

OPERATIONS UPDATE



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge
Federación Internacional de Sociedades de la Cruz Roja y de la Media Luna Roja
الاتحاد الدولي لجمعيات الصليب الأحمر والهلال الأحمر

ASIA: EARTHQUAKE & TSUNAMIS

23 March 2005

The Federation's mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization and its millions of volunteers are active in over 181 countries.

In Brief

Revised Preliminary Appeal No. 28/2004; Operations Update no. 50; Period covered: 17-23 March 2005; Appeal coverage: 116.5% ([Click here to view the provisional contributions list attached, also available on the Federation's website](#)).

Report highlights:

- Plans of action are now being prepared by delegations in the tsunami-affected countries for the emergency, recovery and rehabilitation phase activities through to the end of this year with indicative plans for 2006-2010. This process will be completed by mid-April.
- Recognizing that recovery from the disaster is a longer than anticipated process, the government of Indonesia extended the transition period to reconstruction past 26 March for a period of 30-60 days initially. Details regarding visa applications and renewals are expected to be announced sometime after 20 March.
- Distribution of supplementary food parcels and community recovery tool kits is now underway in Indonesia. Non-food item distributions have and will continue to increase. To date, the relief programme has assisted 46,967 families or 234,835 beneficiaries.
- Fully functioning networks with high speed internet connection are now available in all Federation offices in Indonesia. Radio network installation and training has begun and will continue to be carried out over the coming weeks for staff of the Indonesian Red Cross, the Federation and partner national societies (PNSs).
- In Sri Lanka, the following open delegate positions require filling urgently: a construction delegate for 12 months; a fleet/transport management delegate for three months; a finance development delegate for six months; a water and sanitation delegate from June for 12 months; a deputy head of delegation from May for 12 months; and a psycho-social programme delegate for 12 months.
- In the Maldives, the head of delegation and the minister of finance signed a memorandum of understanding on 21 March for funding of temporary shelter construction for up to 9,955 people that lost their homes during the disaster. 18 out of the total 85 units have now been completed. The agreement also includes funding for materials for building additional rooms for families hosting internally displaced persons (IDPs).

Appeal history:

- Preliminary appeal launched on 26 December 2004 CHF 7,517,000 (USD 6,658,712 or EUR 4,852,932) for 6 months to assist 500,000 beneficiaries.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) allocated: CHF 1,000,000.
- Revised Preliminary Appeal issued on 30 December 2004, for CHF 67,005,000 (USD 59,152,246 or EUR 53,439,988) for 2 million beneficiaries for 6-8 months.
- The Preliminary Appeal was originally launched titled “Bay of Bengal: Earthquake and Tsunamis”. The title was subsequently changed to “Asia: Earthquake and Tsunamis” in the Revised Preliminary Appeal launched on 29 December 2004.
- Operations update No. 16 revised the Revised Preliminary Appeal 28/2004 budget to CHF 183,486,000 (USD 155,286,000 or EUR 118,669,000) with programme extensions for particularly Sri Lanka, Indonesia, the Maldives and East Africa.

[Click here for contact details related to this operation](#)

Background

The magnitude 9.0 earthquake that struck the area off the western coast of northern Sumatra on Sunday morning, 26 December 2004, at 7:59 am local time (00:59 GMT) triggered massive waves, or tsunamis, that inundated coastal areas in countries all around the Indian Ocean rim – from Indonesia to Somalia. Sri Lanka, the Indonesian province of Aceh, four states of southern India, the Maldives, and coastal areas of Thailand, Malaysia, and Myanmar were the most severely affected. The earthquake epicentre was located at 3.30N, 95.78E at a depth of 10 kilometres. The area is historically prone to seismic upheaval due to its location on the margins of tectonic plates. However, waves of this magnitude are rare and therefore the level of preparedness was very low.

Summary of the human toll caused by the tsunami as of 23 March

Countries	Dead	Missing	Displaced	Homeless	Sources
Indonesia*	220,153	-	400,062	n/a	Government
Sri Lanka	31,147	4,115	519,063	480,000	Government
India	16,389	-	647,599	20,000	Government
Maldives	82	26	21,663	n/a	Government
Thailand	5,395	2,932	n/a	n/a	Government
Myanmar	90	10	n/a	3,200	Government
Malaysia	68	12	n/a	4,296	Delegation
East Africa	312	158	2,320	n/a	Government
Total	273,636	7,253	>1,590,707	>507,496	

*In Indonesia only, the number of dead includes persons previously listed as missing.

Note: East Africa covers tsunami-affected countries of Kenya, Madagascar, Seychelles, Somalia and Tanzania.

Thousands of staff, relief and medical personnel, and volunteers of the Red Cross and Red Crescent societies of the tsunami-affected countries have provided a vital initial response, in search and rescue, clean-up, providing temporary shelter and immediate relief assistance, emergency medical services, psychological first aid and tracing. It is estimated that over 22,000 Red Cross and Red Crescent volunteers and 76 relief and medical teams were mobilized in the disaster-affected areas.

The Federation immediately launched a Preliminary Emergency Appeal on the day of the disaster with a focus on Sri Lanka, Indonesia and the Maldives. On 3 January 2005, the ICRC launched budget extensions additional to its 2005 Emergency Appeal for Indonesia and Sri Lanka. Along with initial support from the country and regional delegations, the Federation deployed within 24-72 hours three [Field Assessment and Coordination Teams \(FACT\)](#) and 18 [Emergency Response Units \(ERU\)](#) in the sectors of water and sanitation, health care, aid distribution, telecommunications, and logistics/transportation to Sri Lanka, Indonesia and the Maldives.

A total of 270 relief consignments have now arrived in the various affected countries and a further seven are in the relief pipeline, making a total of 277 relief consignments coordinated through the Federation.

The Federation's fleet base, based in Dubai since July 2004, has been very active in the tsunami operation and provided vital logistics support through the preparation and dispatching of vehicles within 24 hours to delegations and national societies in the tsunami-affected countries. New tenders are in progress currently to meet the additional demand of various delegations, especially the one in Sri Lanka.

Indonesia

Overview

Tremors remain a constant of daily life in Banda Aceh and the surrounding areas – registering as high as 6.1 on the Richter scale on 18 March. There have been no reports of casualties or damage, although it is likely that buildings weakened by the initial earthquake of 26 December may be further destabilized by these regular aftershocks.

A build up of stress on geological faults in Sumatra is likely to trigger another large earthquake - and potentially another tsunami - in the Indian Ocean region, seismologists say in a report published in the journal *Nature* on 17 March. Researchers at the University of Ulster-Coleraine indicate that stress is building not only in the Sumatra fault lines, where the magnitude 9.0 quake struck on 26 December, but also on the adjacent fault zone known as the Sunda Trench, located under the sea west of Sumatra. An estimated 1,200 kilometres of fault line slipped up to about 20 metres along the subduction zone – “absolutely phenomenal from a seismological point of view”, according to the researchers. They are estimating that another rupture could trigger a magnitude 7-7.5 quake on either fault – although have stopped short of predicting when another large quake would strike the region. Similar events elsewhere in the world have occurred within a few years of each other, or even a few months.

The vagaries of nature are matched by the uncertainties of post-tsunami existence for the survivors, as they attempt to pick of the pieces of their shattered lives to forge some sort of recognizable future. Relief distribution and providing the basics such as adequate health care, water and sanitation remain the common threads weaving through ongoing Red Cross Red Crescent activities, even as recovery and reconstruction get underway. The fact is that people have lost everything – tangible and intangible alike – leading to a complex process of rebuilding, which functions on many different levels at once and is not susceptible to neatly packaged quick fixes.

Recognizing that recovery from the disaster is a longer than anticipated process, the government of Indonesia has decided to extend the deadline for foreign agencies working in Aceh. Even as foreign military forces continue to scale down their activities (this week marking the departure of the US hospital ship *Mercy* as well as German and Spanish military units), the government has extended its deadline of 26 March for up to 60 days, enabling foreign aid workers to apply for visa extensions and continue providing humanitarian assistance in Aceh. It is estimated that there are over 160 relief organizations still operating in the province. An announcement released on 17 March states that “in order to allow time for maximum participation from all relevant parties (in the reconstruction effort) (...), the Government of Indonesia will extend the transition period to reconstruction past 26 March 2005 for a period of 30-60 days initially. This time may be extended if necessary to ensure that the transition to reconstruction is carried out effectively and transparently”. Details regarding visa applications and renewals are expected to be announced sometime after 20 March.

The Indonesian government has reportedly completed its much awaited blueprint for the reconstruction of Aceh, allocating USD 5 billion for rebuilding the province within the next five years – with 50 per cent of the funds going to infrastructure projects. However, the government has yet to make the details of the plan public and is still considering how best to relocate those people who used to live near the coasts. The blueprint will be submitted to the cabinet for endorsement, likely during the coming week and should be released by the end of the month.

The UN is preparing its mid-term review of the flash appeal it launched on 6 January with the aim of reviewing the humanitarian effort three months after the tsunami.

The official death toll at 16 March was 126,396 with the number of missing estimated at 93,757. Meanwhile the number of displaced remains at 400,062 - of which, some 41,855 are said to have been relocated to the temporary living centres, with other IDPs continuing to live in tented facilities, at spontaneous settlements, with host families or on the site of their former home. At the government’s request, International Organization for Migration (IOM) accepted a request to coordinate a province-wide damage assessment of housing and settlements in the 12 tsunami-affected districts of Aceh with results expected in six weeks.

Coordination

The second round of meetings with the technical working groups took place in Banda Aceh last week. The meetings were - with few exceptions - attended by all PNSs working bilaterally in Indonesia, together with the

Indonesian Red Cross (Palang Merah Indonesia/PMI), ICRC and the Federation. Progress since the last meeting varied from one sectoral group to another. Within health and care, disaster management, water and sanitation, and organizational development, clear ideas and concrete project proposals were tabled, to be presented to the Movement partnership task force (MPTF) meeting on 24 March for approval. Nevertheless, additional field assessments still need to be undertaken by the different working groups, sub-groups and consortiums in order to have a clearer overview of the scope of intervention required and the geographical breakdown. Under the sectoral areas of livelihood and reconstruction, further discussion regarding objectives will be required, as well as clearer direction from the Indonesian authorities before concrete proposals can be made. Additional technical expertise in these fields is also being sought. There was nevertheless consensus in all of the groups that the way forward is to work under the Movement coordination framework.

The next round of technical working group meetings is scheduled to be held in Medan from 19 to 21 April. It is also anticipated that a meeting of the Movement platform will be held before then, sometime in early April.

The Movement cooperation task force will meet in Jakarta on 24 March, to review the concrete proposals developed by the technical working groups. One representative from each PNS has been invited by PMI to attend the meeting – with 16 PNS having confirmed their attendance to date.

PMI has now named six counterparts to work with the Federation's team in Banda Aceh, with dedicated office space allocated in the service centre in the areas of logistics, reporting, finance, coordination as well as relief – with ever-increased coordination anticipated for distribution activity along the northeast coast of Aceh. A Movement coordination meeting took place on 22 March. Security issues were discussed, including the special situation in Lhokseumawe, where the Federation and PMI are completing relief distribution.

The Federation's head of delegation met with the Indonesian minister of foreign affairs in Jakarta on 16 March, in order to discuss the legal status agreement and its possible extension to cover PNSs. The Federation's concerns and suggestions were positively received and a draft addendum to the current legal status agreement has been submitted to the government for approval. An official response is still awaited.

The Federation's new head of operations arrived on 20 March and will be based in Banda Aceh to oversee all relief and recovery activities related to the tsunami operations in Indonesia.

Security

The UN has been reporting on a weekly basis about a number of ongoing clashes occurring in Aceh, however no humanitarian agencies have been involved. Field staff and volunteers from both the Federation and PMI are being advised to remain neutral and impartial in all of their actions, and to have the required documentation on hand at all times.

Due to regular aftershocks and following-on from worldwide media reports regarding another possible earthquake, Federation delegates and PMI volunteers will be briefed on the contingency safety evacuation and relocation plans that the Federation's security delegate is currently coordinating with ICRC.

The Federation's security delegate continues to keep all delegates, ERUs and PNS in the field informed of security matters on a weekly basis.

