are being made to facilitate the quick disposal of bodies. On the rehabilitation front, the government will focus more on providing

shelter and replacing of boats and fishing nets lost by fishermen. The army has been entrusted with dealing with disposing of bodies. Food packets, cooked food and drinking water are being provided to the 7 relief centers that have been set up in the district. Medical camps have been set up in the relief centers.

Thirty heavy earthmoving machines (JCBs) have been deployed by the government. The district authorities have set up a control room. The army has been deployed and is guarding the coastline. Two naval ships have been deployed with two helicopters for emergency assistance. Medical services are being provided by 250 doctors including 25 Red Cross doctors. Government Revenue officers from other districts are also engaged in assessment. Bulldozers and other earth moving equipment are engaged in cleaning the area and being used for mass burials.

Medical teams are hard at work in Chennai and other parts of Tamil Nadu, helping those displaced by the tsunami. The health minister has ruled out any epidemics.

### **Red Cross and Red Crescent action in India**

Tamil Nadu: the IRCS national headquarters had released 4,000 pieces each of saris, dhotis, bed sheets and towels for distribution in the affected areas of Tamil Nadu from the Arakonam warehouse (Tamil Nadu). These have reached Nagapattinam and distribution is ongoing. Similar quantities of kitchen sets and tarpaulins will be distributed in the coming days. 1000 family packs of non-food items were sent to Villupuram district for distribution. An additional 5,000 family packs are being sent to Kanya Kumari in Tamil Nadu. The family packs will consist of tarpaulin sheets, plastic buckets, bed sheets, towels, saris, dhoti's and cotton blankets. Emergency rations consisting of BP 5 biscuits (1,884 kg) and other food and clothing items are also being sent.

The national headquarters will be deploying 1 water purification unit to Nagapattinam district and 1 water purification unit to Kanyakumari (donated by USAID).

Tetra Pack India, through the Indian Red Cross, has donated 6,000 litres of milk to Tamil Nadu.

The state branch is actively involved in relief operations and is also coordinating with other stakeholders present. Cooked food, bread and milk/tea are being provided by the IRCS. In collaboration with Coca Cola, the IRCS provided 3,500 cases of water (12 litres in each water case). Some 300 local Red Cross volunteers provided with surgical masks and gloves are helping the people most in need, and have set up a Red Cross post center in the district hospital to register people. 25 doctors and 15 ambulances are presently functional at the Nagapattinam district hospital. A tracing cell has been set up within the hospital compound. 340 cases have been registered for tracing in the last two days including 128 people who are from states other than Tamil Nadu.

Disaster Mental Health (DMH) trained volunteers are actively involved in relief work and psychological support at Sirgazhi and Tharangambadi sub districts. A full NDRT team has reached Chennai and will conduct an in-depth assessment of many other affected areas of vulnerability in coordination with the state and district branches.

The Andhra Pradesh state branch will be sending a truck load of medical supplies to the Tamil Nadu state branch.

**Kerala:** the Maharashtra state branch is sending relief material of food, clothing and medicines to the Kerala state branch. A team of doctors, nurses and volunteers are also on their way to provide medical assistance in help in relief distribution.

The Bihar state branch has sent 1,000 family kits to the Allapuzha district branch consisting of dhotis, sari, tarpaulin sheet, bed sheet, steel glasses, beaten rice, dal, jaggary, candles and matchboxes.

The Indian Red Cross national headquarters will also be sending 500 family kits to the district branch of Allapuzha.

**Andhra Pradesh:** the IRCS national headquarters is sending 2,000 kitchen sets and 4,000 cotton blankets to the Andhra Pradesh state branch. These are being sent from the Kolkata warehouse.

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The Bihar state branch has sent 1,000 family kits to the Andhra Pradesh state branch. The family packs consist of dhoti, sari, tarpaulin sheet, bed sheet, steel glasses, beaten rice, dal, jaggary, candles and matchboxes.

The Andhra Pradesh state branch is sending 50 – 100 litres of milk daily to the Sri Lanka Red Cross. They will also be sending medical supplies to the Red Cross branch in the Andaman Islands.