Red Cross Red Crescent action

Distribution of non-food items has increased and continues to do so, with the relief programme having reached 46,967 families – or 234,835 beneficiaries to date¹. Distribution of supplementary food parcels and community recovery tool kits is now underway. A dramatic increase in relief distribution of non-food items is envisaged, following the assessment of needs along the northeast coast. PMI branches continue to be actively involved in the process and reassessments, implementing a system of ration cards, are now underway.

Mobile health clinics continue to operate on a regular basis. PMI and Federation health delegates are working with basic health care ERUs on their exit strategies and handover procedures, as local authorities increasingly resume

¹ This excludes an estimated overlap of 5,309 families, due to some double-counting during the early stages of the operation.

health activities. Medical logistics remains an area of concern. Concrete proposals are well underway for a range of community-based health activities, ambulance programmes and blood bank revitalization. Negotiations with the ministry of health have been undertaken to clarify exact reconstruction needs and PMI/Red Cross Red Crescent involvement.

Water and sanitation support continues to increase due to demand, with PMI, the Federation and Red Cross ERUs taking an active role in the delivery of water along with hygiene training for the temporary living centres. The estimated number of beneficiaries has now reached over 105,000 people. A comprehensive water and sanitation programme is currently being developed for Simeulue Island, in coordination with the Norwegian and Australian Red Cross societies.

The Movement's technical working groups have begun their assessments and are developing specific project proposals – which are to be presented to the Movement task force meeting on 24 March. The Jakarta service centre is operational, with 13 PNSs working or about to join the premises. The Banda Aceh service centre will operate out of two adjacent buildings and facilities are currently being set up.

Since early January, PMI/ICRC activities have resulted in the successful restoration of 2,805 family links (primarily through satellite phones, registrations, as well as reunification of 16 children with their families). The number of 'persons sought' and 'I am alive' registrations has reached 29,445 at 21 March.

Overall Goal: Up to 100,000 internally displaced and otherwise affected families (approximately 500,000 people) in western Aceh receive adequate and timely emergency humanitarian assistance over the next six months.

Objective 1 (emergency relief): Basic supplementary food and non-food needs of the 500,000 IDP and most vulnerable beneficiaries are met so that they can start rebuilding their future.

Progress/Achievements

The relief programme is still in the process of expanding its coverage area to include the northeast coast of Aceh province. Activities in the northeast this week included rapid assessment, registration and distribution training sessions with local PMI branches, as well as logistical set-up in preparation for upcoming distribution activities.

Rations cards continue to be introduced along the west coast and will also be introduced to the northeast area in the upcoming week. These activities will continue until PMI has registered all families currently being assisted and those who have recently moved into the areas.

Economic recovery is very apparent along the west coast, where local markets are expanding to include greater variety and quantities of goods.

The Federation's relief team was reinforced this week with the addition of a relief delegate based in Lhokseumawe to cover part of the northeast coast, as well as field officers working in Lam No and Calang. Additional staff members are expected within the upcoming weeks in order to prepare for the expansion of the relief operation.

Lam No

The recent opening of travel by road has increased accessibility from Banda Aceh to Lam No. Relief items are now being distributed by land, while bulkier items such as community recovery kits will continue to be distributed by landing craft.

The community recovery kits have begun to arrive and distributions are scheduled to begin next week. Ration cards have begun to be distributed to IDP and host family populations in and around Lam No.

Calang

Distributions over the past week in Calang and Krueng Sabe have focused on baby kits, hygiene kits and stoves – with an additional 1,332 families covered. The distribution of non-relief items this week was somewhat curtailed, as priority was given to the distribution of ration cards. These have now been distributed to Krueng Sabe, Setia Bakti, and Calang sub-districts. Volunteers were divided into teams in order to improve coverage.

The road from Patek to Panga through Calang has been completed, although access remains restricted from Krueng Sabee to Panga in the south. The opening of the northern route to Patek has improved the efficiency of distribution - previously done by boat. According to the local authorities, the road to Lam No is expected to be completed by 26 March.

Teunom

Nearly three months after the tsunami, IDPs are tending to move back to their original villages and local markets are recovering, as more basic food items and necessities become available.

Reassessments using the ration card system have now been completed in 16 villages – with over 46 groups (IDP camps) assessed. Data verification and more ration cards are needed to complete assessment in at least four villages. Assessments to Seumira, Ceuraceu, Alue Punti and Sarah Raya are still pending due to the security constraints in accessing conflict areas.

Distributions were carried out in a number of villages – primarily of family kits and stoves – and recorded using the ration cards. This tool is proving useful in tracing items being distributed and in verifying the identity of IDPs.

Coordination meetings with other agencies to discuss food distribution focused on issues of warehouse management, employment of local personnel, working schedules and salary ranges.

Meulaboh (now including Nagan Raya)

Distributions continue to operate smoothly in Meulaboh and to the south, in Nagan Raya district, reaching over 11,000 families, of which 2,700 were added during the past week. Distribution of supplementary food parcels was initiated this week with further distributions anticipated for the coming week, along with community recovery kits.

Forward planning of distribution continues to take place with Meulaboh and Nagan Raya PMI branches – proving to be a very efficient system and greatly assisting in logistics planning of warehousing activities. Ongoing distributions of basic relief items, such as blankets, tarpaulins, jerry cans, family kits and stoves are continuing in Nagan Raya.

Northeast coast

Relief activities along the northeast coast are being stepped up dramatically, with estimates indicating a target of some 40,000 families.

During the past week, ICRC has continued to distribute hygiene parcels in the numerous sub-districts of Aceh Besar and Banda Aceh on behalf of the Federation – covering an additional 4,561 families. Households covered by these distributions were mainly IDPs and returning villagers who have begun the cleaning and reconstruction of their villages. Hygiene parcels were also transferred to ICRC in Lhokseumawe for future distribution in the northeastern districts.

Meetings and short training sessions were held with PMI branch representatives along the northeast coast. Issues covered included the upcoming assessment and registration of beneficiaries, as well as the logistical support needed for the implementation of relief activities. All branches remained committed to the plan and agreed to perform the necessary pre-distribution steps within a short time frame.

The relief team for the northeast coast expanded, with the arrival of a new field officer and delegate – the latter to be posted in Lhokseumawe.

Relief distribution to date can be summarized as follows:

Relief Distribution of Food & Non-food Items – Total Beneficiaries		
<i>Up to 20 March 2005</i>		
	Families	Beneficiaries
PMI/Federation Pre-positioned Stock		
Banda Aceh and Aceh Besar	4,300	21,500
Biren	500	2,500
Pidie	500	2,500
Lhokseumawe	500	2,500
Sub-Total	5,800	29,000
Federation Appeal Stock²		
Lam No	4,655	23,275
Calang	6,875	34,375
Teunom	4,640	23,200
Meulaboh	8,118	40,590
Simeulue Island	2,296	11,480
Nagan Raya	3,081	15,405
Aceh Besar	7,350	36,750
Pidie District	900	4,500
Kota Sabang District	989	4,945
Kota Banda Aceh	2,263	11,315
Sub-Total	41,167	205,835
TOTAL	46,967	234,835

Food & Non-food Item Relief Distribution			
<i>Up to 20 March 2005</i>			
Non-food items	Pre-positioned stock ³	Federation Appeal	TOTAL
Tents	-	4,767	4,767
Tarpaulins	3,500	32,929	36,429
Kitchen sets ⁴	-	1,532	1,532
Hygiene Kits	2,700	24,835	27,535
Blankets	10,000	74,529	84,529
Jerry Cans	-	48,228	48,228
Family Kits	4,000	17,399	21,399
Baby Kits	-	4,488	4,488
Stoves	-	3,574	3,574
Mosquito Nets	5,000	18,883	23,883
Body bags	9,000	-	9,000
Food items			
Supplementary Food Parcels		1,736	1,736

Impact

To date, the emergency relief operation has served 46,967 families or 234,835 beneficiaries with both supplementary food and non-food items in affected communities along the west and northeast coasts of Aceh. The overall figures have been revised in the tables above to exclude any overlap and double-counting, thanks to ongoing improvements in registration of beneficiaries with the implementation of a ration card system and

² The number of families and beneficiaries has now been revised to exclude any overlap. Previously recorded figures included overlap as follows: Lam No (1,367), Calang (1,367), Teunom (1,450), Meulaboh (690), Simeulue (435).

³ From latest available information provided by PMI.

⁴ Kitchen sets are no longer being distributed as a separate item, as the contents are now included in the overall family kit distributions.

improvements in Federation tabulations. Distribution of supplementary food parcels and community recovery tool kits have now begun and are well received within the communities. Logistical and security constraints continue to challenge the team. The integrated PMI/ Federation assessments and distribution are proving to have the required flexibility to meet the needs of a fluid IDP population, as well as expand to cover spontaneous settlements and host families as deemed necessary.

Constraints

- It is proving difficult to obtain accurate estimates on the number of beneficiary families to be covered in the upcoming distribution programme along the northeast coast. This is due to the absence of recent global assessments by some PMI branches, especially regarding IDPs living with host families. Clear data will become available once the registration process has been completed.
- The relief team needs to expand in order to better support PMI branches in the implementation of the programme.

Objective 2 (logistics): PMI will have a strengthened supply chain capability and capacity to ensure timely transport of material and human resources to the areas of operation.

Progress/Achievements

Logistics assessments have now been executed, in light of the expanded relief distribution to be undertaken to approximately 40,000 families along the northeast coast of Aceh. At present, no additional resources are required – however the situation will be reassessed on an ongoing basis.

The second consignment of clean-up kits was dispatched to Meulaboh for distribution. In addition, the third and final lot of 20 water tankers was sent to Banda Aceh.

After much delay and effort, the remaining 44 M6 trucks have finally been released from customs in Medan. They will be dispatched primarily for use in Meulaboh, Banda Aceh and along the northeast coast. Six all-terrain vehicles are still being held up by customs. The Federation's fleet manager accompanied a truck convoy from Meulaboh to Teunom and investigated the possibility of reaching Calang by road from there. Although the road remains in bad condition, access is possible with the M6 – a three-hour journey onwards from Teunom.

The newly-leased landing craft undertook its first shipment of goods to Lam No, Calang and Meulaboh. The operation was carried out smoothly and this new transportation asset will be used on a regular basis.

Due to slight delays in the renewal of contracts and concurrent aircraft maintenance, the Sikorsky helicopter was not available until 20 March. A new agreement has now been signed, for an open-ended contract with first option to terminate on 18 April.

Warehousing activities concentrated on clearing items from the airport in Batam to the new warehouse being provided by PMI. An agreement is being finalized with Maersk for the intermediate storage of excess stocks in Medan. Warehouse capacity in both Medan and Banda Aceh needs to be increased. The process of integrating PMI warehousing into Federation systems with regards to reporting and management will be undertaken over the coming weeks.

Procurement

Procurement activities concentrated on the follow-up of deliveries/shipments of family food parcels to both Banda Aceh and Meulaboh. Delivery of 20,600 parcels to Banda Aceh is in the final stages. However, due to handling and trans-shipment constraints in Medan, some delays in delivery to Meulaboh have been experienced.

Procurement of IT equipment for the Federation's service centres in Jakarta and Banda Aceh, as well as for the offices in Medan and Meulaboh, was carried out and equipment air-freighted to the destinations.

A short tender for the supply of helicopter services has been launched for possible re-evaluation of the current contract. A similar exercise will be carried out for the light fixed wing aircraft, the Cessna Caravan, currently in operation.

Other sourcing activities included kerosene stoves and water sewage suction trucks, as well as utility containers (toilet and shower).

Summary Report

Date from **12 Mar** Date to **18 Mar**

Oystein Larsen

Hub Operations (receiving goods and movement to forward operating bases from Medan and Batam)

Fixed Wing Air Ops

	Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
	Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Flights Received	4	43	103	2,977
Flights Despatched			45	474

Helicopter Air Ops

	Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
	Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Flights Received				
Flights Despatched			18	36

Boat Operations

	Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
	Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Boats Received	4	220	24	2,135
Boats Despatched	1	5	4	437.0

Trucking Ops

	Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
	Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Trucks Received				
Trucks Despatched	17	79	343	2,091

Distribution Operations (receipt and despatch of goods from Meulaboh and Banda Aceh for Distribution)

Fixed Wing Air Ops

		Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
		Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Flights Received	All			35	631
Flights Despatched	Lam No				
	Calang				
	Teunam				
	Meulaboh				

Boat Operations

		Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
		Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Boats Received	All	0	0	0	0
Boats Despatched	Lam No	1	10	24	174
	Calang	1	10	20	162
	Teunam	0	0	13	100
	Meulaboh	0	0	1	8

Helicopter Air Ops

		Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals		Pax from 05.02.05
		Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes	
Flights Received		7	1	0	0	0
Flights Despatched	Lam No	8	1.5	44	51	159
	Calang	7	1	69	69	287
	Teunam	2	0	103	73	183
	Meulaboh	0	0	32	14	42
	Panga	0	0	35	16	0

Trucking Ops

		Weekly Totals		Cusum Totals	
		Number	Tonnes	Number	Tonnes
Trucks Received	All	14	115	197	1082
Trucks Despatched	Lam No	0	0	0	0
	Calang	0	0	0	0
	Teunam	9	25	34	77
	Meulaboh	48	97	206	588
	Banda dis	0	0	7	24
	other	0	0	6	8

Impact

Goods continue to move through the pipeline at a steady rate, and logistics operations are well integrated with the requirements of the relief distribution operation. Warehousing capacity is being expanded to meet expanded distribution needs and management of stocks is being further refined and integrated with PMI activities. Previously considered 'excess stocks' are not necessarily in excess anymore – as distribution is undertaken to 40,000 families on the east coast – particularly as concerns hygiene kits and baby kits. As a result, items can now be forwarded from Medan to operational areas in accordance with requisitions, with stocks remaining at the end of the operation to be transferred to disaster preparedness stocks in accordance with the approved plans.

Constraints

Due to a lack of documentation for the initial emergency period, numbers in various reports do not tally. Logistics personnel are concentrating on reconstructing both documentation and history in order to get a more accurate picture. However it is anticipated that it will not be possible to re-establish all records.

There is increasing pressure on the Federation's logistics team on the part of various PNSs – some of whom are contacting specialized Federation logistics delegates directly for services, ignoring the need for overall coordination and despite the fact that service agreements have not yet been entered into, nor have mechanisms of payments been established. The need for clearly agreed and communicated guidelines has been stressed.

Objective 3 (health): primary health care service provided to the tsunami-affected communities and potential epidemics are prevented or adequately addressed.

Overview

There have been no reported changes in the general morbidity and mortality status. Acute respiratory disease by far continues to be the main complaint. Reported notifiable diseases have been isolated and well contained.

The population remains mobile and tracking constitutes a major challenge. Many former residents are returning to their places of origin while, with further completion of the temporary living centres, IDPs are moving from tented facilities into the barrack-style constructions. Of considerable concern are the inadequate sanitation facilities in many of the centres, as well as poor water supply in some locations.

A series of fairly severe aftershocks during the past two weeks caused panic among communities along the west coast, as people tried to flee to the hills. This vulnerable and traumatized population remains extremely unstable.

Other general developments include:

- A repatriation system of referred and non-referred patients from the various medical facilities within Banda Aceh to their places of origin has been finalized.
- Medical supplies division of the ministry of health/WHO have put into place a system for the collection, storage and listing of medicines along with extra warehouse facilities. This also includes disposal of unwanted, damaged or expired drugs. It is hoped that this will enable the authorities to make the best use of the oversupply of medical supplies within the province, to coordinate use of supplies with all agencies and to ascertain outstanding needs for the coming six months and longer.
- UNFPA, with the arrival of long-term staff, has increased activities within the field of reproductive health – in particular, data collection, neonatal surveillance and monitoring.
- The measles immunization programme records around 80 per cent coverage of IDPs. However, reports from the Federation's field delegates indicate that many locations seem to have had poorly organized campaigns. This, combined with population movement as described above, would make overall figures rather doubtful.

The overriding concern for agencies during this period has been the planning for the future. Uncertainty as to expatriate presence after 26 March, as well as great uncertainty concerning official lines for registering interest in future activities, have caused confusion. There is particular concern regarding the physical reconstruction of health structures. In addition, the ministry of health's plans regarding national medical personnel for Aceh province have not been well disseminated, making for difficulties in ascertaining future human resource needs.

Progress/Achievements

The second meeting of the health technical working group consortium was held in Banda Aceh on 15 March – with a number sub-groups presenting their draft proposals for review prior to submission to the task force meeting of 24 March. Furthermore, the programme proposal for the community-based first aid (CBFA) sub-group is nearing completion.

The Federation has taken responsibility for coordinating a number of the sub-working groups and held initial meetings with the interested PNSs. It was felt that further discussions with PMI regarding objectives and resources are required prior to finalizing plans for mobile health clinics and health posts in IDP camps.

Meetings are ongoing with the ministry of health, PMI and the sub-group involved in the rehabilitation of clinics in order to clarify the exact number and location of clinics being allocated to PMI for rehabilitation.

Following the working group meeting, a concerted effort has been made over the past week to increase the flow of information between the working group members and to encourage greater coordination and feedback.

Banda Aceh and area

PMI mobile clinics continue to conduct their rounds on a regular basis and during the past week visited 20 villages in 15 sub-districts of Aceh Besar. The schedule and location of visits has been slightly revised following assessments and based on actual needs. The PMI operated four static clinics during the past week in Banda Aceh, Calang, Lam No and Darussalam. The clinic in Sabang was not operational due to a lack of resources.

PMI has appointed a new health coordinator for Banda Aceh who is also involved in the mobile health clinics. This puts some constraints on the time available to oversee and coordinate PMI health activities in the area. The Federation's health delegate has been concentrating on refining project proposals for CBFA, as well as clarifying the situation with regard to mobile clinics and health posts.

A total of 15 PMI staff and volunteers participated in malaria prevention training provided by the Mentor Initiative agency.

Teunom

Numbers of outpatients treated by the ERU basic health care unit (BHCU) of the German Red Cross remain constant at between 60-100 patients per day. The total number of patients seen in the outpatient department has reached 5,820. Most admitted patients are being admitted for malaria treatment.

There have been a number of visits by NGOs, to discuss health projects and plans for the area.

Discussions are ongoing regarding the handover of the ERU to the health authorities. A memorandum of understanding is being finalized with PMI and the preparation of inventory is ongoing. Due to the joint health/water and sanitation nature of the ERU, it is anticipated that general activities may well extend to the maximum four months allowable under the ERU agreement.

Meulaboh and Simeulue Island

The health situation remains stable in Meulaboh and in the camps, with malaria following seasonal patterns.

The Cut Nyak Dhien hospital continues to function with an influx of staff from the ministry of health rotating from various locations in Indonesia for several weeks at a time and working alongside local health staff of the hospital. Staff numbers appear to be adequate, however there are some concerns that the standard of care has diminished with the departure of various NGOs previously assisting the hospital.

The French Red Cross continues to repair the water pipes in the hospital and is also taking care of clinical waste disposal. A system of colour-coded waste receptacles has been instituted and staff is being trained in procedures for the proper separation of waste. To date, the French Red Cross has repaired 70 per cent of the pipes and expects to complete the work by the end of April.

During the week, 10 PMI medical team members received training on rapid malaria testing and anti-malarial combination therapy (ACT), from the medical coordinator of Mentor Initiative.

PMI has continued to work with the mobile medical clinics along with the Japanese Red Cross, as well as with the Singapore Red Cross in separate locations. Over the week, some 589 patients were seen by the Japanese Red Cross/PMI mobile clinics. A formal plan for continuation of mobile clinics is being finalized by the PMI medical coordinator, taking account of ongoing relocations of IDPs to temporary living centres.

The Japanese Red Cross has now closed down its ERU at Alue Peuyareng camp, after holding their last clinic at the camp on 19 March. Most of the residents have moved to the temporary living centre located nearby – with access to a health centre less than 10 kilometres away. A PMI plan for this centre is awaited. Informal assessments of the conditions in four of the new temporary living centres were carried out by the Federation's health delegate along with PMI.

A total of 2,779 patients have been seen through the Japanese Red Cross' BHCU to date. The team will depart Meulaboh on 26 March, to be replaced by a smaller one. Reports and recommendations regarding plans for ongoing mobile clinics on Simeulue Island are awaited. During the past week, 402 patients were treated by the Japanese Red Cross/PMI mobile team on Simeulue Island. Details regarding the handover of equipment, medicines and tented facilities are currently being finalized.

Summary overview of Red Cross Red Crescent health care services:

Red Cross and Red Crescent	Communities served	Activities	Beneficiaries	Constraints / Comments
German Red Cross ERU BHCU <i>(from 10 January 2005)</i>	Teunom	▪ Basic health care services	▪ 60-100 patients / day (outpatients) – cumulative (19 March): 5,820	
Japanese Red	Meulaboh +	▪ BHCU in IDP	▪ BHCU - Total patients	Health assessments and mapping

Cross ERU BCHU (from 4 January 2005)	outlying communities (Aceh Barat, Nagan Raya) + Simeulue Island	camp ▪ Mobile health clinics ▪ Vaccinations	(25/01 – 19/03): 2,779 ▪ Vaccinations (to 19/03): 2826 ▪ Mobile clinics: approx. 2,900 cumulative	programme + vaccination campaign. Cut Nyak Dhein Hospital support activities being handed over to local staff.
PMI/ICRC Hospital (from 16 January 2005)	Banda Aceh	Referral hospital, with Norwegian Red Cross and Slovak Red Cross	6,199 outpatients (16 January – 21 March) + average of 60 inpatients / day (total admissions: 597)	Also set up a camp for discharged patients (up to 400).
PMI (from 26 December 2004)	Banda Aceh, Lam No, Calang, Simeulue Meulaboh	▪ 5 health posts and 11 mobile health teams	Estimated 70,000 patients treated by end of January	8-12 teams operational at any one time. Other teams deployed directly by PMI chapters to affected area.

Impact

There are no reports of abnormal disease outbreaks. The ERU BHCUs and PMI together, along with ICRC/Norwegian Red Cross referral hospital, have offered basic and specialized health care to over 91,000 beneficiaries. The overall health situation remains stable, with the same disease pattern presenting over the weeks. Concrete handover plans for the BCHU ERUs are being finalized with PMI, and inventory lists are being drawn up. The health technical working groups are actively developing project proposals, as activities increasingly shift towards recovery and rehabilitation.

Constraints

- Coordination of PMI health activities at local level remains a challenge due to a lack of clarity in decision-making, as well as insufficient and ongoing rotations of staff. Furthermore, overall assessment and planning is impeded by a lack of central information and assistance connected to PMI plans and activities.
- Reporting systems need to be improved.
- Although project proposals are being finalized in a number of areas, some health sub-working groups have been unable to meet due to lack of availability of participating national societies.
- Transitions between the Federation's health coordinators and health delegates are taking place at the end of the month.

Objective 4 (water and sanitation): the spread/outbreak of infectious diseases is prevented through water and sanitation interventions.

Progress/Achievements

Assessment of the water and sanitation situation in the temporary living centres in and around Banda Aceh continues and activities are ongoing as per the previous week. The dense population in the city and ongoing population movements continue to make assessments a challenge. Water provision is being assured to a number of temporary living centres and water storage facilities are being put in place. The various water and sanitation ERUs in Meulaboh, Sigli and Teunom have been entering into agreements with the public utilities to assist with the water and sanitation provision to selected temporary living centres. It has been ascertained that the cesspits being installed in the temporary settlements are not suitable. Therefore a design for the construction of septic tanks has been developed and is ready for presentation to the government and sector agencies. More sustainable water supply solutions are also being sought. PHAST training of trainers is continuing and is proving popular among PMI participants. It is anticipated that community-based training in the temporary living centres will commence within the next two to three weeks.

Banda Aceh

The PMI water and sanitation team continues to work in close cooperation with the Austrian/Swedish/Macedonian Red Cross ERU and Malaysian Red Crescent - focusing on providing drinking water to beneficiaries around Banda Aceh and Aceh Besar.

Challenges over the past week pertain to the purification of raw water from the Pante Pirak river, which continues to be muddy due to heavy rains in recent weeks. Additionally, water from the main PDAM pipes – which were badly damaged – does not flow continuously.