The IRCS will focus on supporting the existing medical teams, provide shelter materials, clothing, kitchen utensils and safe drinking water in its current response to needs of the affected people. The IRCS headquarters, state branch and district branches are receiving local donations (cash and in kind) from different sectors. IRCS activities in response to the current Tsunami emergency situation have been covered by national and international media.

**State branch action**

As previously reported (Operations Update no. 5), the IRCS will continue to focus on supporting the existing medical teams; provide shelter materials, clothing, kitchen utensils and safe drinking water in its current response to needs of the affected people. The IRCS national headquarters, state branch and district branches are receiving local donations (cash and in-kind) from different sectors, and are in the process of distribution (see table below). IRCS activities in response to the current Tsunami emergency situation have been covered by the national and international media.

Items	Unit	Tamil Nadu	Andaman & Nicobar	Andhra Pradesh	Kerala	Quantity
<b>Kitchen sets*</b>	Sets		1,400	2000		3,400
<b>Tarpaulin sheets</b>	M <sup>2</sup>		14,500			14,500
<b>Tarpaulin sheets</b>	Pcs		400			400
<b>Towels</b>	Pcs	4,000	1,600			5,600
<b>Bed sheets</b>	Pcs	4,000	1,633			5,633
<b>Cotton blankets</b>	Pcs		1,300	4000		5,300
<b>Sari's</b>	Pcs	4,000	1,600			5,600
<b>Dhoti's</b>	Pcs	4,000	1,200			5,200
<b>Family kits</b>	Sets	6,000	5,000			11,000
<b>Drinking water</b>	Liters	42,000	15,000			57,000
<b>BP5 Biscuits</b>	Kg	1,884				1,884
<b>Milk</b>	Liters	12,000				12,000
<b>Noodles</b>	Box	350				350
<b>Tracing</b>		340 cases registered				
<b>Others</b>		Water purification units				2
		Disaster Mental Health				
		15 ambulances				
		25 doctors				
		NDRT team				1
<b>Family kits**</b>				1,000	1,000	2,000

- *\*Kitchen sets contain: 4 plates, 4 glasses, 1 knife, 1 plastic mug, 2 serving spoons, 4 small spoons, 2 small steel bowls, 1 steel kneading plate, and 1 cooking pot.*
- *\*\* Family kits contain: 1 dhoti, 1 sari, tarpaulin sheet, 1 bed sheet, 2 tin glasses, 10 kg beaten rice, 1 kg dal, 1 kg jaggary, 6 candles, 2 boxes of matches.*

**Operational objectives****Emergency relief (food and non-food)**

**Objective: basic food and non-food item needs of the most vulnerable beneficiaries are met.**

Activities planned:

- purchase and distribute a six to eight-month food ration.
- purchase and distribute a six to eight-month hygiene package.
- purchase (mainly locally) and distribute one six to eight-month ration of non-food items to the vulnerable groups, and a reduced allocation (excluding tents, blankets and shelter equipment) to various other beneficiaries.
- purchase and distribute supplementary food parcels to especially vulnerable individuals such as pregnant women and elderly people;

**Logistics objective: support the ongoing national society and Federation relief operation by providing efficient logistical support in terms of warehousing, transport management and procurement.**

Activities planned:

- support and maintain airport clearing capacity for the substantial amount of incoming relief goods.
- establish efficiently managed warehouses in the operational area.
- acquire and manage a fleet adequately sized to the operation.
- carry out joint national society/Federation local procurement activities.
- designate counterparts in each core logistics functions thus enabling a proper transfer of skills.
- conduct one advanced logistics workshop for participants from each national society.

**Health objectives:**

- restore parts of former Primary Health Care (PHC) capacities in the affected area to levels prior to the earthquake.
- ensure the appropriate treatment and recovery for those injured by the tsunamis.
- ensure the prevention of or effective treatment for potential/additional health threats such as diarrhoeal diseases, malaria, and respiratory infections.
- design a handover plan to the national societies for PNS/ERU health facilities.
- provide psychological support and training for national society staff to benefit victims of the earthquake.