A detailed survey and assessment has taken place at six of the temporary location centres, with the Federation working closely with the ministry of public works to ensure that beneficiaries receive clean water (for drinking and cooking), and to oversee the construction of appropriate and safe latrines.

The ERU team has established another delivery point at Kuala Syiah, northwest of Banda Aceh, erecting a 10-square metre Oxfam tank, which will serve 2,500 beneficiaries in the area.

The training of PMI and Malaysian Red Crescent volunteers attached to both the Austrian/Macedonian/Swedish Red Cross and Spanish Red Cross ERU teams is ongoing.

Teunom

Trained local workers have continued with their work on filtration and water distribution. In the last week, the German Red Cross installed a new 10,000-litre tank in Teupin Ara village - received from a non-governmental organization, and now included in the German Red Cross' regular drinking water distribution.

The German Red Cross has produced up to 1,270,000 litres of water, with a daily production of 27,500 litres. To date, 867,000 litres of water are distributed in 14 bladder tanks to 7,000 beneficiaries in IDP camps as well as some local residents.

Meulaboh

With regards to the handover of operations, the Spanish Red Cross is currently negotiating with PMI as well as developing a detailed plan to ensure that the transition goes smoothly.

The French Red Cross assessed a number of villages for potential programme implementation around Meulaboh.

Sigli and Samalanga

The French Red Cross' ERU has completed the training of PMI volunteers in Pidie district, now working under supervision of a French Red Cross engineer and a locally-employed treatment plant manager.

The French Red Cross' team has also been helping Oxfam by providing clean water for two temporary living centres in the area. The team is currently preparing an exit strategy for the area.

Simeulue Island

Proposals are being drafted at the moment by the Norwegian Red Cross to cover areas along the east coast of Simeulue Island. The Australian Red Cross is also developing separate proposals for implementation of water and sanitation activities along on the west coast of Simeulue.

Summary table of water and sanitation activities

Water and Sanitation ERU	Distribution/litres	Means of Distribution	Beneficiaries	Constraints/Comments
Spanish Red Cross Meulaboh <i>(from 5 January)</i>	*Up to 300,000 litres of specialized water/day *Seven mobile water plants produce 4,000 litres daily working 15 hours daily *Team has distributed over 18,700,000 litres to date	*21 tankers used for distribution * 80 to 100 trips daily	*Estimated 45,000 IDPs in 4 camps + specialized water to Japanese Red Cross BHCU team + other agencies as requested *35 bacteriological tests conducted	
French Red Cross Samalanga and Sigli <i>(from 10</i>	*Two water treatment and pumping stations delivering 280,000 – 300,000 litres daily	*8 tanker trucks *80 x 3,000-litre tanks + 6 x 10,000-litre tanks used for distribution points	*Serving 60 camps and 30,000 IDPs	PMI volunteers on board. French RC providing support to the operation.

<i>January)</i>				
German Red Cross Teunom <i>(from 10 January)</i>	*1,270,000 litres daily, 27,500 litres produced daily	*14 bladder tanks and taps set up in town and IDP areas	*Approximately 15,000 (of which 7,000 are IDPs)	
Swedish/Austrian/Macedonian Red Cross Banda Aceh <i>(from 9 February)</i>	*300,000 litres daily. Operational in Banda Aceh and its environs. Also supply Oxfam, ICRC and THW.	*23 tank and distribution points *Trucking to temporary living centres	*15,000 beneficiaries	Two new distribution sites pose a danger. Consulting with authorities. Level of river changing daily, due to heavy rains. Water extremely muddy.

Impact

The capacity of PMI has increased markedly, especially in the areas of procuring, treating, and distributing safe and clean water during emergency and rehabilitation phases. The number of people and agencies benefiting from water produced by the Red Cross is steadily increasing. As a result, additional production facilities have been set up in Banda Aceh (40,000 litres per hour filtered). It is now estimated that water is being provided to approximately 105,000 beneficiaries on a regular basis.

Constraints

- Many of the temporary settlements were built with poor latrine design and water sources. The Federation is assisting PMI to address these problems beginning with the distribution of clean water to the temporary settlements and temporary living centres.
- IDP movements present a very fluid working environment, making assessments a challenge.
- PMI counterpart(s) still needs to be appointed.
- Due to restrictions imposed on the Spanish army in assisting with setting up platforms for the construction of water tanks (meant for water distribution) by gravity at the stadium and the Ladong temporary settlement, the Federation is seeking alternative solutions.
- Some difficulties were encountered in agreeing local contacts and venues for PHAST training in Meulaboh.

Objective 5 (telecommunications): fast and reliable means of communication is secured in the areas of the relief operation.

Progress/Achievements

The IT/network setup for the Federation service centres and sub-offices is being finalized and training of local staff carried out. In addition, radio training for delegates has been carried out in Meulaboh and Banda Aceh, and will continue over the coming weeks in all operational areas.

Satellite telephone alternatives are being considered for data and voice communication in the north/west coast operational areas.

Impact

Fully functioning networks with high speed internet connection are now available in all Federation offices. Radio network installation and training has begun and will continue to be carried out over the coming weeks for PMI, Federation and PNS staff and delegates.

Sri Lanka

Overview

The latest government figures as of 14 March put the total number of IDPs at 519,063, with 96,646 living in 267 different camps and 422,417 staying with family and friends. In a number of districts, the displaced populations are now moving from temporary shelter to newly constructed transitional shelter. The Sri Lankan government's Transitional Accommodation Project (TAP) has announced that 10,000 of these transitional shelters will be

constructed soon in the affected 10 provinces. The Taskforce for Relief (TAFOR) is the implementing government agency. UNHCR commented that 4,000 of these shelters have already been completed. The government's task force secretary has indicated that IDPs staying in schools, colleges and other temporary residences will be forcibly moved to new accommodation by May.

The Humanitarian Information Centre (HIC) is now posting district-level meeting schedules and contact lists for Galle, Matara, Hambantota, Jaffna and Ampara on its website in an effort to increase information sharing and communication flow. The HIC is also collecting information on all NGO, INGO, UN and other relief activities across tsunami-affected areas.

For maps and reports on the general background of the disaster in Sri Lanka please refer to <http://www.lk.undp.org/ndmc>.

Logistics

The logistics department is presently focusing on clearing all the sea shipments left in the harbour since the beginning of the operation. Clearing procedures are complicated and time consuming, and the team is concentrating on getting the consignments out of the harbour and straight to the field warehouses where the relief teams are distributing the items to the beneficiaries. The Federation is using IOM trucks (provided for free) and other privately contracted transport to move goods to the warehouses. It is hoped that by the end of the week, no cargo will remain in the harbour. The logistics team has recruited a short-term fleet manager based in Colombo to manage all the Federation vehicles in country, and is looking for a long-term fleet manager.

Coordination

During the Movement platform meeting of the heads of the Sri Lanka Red Cross Society (SLRCS), the Federation and ICRC on 16 March, 127 concept papers submitted by PNSs for tsunami rehabilitation programmes were discussed and approved. These concept papers will now form the basis of project proposals in line with the SLRCS national policy. The Movement platform is focusing on avoiding duplication of rehabilitation work and maximizing the resources available. Tsunami-affected areas have been grouped geographically. Central areas have been divided similarly. PNSs have been advised to concentrate on activities in two geographical areas at the start of operations. The following areas have been earmarked by PNSs; multilateral proposals will be submitted by the Federation delegation technical departments and processed in the same manner as for PNSs.

Table of geographical areas/interests of PNSs across tsunami-affected areas in Sri Lanka

Area		PNS
North	Jaffna, Killinochchi, Mullaittivu	Danish, Australia, Canadian, German, Austrian/Swiss, Belgium – Luxembourg, multilaterals
East	Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Ampara	Japan, Austrian/Swiss, Sweden, Norwegian, British, French, Hong Kong branch of China Red Cross, Saudi, German, Finnish, Danish, Italian, multilaterals
South	Hambantota, Matara, Galle	American, Netherlands, Spanish, Turkish, British, French, Canadian, Saudi, Norwegian, multilaterals
West	Colombo, Gampaha, Puttalam and Kalutara	Japan, Belgium-Luxembourg, Spanish, multilaterals

PNSs are in the process of signing service agreements with the Federation and SLRCS. This week the Netherlands and British Red Cross societies signed agreements and a new Federation staff member has joined the team with the specific task of managing service agreements. The Federation and SLRCS continue to host weekly taskforce information meetings attended by all in-country PNS, to discuss coordination and programme issues. The Federation also participates in weekly international NGO/UN meetings where organizations provide an overview of their activities (the Federation presents PNS and Federation activities), and specific technical and organizational issues are discussed.

Eight European PNSs (Spanish, Austrian, Swiss, Luxembourg, Belgium Flanders Belgium French, Netherlands, Ireland, and German) are in the process of forming a tsunami consortium, designed to encourage a coherent and harmonious approach to relief and recovery operations, while maintaining the individual identity of each partner and its projects.

Coordination at district level: There are varying degrees of interaction between the SLRCS and PNSs at district level. With the deployment of the Movement's coordination/organizational development or disaster management delegates this should be regularized. SLRCS, Federation and ICRC are in the process of finalizing discussions on the establishment of Federation sub-offices in the south, and for Federation-appointed staff to join existing ICRC sub-delegations to provide support in the field of capacity building and other required technical areas. In the meantime PNSs are strongly reminded of their obligation to work with or through the SLRCS branches and to provide support for the development of immediately needed branch capacities and for implementation programmes required. They are strongly discouraged from setting up parallel structures to eventually manage programmes. Strong support at the branch level from the SLRCS national headquarters, the Federation and/or the ICRC is required to avoid this situation.

Coordination with ICRC: ICRC continues to support PNS and SLRCS coordination within its sub-delegations. ICRC technical coordinators attend and actively contribute to the technical committees.

For more information on SLRCS and ICRC activities to support tsunami-affected populations please go to www.slrcs.org and www.icrc.org.

Overall Goal: Up to 40,000 families (about 200,000 people) in the south of the country receive immediate relief, shelter, health and care, and community support over the next six months.

Objective 1 (water and sanitation): Adequate sanitation and water supply provided to a selected number of temporary shelters/welfare centres, and water and sanitation systems to serve the affected population.

Coordination

During the week, the Federation's water sanitation delegate participated in a coordination meeting with UNICEF to discuss sanitation - in particular the use of plastic tanks for sewage disposal; disposal of gully sucker (used for sewage disposal) output; and design for sanitation projects.

The technical committee for Red Cross Red Crescent water and sanitation activities is now up and running. SLRCS, Federation and ICRC are joined by eight PNSs during the committee meetings. Primary points of discussion during the last meeting were: PNS mapping (allocating areas for their activities); stressing the importance of combining water sanitation and construction planning; and planning the move from transitional to long-term projects.

Progress/Achievements

During the reporting period, the first two gully suckers arrived in Pottuvil. Training on how to use this equipment will take place on 30 March in the field.

Meanwhile, the SLRCS, ERUs and other PNSs continued with activities to improve water, sanitation and hygiene in tsunami affected areas, as indicated in the table below:

Water and sanitation activities in Sri Lanka, up to 23 March

Red Cross Society	Location	Activity	Beneficiaries	Remarks
French Red Cross (bilateral)	Kalla, Kalluthavalai	Producing and distributing 700,000 litres of fresh water weekly	10,000	French Red Cross is also establishing two teams for well cleaning in the area.
German specialized water ERU team 1	Pottuvil in Ampara	Producing 920,000 litres of fresh water weekly, distributing 680,000 litres	24,000	Six SLRCS volunteers are being trained on the job to operate the water treatment plant.
German specialized water ERU team 2	Kalmunai in Ampara	During the first week of operation, produced 453,900 litres of fresh		8 – 10 SLRCS volunteers, plus driver.

		water		
Swedish mass distribution ERU	Pottuvil in Ampara	The well cleaning operation has closed and the majority of equipment has been handed over to the German Red Cross team 1 in Pottuvil, with some equipment provided to SLRCS.	2,810	The final team members are due to leave Sri Lanka this week.
Italian Red Cross (bilateral)	Valichchnai	There was no water production this week due to poor quality of source water		Italian Red Cross is considering selecting another source for water purification or returning to Batticaloa to produce water.
Sri Lanka Red Cross	Batticaloa, Kalutara, Matara, Kilinochchi, Mullaitivu, Galle, Gampaha, Trincomalee, Vavuniya, Puttalam, Ampara	Cleaning of wells, distribution of water	Not determined	More information will be available in the next operations update
Total			36,810 plus undetermined numbers	

PNSs have expressed interest in water and sanitation projects as follows:

PNS planned mid-term water sanitation activities as of 23 March

PNS	Location	Activity
American Red Cross	Galle, Hambantota, Matara	Environmental cleaning, water filtering and hygiene promotion
Australian Red Cross	Hambantota, Mullaitivu, Killinochchi	Environmental cleaning and water sanitation for permanent/semi permanent housing
British Red Cross	Matara	Unidentified
Norwegian Red Cross	Pottuvil	Provision of wells for camps and villages

RCRC activities outside this appeal

ICRC is working to provide water and sanitation facilities in the north and east of the country. For more information please go to www.icrc.org.

Objective 2 (shelter): Temporary shelter provided to up to 15,000 families (about 75,000 people) whose houses have been destroyed and have no extended family to live with.

Progress/Achievements

The Federation and SLRCS have committed to the construction of 15,000 houses for people who lost their homes during the tsunami. So far, memoranda of understanding have been signed between SLRCS and the ministry of

urban development and water supply to construct 3,250 houses in Ampara district. Various issues are arising regarding construction, including the following:

- Allocation of land – land allocated is not necessarily suitable for the population to be relocated, e.g. it is several kilometres inland and unsuitable for fishermen who need to be near the coast; land provided will create congested villages, whereas previously populations lived on long stretches of the coast and are used to spacious surroundings.
- Temporary shelter – there is still an issue regarding temporary shelter, particularly with the approaching monsoon season and the need to relocate families still living in tents.

Please refer to the table under Objective 3 for full details of tent and tarpaulin distributions by the American Red Cross' ERU operating in Ampara, Galle, Matara and Hambantota. This ERU, together with the SLRCS Ampara branch, have distributed 16,249 tarpaulins and tents to families in Pottuvil, bringing the total number of families assisted with temporary accommodation in eastern Ampara district to over 11,900. In Galle, Matara and Hambantota over 22,500 tarpaulins and 61 tents have been distributed to 13,999 families. Families receive one or two tarpaulins depending on the size of tarpaulin (a total of 16 square metres). The distribution of tents has slowed down considerably as most affected people now have tents or are in temporary shelter.

Objective 3 (immediate livelihood restoration): The minimum livelihood requirements provided for up to 40,000 families (about 200,000 people) whose houses have been destroyed and have lost their belongings.

Progress/Achievements

Federation representatives participated in a meeting on livelihood with TAFREN to discuss project plans. The Federation is also planning an assessment of the south of Sri Lanka, focusing on immediate relief needs.

Relief distributions are ongoing across Sri Lanka. In the south and east, the American Red Cross relief ERU and SLRCS have started the second round of distributions of non-food relief items for families with government rations cards, detailed in the table below. The team in Ampara hopes to finalize second round distributions (targeting 9,500 families) within the next three weeks.

Meanwhile, the Federation is experiencing pressure from local government to add beneficiaries to the list already established by the government. This issue is being discussed.

The Federation pipeline of relief goods has now expanded to territories in the north and east in cooperation with ICRC. The ICRC, SLRCS and Canadian, Swiss and Austrian Red Cross societies are distributing Federation hygiene kits in Killinochchi, Kiran and Valaichenai (see table below for details). The Japanese Red Cross is conducting an assessment of hygiene kits needs in the north and as soon as areas for intervention are identified, the Federation will release hygiene kits for distribution.

Total distribution of non-food items by the American Red Cross' relief ERU operating in east and south of Sri Lanka up to 23 March

Non-food item	Ampara	Galle, Matara, Hambantota	Total
Water containers (10 litres)	71,446	24,019	137,021
Water containers (20 litres)	combined total	41,556	
Tarpaulins	15,760	22,466	38,226
Tents	557	61	618
Kitchen sets	5,466	16,164	21,630
Family kits	6,986	-	6,986
Family hygiene kits	20,924	37,974	58,898
Blankets	36,187	60,036	96,223
Bed sheets	61,323	83,396	144,719
Saris	9,729	17,982	27,711

Sarongs	10,329	14,317	24,646
Mosquito nets	33,580	22,756	56,336
Kerosene stoves	9,564	5,049	14,613
Sleeping mats	25,946	35,134	61,080
Laundry soap	28,590	52,182	80,772
Rope	13,834	37,498	51,332
Baby kits	-	5,029	5,029
Underwear	71,446	18,570	90,016
Kerosene lamps	3,871	1,291	5,162

* Family kit contains: 2 pots with lids, 2 large spoons, 2 metal plates, 2 cups, 1 plastic container, 1 bucket, 2 bars of soap, 1 saree, 1 sarong, matches, candles

** Hygiene kits contains: 4 bars of body soap, 4 bars of laundry soap, 2 bottles of shampoo, 6 tubes of toothpaste, 6 toothbrushes, 3 towels, 60 sanitary pads, 6 razors, 20 rolls of toilet paper.

The table above includes items distributed to schools and other institutions. The second round of distributions is concentrating on replenishing stocks distributed during the first round, and includes items not available during the first round of distributions (lamps and underwear). Not all families receive the same relief items, and quantities change according to stock in warehouses and assessments.

Impact

Since the operation began, distributions have reached up to 268,490 individuals (87,683 individuals in Ampara and 180,807 in Galle, Hambantota and Matara). People who have received first and second round distributions are counted twice. Teams and team leaders continue to perform well. Supervision and training are ongoing. Monitoring and evaluations are being conducted daily and all items are appreciated by the beneficiaries.

RCRC activities outside this appeal

SLRCS is running a USAID-funded tsunami relief operation in Galle and Ampara regions. For further details on this programme and Swiss Red Cross and SLRCS/ICRC distributions of non-food items please refer to [Operations Update no. 43](#).

The Turkish Red Crescent has been operating in Sri Lanka since 7 January and is providing psycho-social, medical and disaster response through a team of 18 people working in Ampara, Kalutara and Matara. To date the Turkish Red Crescent has distributed over USD 350,000 worth of relief items, as detailed below:

Turkish Red Crescent relief distributions as of 23 March 2005 (outside the Federation's appeal)

District	Hygiene kits	Kitchen sets	Mosquito nets	Stationery	School bags	School uniforms	Baby food	Dry food ration family packs
Ampara	1,000	1,567	5,000	1,500	1,500	-	-	To be distributed
Kalutara	1,500	-	-	4,500	6,500	7,000	1,005	1,500
Matara	1,100	-	-	3,000	1,000	-	-	1,500
total	3,600	1,567	5,000	9,000	9,000	7,000	1,005	3,000

The Turkish Red Crescent is also working to restore livelihoods in affected areas. In Kalutara, an assessment of local fisheries needs has been conducted with the cooperation of the local fishermen organization. A list of needs is now available, and the Turkish Red Crescent is cooperating with local and international organizations to avoid duplication of work.

Belgium Red Cross is running a clean-up project in Beruwala – three teams of 20 people (10 SLRCS volunteers and 10 community workers) have been working every week Monday to Saturday since the end of February. Each team clears three houses in one day.

Objective 4 (health): A constant, good level of health is ensured for up to 20,000 families (about 100,000 people) through prevention and basic health care, as well as health and hygiene promotion.

Coordination

Weekly technical meetings are held and have been well attended by PNSs interested in implementing health projects. Coordination with other agencies occurs at weekly meetings hosted by WHO.

Progress/Achievements

Planning for the long-term health programme is underway. Two broad areas that are being addressed are the reconstruction/rehabilitation of health infrastructure and community-based health programmes. SLRCS has appointed a very experienced medical officer to oversee the health and psychological support programmes who is giving valuable input into the development of project guidelines.

In total, 28 of the 34 health facilities allocated by the ministry of health to the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement have been allocated to 12 PNSs which are in country and the remaining six have been allocated to multilateral donors. Discussions will take place with the ministry of health to determine requirements for hospitals and other medical facilities to ensure that all reconstruction and rehabilitation meets existing health standards.

Several PNSs have expressed an interest in implementing community-based health projects in districts in the south and west. The plan is to replicate a model which has been successfully used by the ICRC in the north and east of the country (conflict areas).

ERUs: The French, Norwegian and Finnish Red Cross ERUs are now non-operational. All have handed over equipment to SLRCS, Federation and appropriate medical facilities in Ampara and Batticaloa districts.

RCRC activities outside this appeal

ICRC and German Red Cross (18 staff members) are supporting a hospital in Puthukkudiyiruppu in the east. The hospital has also been given over 100 tonnes of supplies. ICRC has also provided medical supplies to health authorities in Kilinochchi, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Vavuniya and Mullaittivu. A total of 250 volunteers in Batticaloa are being trained in health education and over 50 SLRCS community health workers are providing first aid and health education services for IDPs. For more details please go to www.icrc.org.

The Italian Red Cross' field hospital continues its activity of providing general and paediatric services to the population of Vakarai. Its newly established laboratory still needs reagents which are in the process of being bought locally after imported reagents were destroyed from exposure to high temperatures. Five mobile clinics continue to operate from the hospital base in IDP camps in the neighbourhood.

The Japanese Red Cross is planning to provide health care in the following areas: reconstruction of the hospital and eyesight recovery programme in Trincomalee and primary health care in Puttalam. Discussions regarding programme implementation are ongoing with all concerned parties.

Objective 5 (psycho-social support): The resilience of the affected population and the local relief workers is enhanced through psycho-social support.

Coordination

Coordination meetings for Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners, NGOs and local authorities working in the field of psycho-social support are ongoing in Ampara and Pottuvil in the east of the country, in Batticaloa, and also at Colombo level with the ministry of health and UNICEF. The Danish Red Cross is coordinating and sharing information with other Red Cross Red Crescent partners interested in implementing psycho-social programmes.

Progress/Achievements

The Danish Red Cross is acting as the lead for other PNSs providing psycho-social support including American Red Cross, Belgium Red Cross, Turkish Red Crescent and potential Canadian Red Cross support. Currently, the Danish Red Cross is working with SLRCS psycho-social support programmes in Ampara, Batticaloa, Trincomalee and Jaffna, providing counselling for various populations (including school children) and distributing material relief items and support to livelihoods. For full details on the Danish Red Cross programme please refer to [Operations Update no. 48](#).

RCRC activities outside this appeal

The Belgium Red Cross is training SLRCS volunteers in provision of psycho-social support. To date 12 SLRCS volunteers have participated in a three-day training course. The volunteers are trained on the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement, what psycho-social work means, how to recognize signs and symptoms of stress, and the role of volunteers in the community. The volunteers will not work as counsellors, but will provide services such as helping people apply for government rations, documents lost during the tsunami, compensation for damaged goods etc. The aim of the project is to empower local communities and reduce stress levels through provision of practical information.

Capacity of the national society

Capacity of the national society continues to increase with new Federation/SLRCS recruitment of technical experts and ongoing and planned training of volunteers and staff. Volunteers continue to support all areas of the relief operation – please refer to the individual objectives above for further details.

Financial management capacity – the SLRCS national headquarters' finance department is being expanded with support from the Spanish Red Cross. At district level, the Federation has provided computers for branches and funding for a number of finance staff. Funding is still required for additional finance department computers, appropriate software, training and some staff salaries.

Maldives

Overview

The head of delegation and minister of finance of the government of Maldives signed a memorandum of understanding committing funds for materials used in the construction of temporary housing for 9,955 people. This follows on from the signing of the legal status agreement on 1 March.

The British Red Cross representatives have moved into the office building which is shared with the American, French and German Red Cross societies, plus the Federation.

A further 450 body bags requested from the Federation's Sri Lanka delegation have arrived. The government had requested additional body bags to assist the police in handling the remains of victims of the tsunami washed up on the islands.