Activities planned:

- installation of Basic Health Care (BHC) ERU units.
- integration of medical staff for on the job-training.
- provide PHC services in the surrounding villages.
- effective statistics and data-processing will be developed and an early epidemiological surveillance system for diarrhoeal diseases installed.
- psychosocial support programme (PSP) interventions will carry out training for volunteers, and jointly provide PSP services to those affected and relief-workers.

**Water and sanitation objectives:**

- prevent the outbreak of water-borne epidemics.
- ensure an adequate and safe water supply and provide sanitation facilities to the basic health care ERU, Red Cross camps, and other health structures.
- handover water sanitation ERUs to the national societies.

Activities planned:

- watsan ERUs will provide safe water to beneficiaries and BHC units.
- Mass sanitation ERUs will provide latrines to the BHC-ERUs.
- water storage capacity will be provided for the affected population in areas without functioning pipe systems, serving the intended beneficiaries whenever possible.
- National society staff will be integrated into the ERUs, and trained.

**Basic shelter, care and educational objective: fully or partially meet the basic shelter and care needs to unaccompanied children.**

Activities planned:

- accommodate unaccompanied children in buildings constructed for this purpose.
- provide children accommodated in orphanages with basic care and education.
- provide financial support to the extended families or relatives caring for unaccompanied children.

***Please see below for list of contributions and tables of relief pipeline and arrive of relief items; click here to return to the title page.***

# Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 28/2004

## PLEDGES RECEIVED

01/01/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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### CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->				67,005,000	TOTAL COVERAGE 106.4%	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		2,400,000	AUD	2,119,200	30.12.04	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		7,300,000	AUD	6,445,900	31.12.04	
BRITISH PETROLEUM FOUNDATION		1,000,000	USD	1,145,000	29.12.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT		990,000	CAD	953,370	26.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		200,000	CAD	192,600	27.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		5,000,000	CAD	4,815,000	29.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		3,465,000	CAD	3,336,795	31.12.04	
CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH				200,000	26.12.04	
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				3,238,470	29.12.04	TO PURCHASE RELIEF ITEMS
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				1,560,515	01.01.05	
CHINA - RC		300,000	USD	343,500	28.12.04	
CHINA - RC		100,000	USD	113,000	31.12.04	SRI LANKA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		100,000	USD	113,000	31.12.04	INDONESIA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		50,000	USD	56,500	31.12.04	INDIA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		50,000	USD	56,500	31.12.04	THAILAND RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		20,000	USD	22,600	31.12.04	MYANMAR RC DIRECT
ECHO		3,000,000	EUR	4,549,500	26.12.04	
ESTONIA - GOVT		500,000	EEK	48,100	28.12.04	
FIRST DATA WESTERN UNION FOUND.		1,000,000	USD	1,130,000	31.12.04	PMN to be finalised
GREAT BRITAIN - RC		100,000	GBP	216,400	28.12.04	
GREAT BRITAIN RC				840,642	30.12.04	SRI LANKA TO PURCHASE CLOTHES, MATS, SOAPS
GREAT BRITAIN - GOVT/RC		400,000	GBP	865,600	30.12.04	INDONESIA
HELLENIC - RC		50,000	EUR	75,825	27.12.04	
ICELAND - GOVT		5,000,000	ISK	88,000	26.12.04	
ICELAND - RC		12,000,000	ISK	211,200	26.12.04	
IRISH - GOVT		750,000	EUR	1,155,750	29.12.04	
ITALY - RC		288,615	EUR	444,756	29.12.04	
JAPANESE - RC		100,000,000	JPY	1,109,500	28.12.04	
MALAYSIA RC		30,000	USD	34,200	30.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDONESIA, SRI LANKA, INDIA
MONACO - RC		100,000	EUR	151,650	28.12.04	
MOROCCO RC		250,000	MAD	36,329	29.12.04	
NETHERLANDS RC		1,000,000	EUR	1,516,500	29.12.04	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT		500,000	NZD	406,500	30.12.04	
OPEC FUND		1,200,000	USD	1,374,000	29.12.04	USD 600,000 INDONESIA; USD 200,000 SRI LANKA; USD 200,000 INDIA; USD 100,000 THAILAND; USD 100,000 MALDIVES
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		2,000,000	USD	2,290,000	30.12.04	
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		500,000	USD	572,500	30.12.04	INDONESIA RC
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		300,000	USD	343,500	30.12.04	SRI LANKA RC
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		200,000	USD	229,000	30.12.04	THAILAND RC
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		200,000	USD	229,000	30.12.04	MALDIVES RC
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		200,000	USD	229,000	30.12.04	INDIA RC
SAUDI ARABIA GOVT		100,000	USD	113,000	30.12.04	SOMALIA RC
SINGAPORE - JAPAN TOBACCO INTERN.		30,000	USD	34,350	28.12.04	SRI LANKA, MALDIVES, INDONESIA
SINGAPORE - RC		480,000	SGD	342,144	29.12.04	
SLOVAK - RC		50,000	SKK	1,925	27.12.04	

# Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 28/2004

## PLEDGES RECEIVED

01/01/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SPAIN - RC		100,000	EUR	154,100	29.12.04	
SPAIN RC		240,000	EUR	370,536	28.12.04	BILATERAL
SPAIN RC		100,000	EUR	154,100	31.12.04	
SWEDEN - GOVT/RC		17,000,000	SEK	2,890,000	29.12.04	
SWEDEN - GOVT/RC		1,250,000	SEK	212,500	28.12.04	
SWITZERLAND - GOVT/RC				300,000	29.12.04	INDONESIA
SWITZERLAND- GOVT/RC				15,938	31.12.04	PROGRAMME SUPPORT
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		500,000	USD	572,500	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		20,000	USD	22,900	27.12.04	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		150,000	USD	171,750	28.12.04	MALDIVES
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		400,000	USD	458,000	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDIA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		120,000	USD	137,400	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR THAILAND, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		610,000	USD	698,500	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDONESIA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
USAID/OFDA		4,000,000	USD	4,560,000	28.12.04	PMN to be finalised
VODAPHONE GROUP FOUNDATION		250,000	GBP	545,000	29.12.04	PMN to be finalised
PRIVATE ON LINE DONATIONS				4,360,000	31.12.04	AS AT 31.12.04, 15h
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				58,974,045	CHF	88.0%

## KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
AUSTRALIA RC	FACT	3	12,000	36,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
CANADA RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
DENMARK RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
DENMARK RC	ERU LOGISTICS	1		500,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
FINLAND RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
FRANCE RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
FRANCE RC	ERU WATSAN	1		440,000	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
FRANCE RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
GERMANY RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
GERMANY RC	ERU WATSAN	1		440,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
GERMANY RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
GREAT BRITAIN RC	ERU LOGISTICS	1		505,668	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
GREAT BRITAIN RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
JAPAN RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
JAPAN RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
KOREA REP. RC	BLANKETS	90,000	USD	102,600	28.12.04	BILATERAL
KUWAIT - RC					28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA: 3500 PCES BLANKETS, 500 PCS KEROSENE LAMPS, 1000 PCES FOOD CANS, 1'095 CART. FOOD
NEW ZEALAND RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
NORWAY RC	ERU HEALTH	1		515,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value

# Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

ANNEX 1

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## PLEDGES RECEIVED

01/01/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
NORWAY RC		NOK	3,330,000	623,267	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised - JERRY CANS, TENTS, RUB HALLS, BLANKETS + TPT & INSURANCES
SAUDI ARABIA		USD	2,000,000	2,264,000	30.12.04	INDONESIA VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SAUDI ARABIA		USD	800,000	905,000	30.12.04	THAILAND VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SAUDI ARABIA		USD	1,200,000	1,358,000	30.12.04	SRI LANKA VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SAUDI ARABIA		USD	500,000	566,000	30.12.04	MALDIVES VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SPAIN RC	ERU TELECOM	1		155,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SPAIN RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
SPAIN RC	ERU WATSAN			440,000	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SWEDEN RC	ERU WATSAN	1		440,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SWITZERLAND - RC/GOVT				305,200	31.12.04	SRI LANKA - KITCHEN SETS, SHEETING, TARPAULINS, LANTERNS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		41,625	USD	47,661	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA: BLANKETS, CLOTHES
USA AMCROSS	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised
USA AMCROSS	ERU RELIEF	1		500,000	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				12,347,396	CHF	18.4%

## ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED				0	CHF	



## Pipeline Report

01/01/05

Session OU : IFRC Secretariat Geneva

Date : - To -

Project Name : Bay of Bengal Earthquake and Tsunamies

Country Name : Indonesia

CNSG No	ETD	ATD	GRN Dt	Sender Name	Item	UOM	Pkg Type	Item Qty	Rem/ POE	Dest site	Trnspt Mode	Vehicle Details	Item Total Wt in Kg	Remarks
CTN	ETA	ATA								Consignee	Ship Docs		Item Total Vol in M3	
CSGN-CHGES-05-0004 05-0000009	01/01/05 14:00  02/01/05 07:00			Netherlands RC	KITCHEN SET family of 5 persons, type "A"	pce		1,500.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  GLE4396	5,400.00  30.000	AWB 232 6113 8022
CSGN-CHGES-05-0004 05-0000010	01/01/05 14:00  02/01/05 07:00			Netherlands RC	TARPAULINS, woven plastic sheeting 4 x 60m white/white,	pce		240.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  GLE4396	12,200.00  48.000	AWB 232 6113 8022
CSGN-CHGES-05-0004 05-0000011	01/01/05 14:00  02/01/05 07:00			Netherlands RC	KIT, EMERGENCY HEALTH, 10 000 persons/3	pce		5.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  GLE4396	3,930.00  17.000	AWB 232 6113 8022
CSGN-CHGES-05-0004 05-0000012	01/01/05 14:00  02/01/05 07:00			Netherlands RC	JERRYCAN, foldable,10L, food grade plastic, screw cap 50mm	pce		7,200.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  GLE4396	1,104.00  14.400	AWB 232 6113 8022
CSGN-CHGES-05-0004 05-0000008	01/01/05 14:00  02/01/05 07:00			Netherlands RC	BLANKET, woven, 50%wool, 1.5x2m, medium	pce		9,600.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  GLE4396	16,000.00  64.000	AWB 232 6113 8022

CSGN-CHGES-05-0003	02/01/05 18:00			German RC	ERU water ans sanitation, distribution and trucking	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR			
05-0000003	03/01/05 12:00									IDJKC		TBC		
CSGN-CHGES-05-0002	02/01/05 09:00			French RC	ERU water ans sanitation, distribution and trucking	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft	13,002.00	AWB 297-5668
05-0000001	02/01/05 12:00									IDJKC		AN-12	59.020	2743 in transit in Bangkok etd
CSGN-CHGES-05-0002	02/01/05 09:00			French RC	Various medical equipment	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft	2,363.00	AWB 297-5668
05-0000002	02/01/05 12:00									IDJKC		AN-12	14.260	2743 in transit in Bangkok etd
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	KIT, WATER TANK, 10 m3, rigid, corrugated	pce		4.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000652	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	MISCELLANO US, Generators spareparts	pce		1.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000653	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	TROLLEY, for pallet, hand operated, 2MT capacity	pce		3.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000655	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	FLOCUL. + DISINF. 'CHLOR-FLOC', for 1 l water tr., tab.	pce		35,000.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000656	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	WAREHOUSE, TENT, "Rubhall" 10x24x3.35m, aluminium	pce		2.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000651	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270	01/01/05 01:30			Canada n RC	SHOVEL, round point with Y handle, total lenght approx.1m	pce		252.00		Jakart	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AWB 813-0010523
04-0000658	02/01/05 14:15									IDJKC		atn201		2