The initial shipment of the new consignment of hygiene parcels has arrived in Male, intended for the internally displaced persons population and host families. The Federation has mobilized sufficient supplies (funded by American Red Cross) to cover needs for six months.

A British Red Cross assessment team consisting of a team leader as well as construction and logistics delegates arrived in the Maldives to conduct their own assessment of the shelter and livelihood needs prior to the project definition and the anticipated assignment of a team of long-term delegates.

Overall Goal: Tsunami-affected families in Maldives receive immediate non-food relief, shelter, electricity, health, water and sanitation services; and a national society established.

Objective 1 (Shelter): Temporary shelter provided for 3,440 families and permanent shelter material provided for 5,500 families whose houses have been completely or badly damaged.

Progress/Achievements

The head of delegation and the minister of finance signed a memorandum of understanding on 21 March, which sets out the scope of work and terms of a grant funding the building materials for specified types of temporary shelters. With the signing of this memorandum of understanding, the government of Maldives will be able to provide temporary shelter for up to 9,955 people that lost their homes during the disaster.

Latest reports indicate that 18 out of the total 85 units have now been completed, with a further 67 underway. The agreement with the government of Maldives includes funding for not only temporary shelter constructions, but also materials for building 25 additional rooms for families hosting IDPs.

The table below shows the location and numbers of the various shelters that the government is constructing and the Federation is funding. Reference is also made to the ancillary work that is being included within the grant.

Temporary Housing Status				
Island	Item	Number	Families	People
R. Ungoofaru	Mark 4	15	150	2400
R. Hulhudhufaru	Mark 4	5	50	800
R. Alifushi	Mark 4	2	20	320
K. Guraidhoo	Toilet/mess			
D. Kudahvadhoo	Mark 3	7	28	461
M. Kolufushi	Mark 2	7	140	1055
Th. Vilifushi	Mark 3	1	20	150
Th. Madifushi	Mark 3	12	48	742
Th. Buruni	Mark 3	13	52	800
L. Isdhoo-Kalaidhoo	Mark 3	7	28	412
L. Dhanbidhoo	Mark 3	3	12	182
L. Maabaidhoo	Mark 3	9	36	545
L. Gan	Factory conversions	2		350
A. Dh. Maamigili	Host family houses	25		1472
G. Alif Vilingili	Mark 3	3	12	106
M. Hulhumale	Mark 1	1	20	160
M. Kolufushi	Individual kitchen	140		
Totals		85*	616	9,955

**This total is only for Mark 1-4 shelters and does not include additional kitchens, host family houses or latrine s/toilets/mess.*

Concerns have been expressed about possible overcrowding in some temporary shelter blocks. The need to respect SPHERE standards may involve a request for further shelter construction.

With respect to permanent shelters, the Federation has been working closely with the government of Maldives to agree on the procedure for tendering, bidding and awarding of contracts for construction. After reviewing the governmental procedures, which conform to international norms, it has been agreed that tenders will be made through the government of Maldives tender board. The Federation will be involved in the whole process of awarding contracts and will fund the successful contractors directly while leaving the client relationship and attendant legal liabilities with the government of Maldives.

Tenders have been advertised for the project to reconstruct 50 houses on Kudahvadhoo Island in the Dhaalu Atoll. This advertisement is being used for the pre-selection of contractors to bid for the construction/reconstruction of 36 houses on Guraidhoo Island and 10 houses on Maafushi Island in Kaafu Atoll. (NB. these figures were incorrectly transposed in Operations Update 48).

Contracts are expected to be awarded for construction that will start in early May.

Objective 2 (Immediate livelihood restoration): Electrical power restored for 30,000 people and minimum livelihood requirement supported for 2,000 families whose houses have been destroyed or badly damaged and have lost their belongings.

Progress/Achievements

While most of the generators are now operational, some delays have been experienced in the distribution of the new cabling due to a reassessment of the overall power situation on the affected islands by the government of Maldives.

The first shipment of additional family hygiene parcels for the displaced families have arrived in Male. A total of 4,000 parcels out of the expected 20,000 are currently being cleared and will be sent to those islands hosting IDP communities. These supplies of basic toiletries will support the IDPs until they are able to move into permanent housing.

Constraints

Transporting materials from Male to the outlying islands will continue to remain one of the key constraints in the operation. The delegation is currently looking at transport options in order to assist the government of Maldives in managing incoming relief materials.

Objective 4 (water and sanitation): About 5,000 people have access to adequate water and sanitation facilities.

Progress/Achievements

Negotiations with the United Nations Environmental Programme concerning a partnership for the implementation of a major waste management programme continue. The issue of disposing non-biodegradable and hazardous waste in the islands has been a long-term problem and has now been exacerbated by the debris created by the tsunami. There is a need for a clean up and for putting systems in place and raising awareness about using the systems. This is expected to be a long-term programme and interest has been expressed from partner national societies to explore the possibilities of implementing this project.

Myanmar

Red Cross and Red Crescent action

The Myanmar Red Cross Society and the delegation are conducting a visit the Ayeyarwaddy delta from 21-25 March. This joint team consists of the head of the disaster management division of the MRCS, the Federation's head of delegation and programme coordinator and the information delegate from the Federation's regional delegation in Bangkok, accompanied by a professional photographer.

The purpose is to visit some of the most affected areas of the tsunami and to discuss with villagers and Red Cross volunteers the continued needs requiring support. The president of the Myanmar Red Cross Society joined the visit for the first day to participate in the donation ceremony. This donation from the national society was for tsunami-affected families headed by women.

The national society's logistics unit is moving existing stocks to new warehouse and the Federation's delegation will prepare requests for restocking and equipping emergency warehouses.

Thailand

Overview

The latest official death toll in Thailand remains unchanged at 5,395 (1,926 Thais, 1,953 foreigners, 1,516 unidentified) with 2,932 missing persons (2,023 Thais and 909 foreigners).

According to the Surat Thani-based mental rehabilitation hub for tsunami-affected people in the six southern provinces, the centre had carried out mental therapy and counselling sessions for 10,000-12,000 patients since the tsunami struck. Although almost all were recuperating or had returned to normal, up to 400 mentally-traumatized survivors require prescription medication or remain hospitalized and around 400 orphaned children are still receiving counselling.

After the 26 December tsunami incident, 40-50 psychologists were sent on rotation from all 17 mental health centres nationwide to spend a week with tsunami survivors in the affected areas.

Warning towers from Germany will be set up at three points along Phuket's Patong beach free of charge the week of 28 March. They will be ready for use by mid-April and similar siren systems will be set up at 27 more sites in the six tsunami-hit provinces through the government's budget.

The national danger alarm centre will receive information from the meteorological, mineral resources, national park, and pollution control departments and other concerned Thai and foreign agencies for analyses by experts. If necessary, the centre will be able to issue warnings through 10 television stations, 530 radio stations, amateur and local radio networks, mobile phone SMS systems, local danger alert centres and hotlines to the government's cabinet simultaneously.

Coordination/Cooperation/Red Cross and Red Crescent action

The second meeting for Red Cross Red Crescent coordination was held on 21 March in Phuket to discuss the best way of moving forward together. The main discussion points were as follows:

The Thai Red Cross Society's implementation plan focuses on five areas: livelihood recovery; assistance to children; provision of shelter; health care, sanitation and environment rehabilitation; and capacity building of Red Cross chapters and headquarters. Provincial chapters also shared the information of their activities and initiatives:

Phang Nga: Priority has been given to fishermen and the fishing industry. In total, 18 temporary housing centres were established with 2,488 temporary houses built. Permanent shelters are under construction in which 92 out of 500 houses are being built with the assistance from the army and technical colleges in nearby provinces. Three projects were submitted to the headquarters for its approval i.e. fire prevention, temporary shelter and procurement of fishing gear projects.

Phuket: Support for affected children; financial support for high- and medium-level affected groups in 61 schools; support for affected fishermen.

Trang: Public awareness and education on disaster prevention. Warning signposts will be set up in disaster prone areas including multi-lingual booklets on indigenous knowledge and natural disasters. A research on appropriate psycho-social assistance to affected people is needed.

Krabi: Some 15,000 affected people from 112 villages in five districts are living in temporary houses built by the province. The chapter has helped to build boats in fishery and tourism industries in the affected districts. 200 boats are being built and will be delivered to the cooperatives for the use of the affected fishermen on a rotating basis.

Satun: Four main projects are proposed on the areas of child development centre; lunch for schoolchildren; procurement of fishing gears and reconstruction of four damaged schools.

The Federation shared available information regarding: its plan of action; recovery assessment and planning for tsunami-affected areas in southern Thailand; the regional strategy operational framework; and the emergency, recovery and rehabilitation appeal to be launched in April 2005.

PNSs shared respective information of their planned/proposed assistance in the areas related to their interest and expertise. Thematic discussions took place covering several aspects including:

- **Livelihoods:** The projects should not focus only on the fishing community but also on vocational training support with emphasis on gender-based activities. The setting up of a tracing system and the 'restoring family links' programme for Thai and migrant workers are jointly coordinated by the Thai Red Cross and ICRC.
- **Shelter:** Soft loans earmarked for businesses and permanent housing for the affected populations are recognized to be the responsibility of the government while the Thai Red Cross maintains its close working relationship with the authorities.
- **Community-based disaster preparedness and public education:** Public awareness, community-based projects, public education focusing on school children, hazard vulnerability and capacity assessment, and health safety

training at provincial level should be programmed. A tailor-made training based on community need assessment is required.

- Organizational development: Capacity building at different levels. A set up of PNS offices was proposed in Phang Nga. The service agreement could possibly be worked out with the Thai Red Cross under the umbrella of the Federation.

Health, physical support, water and sanitation and children issues: Annual first aid training to be conducted by provincial chapters with resource persons from local hospitals.

The Federation will also distribute a spreadsheet for PNS to clarify who is doing what under each thematic area. The next meeting will be on 3 May 2005.

Outstanding Needs

Human Resources

The recruitment of Federation delegates for Sri Lanka and Indonesia continues, and the 15 posts below remain to be filled.

Place of assignment	Positions to be filled
Sri Lanka	Deputy head of delegation, construction delegate, transport/fleet delegate, finance development delegate, IT delegate, water and sanitation delegate, psycho-social programme delegate
Indonesia – Banda Aceh operations centre	IT delegate, 4 positions for the service centre, recovery programme coordinator, water and sanitation delegate
Indonesia – Medan sub-office	Medical logistics delegate

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All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct](#) and is committed to the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. For support to or for further information concerning Federation programmes or operations in these or other countries, or for a full description of the national society profiles, please access the Federation's website at <http://www.ifrc.org>.

[Contributions list below; click here to return to the title page.](#)

Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

ANNEX 1

APPEAL No. 28/2004

PLEDGES RECEIVED

22/03/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
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CASH

REQUESTED IN APPEAL CHF ----->				183,486,000	TOTAL COVERAGE 116.6%	
AFRICAN UNION		100,000	USD	113,200	06.01.05	EAST AFRICA
ALBANIA - RC		14,960	USD	16,935	27.01.05	
ALGERIA - PRIVATE DONORS				2,109	24.01.05	
ANDORRA, PRINCIP. - GOVT		60,000	EUR	92,580	21.01.05	
ANDORRA, PRINCIP. - PRIVATE DONORS				3,086	12.01.05	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		2,400,000	AUD	2,119,200	30.12.04	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		7,300,000	AUD	6,445,900	31.12.04	
AUSTRALIAN - GOVT		4,800,000	AUD	4,238,400	02.01.05	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		3,000,000	AUD	2,647,500	24.01.05	
AUSTRALIAN - RC		3,000,000	AUD	2,647,500	25.01.05	
AUSTRALIAN - PRIVATE DONORS				2,919	01.03.05	
AUSTRIA - GOVT/RC		450,000	EUR	696,825	10.01.05	HYGIENE PARCELS
AUSTRIA - RC		1,500,000	EUR	2,314,500	27.01.05	
AUSTRIA - PRIVATE DONORS		2,080	EUR	3,221	01.02.05	
AZERBAIJAN - PRIVATE DONORS				102	18.01.05	
BAHRAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	USD	56,600	06.01.05	
BANGLADESH - RC		428,737	BDT	8,275	11.01.05	
BARBADOS - RC		118,490	USD	134,131	03.02.05	
BELGIUM - RC/GOVT		7,186	EUR	11,089	31.12.04	
BELGIUM - RC		500,000	EUR	771,500	01.01.05	
BELGIUM - RC		600,000	EUR	925,800	20.01.05	
BELGIUM - PRIVATE DONOR		23,676	EUR	36,662	07.02.05	
BELGIUM - PRIVATE DONOR		4,508	EUR	6,941	10.02.05	
BELIZE - RC		24,659	USD	27,913	11.01.05	
BOLIVIA - RC		5,356	USD	6,063	24.01.05	
BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA - RC		92,948	EUR	143,694	21.01.05	
BRAZIL - PRIVATE DONORS				2,998	18.01.05	
BRAZIL - PRIVATE DONOR		9,980	USD	11,297	09.02.05	
BRAZIL - RC		200,000	USD	226,400	28.01.05	
BRAZIL - RC		150,000	USD	169,800	18.02.05	
BRAZIL - RC		150,000	USD	169,800	23.02.05	
BRUNEI - PRIVATE DONORS		30,285	USD	34,282	05.01.05	INDONESIA
BRUNEI - PRIVATE DONORS		3,600	USD	4,075	04.01.05	
BULGARIA - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	EUR	15,430	14.01.05	
CAMBODIA - GOVT/RC		10,000	USD	11,320	05.01.05	
CAMBODIA - PRIVATE DONOR				7,901	22.02.05	
CANADIAN - GOVT		3,465,000	CAD	3,336,795	31.12.04	
CANADIAN - GOVT/RC		990,000	CAD	953,370	26.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		200,000	CAD	192,600	27.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		5,000,000	CAD	4,815,000	29.12.04	
CANADIAN - RC		8,000,000	CAD	7,520,000	20.01.05	CAD 500'000 EVALUATION
CANADIAN - PRIVATE DONOR		100,000	USD	113,200	06.01.05	
CANADIAN - PRIVATE DONORS				571	17.01.05	
CHILE - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	USD	22,640	24.01.05	
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				3,713,771	04.01.05	FAMILY KITS INDONESIA

Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

ANNEX 1

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DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				3,238,470	29.12.04	TO PURCHASE RELIEF ITEMS
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				1,560,515	01.01.05	
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				2,971,017	03.01.05	FAMILY KITS INDONESIA
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				441,177	07.01.05	PROCUREMENT OF IRON SHEETS MALDIVES
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				593,246	13.01.05	PROCUREMENT FOR MYANMAR, OF RELIEF ITEMS
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				3,050,000	09.02.05	INDIA, DISASTER PREPAREDNESS STOCK,
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				69,133	22.02.05	MALDIVES
CHINA - HONG KONG - RC BRANCH				593,246	22.02.05	MYANMAR
CHINA - HONG KONG - PRIVATE DONORS				11,968	04.01.05	
CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH				500,000	26.12.04	WATER & SHELTER; MEDICAL & RELIEF SUPPLIES IN INDONESIA
CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH				280,000	30.12.04	SRI LANKA
CHINA - MACAU - RC BRANCH				780,000	14.01.05	INDONESIA, MALDIVES, SRI LANKA, EAST AFRICA
CHINA - RC		300,000	USD	343,500	28.12.04	
CHINA - RC		3,000,000	USD	3,396,000	06.02.05	
CHINA - PRIVATE DONORS				243	25.01.05	
COLOMBIA - PRIVATE DONOR		1,979	USD	2,241	22.02.05	
COOK ISLANDS - RC		41,474	EUR	64,222	13.01.05	
COOK ISLANDS - RC		1,814	EUR	2,809	24.02.05	
COOK ISLANDS - PRIVATE DONORS		659	EUR	1,016	12.01.05	
CROATIA - RC		7,292,172	HRK	1,500,000	30.12.04	INDIA, SRI LANKA, INDONESIA, THAILAND
CYPRUS - RC				26,540	11.01.05	
CYPRUS - RC				424,741	07.02.05	
CZECH REP. - PRIVATE DONOR				3,491	20.01.05	
CZECH REP. - PRIVATE DONORS				54	28.01.05	THAILAND
CZECH REP. - PRIVATE DONORS				1,283	04.02.05	INDONESIA
DENMARK - PRIVATE DONORS				3,431	20.01.05	
DENMARK - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	18.01.05	
DJIBOUTI - PRIVATE DONOR		5,000	USD	5,660	14.01.05	
ECHO		3,000,000	EUR	4,629,000	26.12.04	
EGYPT - PRIVATE DONORS				661	14.01.05	
ESTONIA - GOVT		999,560	EEK	97,407	28.12.04	
ETHIOPIA - RC		25,000	USD	28,300	04.01.05	SOMALIA, SEYCHELLES
ETHIOPIA - PRIVATE DONORS				1,475	16.02.05	
FINLAND - RC		1,575,000	EUR	2,430,225	05.01.05	
FRANCE - PRIVATE DONORS		2,710	EUR	4,182	04.01.05	
FRANCE - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	11.01.05	
FRANCE - PRIVATE DONORS				16,349	19.01.05	
FRANCE - PRIVATE (OECD STAFF)		10,000	EUR	15,430	05.01.05	
FRANCE - RC		1,000,000	EUR	1,543,000	26.01.05	
GERMANY - RC		1,000,000	EUR	1,543,000	18.01.05	
GERMANY - PRIVATE DONORS				20,377	30.12.04	
GERMANY - PRIVATE DONOR		7,750	EUR	11,958	19.01.05	

Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

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GREAT BRITAIN - GOVT/RC		400,000	GBP	865,600	30.12.04	INDONESIA
GREAT BRITAIN - DFID		1,177,150	GBP	2,567,364	05.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - RC		100,000	GBP	216,400	28.12.04	
GREAT BRITAIN RC				840,642	30.12.04	SRI LANKA TO PURCHASE CLOTHES, MATS, SOAPS
GREAT BRITAIN RC		1,000,000	GBP	2,181,000	25.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	EUR	30,860	30.12.04	
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		75,000	USD	84,900	07.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	USD	22,640	04.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONORS				2,181	20.01.05	INDONESIA
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONORS				31,170	25.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	GBP	21,810	24.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - CHARITIES AID FOUND.		61,559	GBP	134,261	19.01.05	
GREAT BRITAIN - VODAPHONE GROUP F.		250,000	GBP	545,250	30.12.04	
HELLENIC - RC		50,000	EUR	75,825	27.12.04	
HELLENIC - RC		200,000	EUR	308,600	05.01.05	
HELLENIC - PRIVATE DONORS		100	EUR	154	03.01.05	
HELLENIC - PRIVATE DONORS				566	12.01.05	
HELLENIC - PRIVATE DONOR		15,000	USD	16,980	19.01.05	
HELLENIC - PRIVATE DONORS				196	09.02.05	
HUNGARY - PRIVATE DONORS				1,054	24.01.05	
ICELAND - GOVT		5,000,000	ISK	88,000	26.12.04	
ICELAND - RC		12,000,000	ISK	211,200	26.12.04	
ICRC - BISHEK MISSION		517	USD	586	04.02.05	
INDONESIA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	08.02.05	INDONESIA
IRELAND - GOVT		750,000	EUR	1,155,750	29.12.04	
IRELAND - RC		3,000,000	EUR	4,629,000	31.12.04	
IRELAND - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	EUR	15,430	06.01.05	
IRELAND - PRIVATE DONORS				4,017	19.01.05	
IRELAND - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	USD	11,320	21.01.05	
ITALY - RC		288,615	EUR	444,756	29.12.04	EUR 150'000 FOR INDIA
ITALY - GOVT		103,291	EUR	159,378	20.01.05	SRI LANKA
ITALY - PRIVATE DONORS				4,511	10.01.05	
ITALY - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	18.01.05	
ITALY - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	19.01.05	
ITALY - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	20.01.05	
ITALY - AUTON. PROVINCE OF BOZEN		20,000	EUR	30,970	20.01.05	
ITALY - PRIVATE DONOR		13,300	EUR	20,595	18.02.05	
ITALY - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	EUR	30,790	25.02.05	
JAPAN - RC		100,000,000	JPY	1,109,500	28.12.04	
JAPAN - GVT		15,000,000	USD	16,980,000	17.01.05	SRI LANKA, INDONESIA, MYANMAR, THAILAND, INDIA, SEYCHELLES, MALDIVES, SOMALIA
JAPAN - PRIVATE DONOR		9,657	USD	10,932	14.01.05	
JORDAN - PRIVATE DONORS				16,929	04.01.05	
KAZAKHSTAN - PRIVATE DONORS				10,434	04.01.05	

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KENYA - PRIVATE DONOR		9,985	USD	11,303	12.01.05	
KOREA, REPUBLIC - RC		200,000	USD	226,400	07.01.04	
KOREA, REPUBLIC - RC		500,000	USD	566,000	20.01.05	
KOREA, REPUBLIC - PRIVATE DONOR		13,000	USD	14,716	20.01.05	
KOREA, REPUBLIC - PRIVATE DONOR		5,703	USD	6,456	22.02.05	
KUWAIT - PRIVATE DONORS		1,683	USD	1,905	12.01.05	
LATVIA - RC		28,400	EUR	43,821	13.01.05	
LATVIA - PRIVATE DONORS		20,000	USD	22,640	03.01.05	
LEBANON - PRIVATE DONORS				16,166	13.01.05	
LEBANON - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	USD	11,320	13.01.05	
LIBYAN - RC				25,000	06.01.05	
LIBYA - PRIVATE DONORS				566	13.01.05	
LIECHTENSTEIN - RC				20,000	29.12.04	
LITHUANIA - RC		120,000	EUR	185,820	10.01.05	SRI LANKA, INDONESIA
LUXEMBOURG - GOVT/RC		250,000	EUR	385,750	05.01.05	
MACEDONIA - RC				188,000	28.02.05	
MALAYSIA - RC		8,227	MYR	2,592	24.02.05	
MALAYSIA - PRIVATE DONORS		200,000	MYR	60,500	03.01.05	
MALAYSIA - PRIVATE DONORS		2,200	USD	2,490	04.01.05	
MALAYSIA - PRIVATE DONORS				2,457	19.01.05	
MALTA - PRIVATE DONORS		5,000	EUR	5,660	12.01.05	
MALTA - PRIVATE DONORS		14,455	USD	16,363	01.02.05	
MAURITIUS - GOVT		50,000	USD	56,600	13.01.05	
MAURITIUS - PRIVATE DONORS		15,000	USD	16,980	14.01.05	
MEXICO - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	USD	11,320	14.01.05	
MEXICO - PRIVATE DONORS				1,851	24.01.05	
MICRONESIA - RC		8,286	FJD	5,717	10.01.05	
MICRONESIA - GOVT		10,000	USD	11,320	02.02.05	
MONACO - RC		100,000	EUR	151,650	28.12.04	
MOROCCO - RC		250,000	MAD	36,330	29.12.04	
MOROCCO - PRIVATE DONORS				77	27.01.05	
MOZAMBIQUE - GOVT		100,000	USD	113,200	06.01.05	
MOZAMBIQUE - PRIVATE DONOR		4,971	USD	5,627	11.02.05	
MYANMAR - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	26.01.05	MYANMAR
MYANMAR - PRIVATE DONORS				1,532	26.01.05	MYANMAR, INDONESIA, THAILAND, INDIA, SRI LANKA
MYANMAR - PRIVATE DONORS		800,850	MMK	1,473	26.01.05	MYANMAR
MYANMAR - PRIVATE DONORS		3,835	USD	4,341	26.01.05	
MYANMAR - PRIVATE DONOR		2,400,000	MMK	447,840	23.02.05	
NAMIBIA - RC				20,900	10.02.05	
NEPAL		1,200,000	NPR	19,920	04.03.05	
NETHERLANDS - RC		1,000,000	EUR	1,516,500	29.12.04	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONORS		2,110	EUR	3,267	05.01.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	EUR	15,430	12.01.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	EUR	77,425	31.01.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR		15,764	EUR	24,410	07.02.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR				33,350	17.02.05	
NETHERLANDS - PRIVATE DONOR		25,536	EUR	39,313	10.02.05	