CSGN-CHGES-04-0270 04-0000659	01/01/05 01:30  02/01/05 14:15			Canada n RC	BUCKET, plastic, 14L with clip cover and 50mm outlet	pce		960.00		Jakart  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  atn201		AWB 813-0010523 2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270 04-0000654	01/01/05 01:30  02/01/05 14:15			Canada n RC	KIT, MOTOR PUMP, raw water, petrol, 2", 18m3/h at 15m	pce		2.00		Jakart  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  atn201		AWB 813-0010523 2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270 04-0000660	01/01/05 01:30  02/01/05 14:15			Canada n RC	TARPAULINS, woven plastic sheeting 4 x 60m white/white,	pce		160.00		Jakart  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  atn201		AWB 813-0010523 2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270 04-0000661	01/01/05 01:30  02/01/05 14:15			Canada n RC	JERRYCAN, foldable, 20L, food grade plastic, screw cap 50mm	pce		6,270.00		Jakart  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  atn201		AWB 813-0010523 2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0270 04-0000657	01/01/05 01:30  02/01/05 14:15			Canada n RC	PICK-AXE, with handle	pce		200.00		Jakart  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  atn201		AWB 813-0010523 2
CSGN-CHGES-04-0269 04-0000649	03/01/05 07:35  04/01/05 07:00			Netherla nds RC	TARPAULINS, woven plastic sheeting 4 x 60m white/white,	pce		50.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  B747F	2,750.00  8.500	AWB: 074- 4855 4553
CSGN-CHGES-04-0269 04-0000650	03/01/05 07:35  04/01/05 07:00			Netherla nds RC	TARPAULINS, woven plastic, 4 x 6 m, white/white, piece	pce		700.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  B747F	3,850.00  11.900	AWB: 074- 4855 4553
CSGN-CHGES-04-0269 04-0000647	03/01/05 07:35  04/01/05 07:00			Netherla nds RC	BLANKET, woven, 50%wool, 1.5x2m, medium	pce		6,310.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  B747F	1,040.00  4.900	AWB: 074- 4855 4553
CSGN-CHGES-04-0269 04-0000648	03/01/05 07:35  04/01/05 07:00			Netherla nds RC	TENT FAMILY type, 12 m2, w/o groundsheet, w/o flysheet	pce		12.00		MEDAN  IDJJC	AIR	Chartered Aircraft  B747F	1,740.00  4.920	AWB: 074- 4855 4553

CSGN-CHGES-04-0267	31/12/04 06:00			Danish RC	ERU logistics MK1 module	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		
04-0000618	01/01/05 13:00									IDMD1		TOB302/1		
CSGN-CHGES-04-0266	03/01/05 04:00			Japanese RC	ERU basic health care unit complete	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft	5,981.00	
04-0000619	03/01/05 08:00									IDMD1		PHT629	34.620	
CSGN-CHGES-04-0264	01/01/05 00:00			German RC	ERU basic health care unit complete	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		AYZ-9700 7304
04-0000646	02/01/05 18:00									IDMD1		AYZ9135		
CSGN-CHGES-04-0263	01/01/05 09:00			French RC	ERU water ans sanitation, distribution and trucking	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		awb 111-0000 0011 Landed in Medan
04-0000642	01/01/05 21:00									IDMD1		vda4768/30		
CSGN-CHGES-04-0260	31/12/04 14:00			Spanish RC	ERU water and sanitation, specialised wat-san module	pce		1.00		MEDAN	AIR	Chartered Aircraft	22,000.00	AWB 412-0085497 6
04-0000643	02/01/05 03:00									IDMD1		TXC 1472	170.000	



## Pipeline Report

02/01/05

Session OU : IFRC Secretariat Geneva

Date : - To -

Project Name : Bay of Bengal Earthquake and Tsunamies

Country Name : Maldives

CNSG No	ETD	ATD	GRN Dt	Sender Name	Item	UOM	Pkg Type	Item Qty	Rem/ POE	Dest site	Trnspt Mode	Vehicle Details	Item Total Wt in Kg	Remarks
CTN	ETA	ATA								Consignee	Ship Docs		Item Total Vol in M3	
CSGN-CHGES-05-0005 05-0000005	03/01/05 17:00  06/01/05 12:00			Canadian RC	LAMP, TORCH, plastic body, works with 2 D/LR20	pce		600.00		Male  MVMAL	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		
CSGN-CHGES-05-0005 05-0000006	03/01/05 17:00  06/01/05 12:00			Canadian RC	Batteries for Torch	pce		1,392.00		Male  MVMAL	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		
CSGN-CHGES-05-0005 05-0000007	03/01/05 17:00  06/01/05 12:00			Canadian RC	BAG, PLASTIC, garbage, 150l, black, strong	pce		3,000.00		Male  MVMAL	AIR	Chartered Aircraft		