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NEW CALEDONIA - PRIVATE DONOR		2,638	FJD	1,899	02.02.05	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT		500,000	NZD	406,500	30.12.04	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT		60,000	NZD	48,840	30.12.04	
NEW ZEALAND - RC		1,900,000	NZD	1,546,600	31.01.05	
NEW ZEALAND - GOVT		1,100,000	NZD	895,400	31.01.05	
NEW ZEALAND - PRIVATE DONORS				840	01.03.05	
NIGERIA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	18.01.05	
NIGERIA - PRIVATE DONORS				1,104	09.02.05	
NORWEGIAN - GOVT/RC		2,112,664	NOK	395,068	02.01.05	SRI LANKA
NORWAY - GOVT/RC		313,697	NOK	58,818	02.01.05	
NORWEGIAN - RC				1,000,000	25.01.05	
NORWEGIAN - PRIVATE DONORS				3,989	12.01.05	
OMAN - PRIVATE DONORS				899	24.01.05	
OPEC FUND		1,200,000	USD	1,358,400	29.12.04	USD 600,000 INDONESIA; USD 200,000 SRI LANKA; USD 200,000 INDIA; USD 100,000 THAILAND; USD 100,000 MALDIVES
PAKISTAN - PRIVATE DONOR		9,965	USD	11,280	15.02.05	
PANAMA - PRIVATE DONORS		126	USD	143	30.12.04	
PANAMA - PATTON		5,000	USD	5,660	04.01.05	
PAPUA NEW GUINEA - RC		200,000	PGK	78,000	03.02.05	
PNG - SRI LANKAN COMMUNITY		40,683	PGK	15,460	20.01.05	
PARAGUAY - RC		5,000	USD	5,660	11.01.05	
PHILIPPINES - PRIVATE DONOR		9,985	USD	11,303	03.01.05	SRI LANKA
POLAND - PRIVATE DONORS		200	EUR	309	13.01.05	
PORTUGAL - RC		150,000	EUR	231,450	04.01.05	
PORTUGAL - RC		200,000	EUR	308,600	26.01.05	
PORTUGAL - RC		350,000	EUR	540,050	24.01.05	
PORTUGAL - RC		150,000	EUR	232,275	26.01.05	
PORTUGAL - PRIVATE DONORS		1,050	EUR	1,616	25.01.05	
PRIVATE ON LINE DONATIONS				7,512,374	24.01.05	
QATAR - PRIVATE DONORS				2,377	13.01.05	
ROMANIA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	18.01.05	
ROMANIA - RC		658,000	EUR	1,018,446	17.01.05	
RUSSIA - PRIVATE DONORS				2,612	28.01.05	
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		500,000	USD	566,000	30.12.04	INDONESIA
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		300,000	USD	339,600	30.12.04	SRI LANKA
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		200,000	USD	226,400	30.12.04	THAILAND
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT/RC		2,000,000	USD	2,290,000	30.12.04	
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		200,000	USD	226,400	30.12.04	MALDIVES
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		100,000	USD	113,200	30.12.04	SOMALIA
SAUDI ARABIA - GOVT		200,000	USD	226,400	30.12.04	INDIA
SAUDI ARABIA - PRIVATE DONORS				2,995	13.01.05	INDONESIA
SAUDI ARABIA - PRIVATE DONORS				290	13.01.05	SRI LANKA
SAUDI ARABIA - PRIVATE DONOR		26,632	USD	30,147	14.01.05	
SINGAPORE - JAPAN TOBACCO INTERN.		30,000	USD	34,350	28.12.04	SRI LANKA, MALDIVES, INDONESIA

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SINGAPORE - RC/GOV.		2,000,000	SGD	1,396,600	03.01.05	INDONESIA, SRI LANKA, INDIA, THAILAND, MALDIVES , BANGLADESH, MYANMAR
SLOVAKIA - RC		50,000	SKK	1,925	27.12.04	
SLOVAKIA - GVT		115,000	EUR	177,043	07.03.05	INDONESIA
SLOVENIA - RC				32,148	30.12.04	
SLOVENIA - RC				257,723	06.01.05	
SLOVENIA - GOVT				124,622	11.01.05	
SOUTH AFRICA - RC		2,500,000	ZAR	488,250	06.01.05	
SOUTH AFRICA - RC		4,000,000	ZAR	785,200	11.01.05	EAST AFRICA, MOB. TABLE
SOUTH AFRICA - RC		3,500,000	ZAR	701,750	10.01.05	EAST AFRICA
SOUTH AFRICA - PRIVATE DONOR		15,126	USD	17,123	20.01.05	
SOUTH AFRICA - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	USD	56,600	31.01.05	
SPAIN - RC		100,000	EUR	154,100	29.12.04	
SPAIN - RC		100,000	EUR	154,100	31.12.04	
SPAIN - RC		1,000,000	EUR	1,548,500	31.01.05	
SPAIN - PRIVATE DONORS				26,136	12.01.05	
SPAIN - PRIVATE DONOR		18,900	EUR	29,163	17.01.05	
SURINAME - RC		22,850	USD	25,866	08.03.05	
SWEDEN - GOVT/RC		1,250,000	SEK	212,500	28.12.04	
SWEDEN - GOVT/RC		17,000,000	SEK	2,890,000	29.12.04	
SWEDEN - RC		120,000,000	SEK	20,520,000	11.01.05	
SWEDEN - RC		2,000,000	SEK	342,000	11.01.05	
SWEDEN - PRIVATE DONOR		150,000	EUR	231,450	05.01.05	
SWITZERLAND- GOVT/RC				15,938	31.12.04	
SWITZERLAND - GOVT/RC				300,000	29.12.04	INDONESIA
SWITZERLAND - GOVT				200,000	05.02.05	SEYCHELLES
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONORS				37,795	05.01.05	
SWITZERLAND - WHO/VERF		5,839	USD	6,700	30.12.04	
SWITZERLAND - WHO/VERF				2,300	28.02.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONORS				1,200	30.12.04	INDIA
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONORS				2,000	30.12.04	SRI LANKA
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR				10,000	26.01.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR		100,000	USD	113,200	28.01.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONORS				200	15.02.05	THAILAND
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR		68,775	USD	77,853	14.02.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR				11,500	14.02.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR				34,677	08.02.05	
SWITZERLAND - PRIVATE DONOR		10,808	EUR	16,639	24.02.05	
SYRIA - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	USD	11,320	13.01.05	
TANZANIA - PRIVATE DONOR		12,218	USD	13,830	18.02.05	
THAILAND - PRIVATE DONORS		2,486	USD	2,814	05.01.05	INDONESIA, SRI LANKA
THAILAND - PRIVATE DONOR		1,000,000	THB	29,200	03.01.05	
THAILAND - PRIVATE DONORS				691	25.01.05	INDONESIA
TAIWAN RED CROSS ORGANISATION		3,000,000	USD	3,396,000	02.01.05	INDONESIA, SRI LANKA

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TONGA - RC				15,562	15.02.05	
TRINIDAD - PRIVATE DONOR		13,185	USD	14,925	02.02.05	
TUNISIA - PRIVATE DONORS				3,086	11.01.05	
TURKEY - RC		40,000	USD	45,280	04.01.05	INDIA, BANGLADESH, MYANMAR, MALAYSIA
TURKEY - PRIVATE DONOR		25,000	USD	28,300	07.01.05	
UGANDA - RC		3,145	USD	3,560	28.02.05	
UKRAINE - PRIVATE DONORS				1,000	05.01.05	
UKRAINE - PRIVATE DONOR		15,000	USD	16,980	20.01.05	
UKRAINE - RC		920	USD	1,041	11.03.05	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - PRIVATE DONORS		1,485	USD	1,682	30.12.04	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		20,000	USD	22,900	27.12.04	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		150,000	USD	171,750	28.12.04	MALDIVES
USA - PRIVATE DONORS		13,955	USD	15,797	28.12.04	SRI LANKA
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		100,000	USD	113,200	29.12.04	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		5,000	USD	5,660	31.12.04	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		50,000	USD	56,600	28.12.04	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		25,000	USD	28,300	28.12.04	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		25,000	USD	28,300	29.12.04	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		25,000	USD	28,300	05.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	06.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	06.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	04.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONORS				334,423	17.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	USD	22,640	18.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	USD	22,640	20.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		100,000	USD	113,200	25.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONORS				1,161	31.01.05	INDONESIA
USA - PRIVATE DONORS				113	31.01.05	THAILAND
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		8,667	USD	9,811	31.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		12,808	USD	14,499	31.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONORS		12,000	USD	13,584	02.02.05	INDONESIA
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		20,000	USD	22,640	31.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		9,115	USD	10,318	28.01.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		22,770	USD	25,776	15.02.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		10,000	USD	11,320	01.02.05	
USA - PRIVATE DONOR		100,000	USD	113,200	07.02.05	
USA - BP FOUNDATION		1,000,000	USD	1,132,000	29.12.04	INDONESIA, MYANMAR, THAILAND, INDIA
USA - FIRST DATA WESTERN UNION F.		1,000,000	USD	1,132,000	02.02.05	
USA - MOTOROLA FOUNDATION		1,000,000	USD	1,132,000	02.02.05	
USA - AMGEN CORPORATION		1,000,000	USD	1,132,000	02.02.05	
USA - DISCOVERY INC.		135,495	USD	153,380	07.02.05	
USA - RENT A CAR FOUNDATION		250,000	USD	283,000	10.02.05	
USA - LEHMAN BROTHERS FOUNDATION		625,000	USD	707,500	10.02.05	
USA - SCHERING PLOUGH		60,000	USD	67,920	10.02.05	

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USA - TERRACOTTA CORPORATION				1,000,000	04.01.05	
USA - ACCENTURE FOUNDATION		900,000	USD	1,018,800	15.02.05	
USA - CATERPILLAR FOUNDATION		125,000	USD	141,500	15.02.05	
USA - MELLON BANK		112,011	USD	126,796	15.02.05	
USA - MOTOROLA INC. FOUNDATION		550,703	USD	623,396	15.02.05	
USA - NYKE FOUNDATION		125,000	USD	141,500	15.02.05	
USA - /NY PRIVATE DONORS		87,286	USD	98,808	15.02.05	
USA - PRIVATE		301	USD	341	22.03.05	
USAID/OFDA		4,000,000	USD	4,560,000	28.12.04	PMN to be finalised
USA - AMCROSS		5,000,000	USD	5,660,000	13.01.05	INDONESIA: PROCUREMENT, TRANSPORT AND DISTRIBUTION OF EMERGENCY FOOD PARCELS
URUGUAY - PRIVATE DONORS		7,980	USD	9,033	14.01.05	
VANUATU - RC		9,961	USD	11,275	01.03.05	
VENEZUELA - PRIVATE DONORS		10,000	USD	11,320	25.01.05	
WESTERN SAMOA - RC				34,651	01.02.05	
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN CASH				187,152,129	CHF	102.0%

KIND AND SERVICES (INCLUDING PERSONNEL)

DONORS	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
AUSTRALIA RC	FACT	3	12,000	36,000	27.12.04	
AUSTRALIA RC	DELEGATES			240,200		
AUSTRIA RC	DELEGATES			42,800		
AUSTRIA RC	ERU	750,000	EUR	1,161,375	17.01.05	INDONESIA : WATER TREATMENT & WATER DISTRIBUTION
AUSTRIA RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	146,000	EUR	226,081	15.02.05	INDONESIA : 17,800 KEROSENE STOVES
AUSTRIA RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	600,000	EUR	925,800	18.01.05	INDONESIA : 50,000 HYGIENE PARCELS
BELGIUM RC/GOVT	GOODS & TRANSPORT	218,560	EUR	337,238	31.12.04	500 FAMILY TENTS, 10'600 JERRYCANS (10I), 10'200 JERRYCANS (20I) - FOR SRI LANKA

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BELGIUM - RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	281,830	EUR	434,864	12.01.05	SRI LANKA / MALDIVES : JERRYCANS, BEDSHEETS, BALLS, PLASTIC BAGS, BULBS, TORCHES, BATTERIES, CABLE, SOCKETS, GENERATORS
BELGIUM RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	1,002,043	EUR	1,546,153	28.01.05	INDONESIA / SRI LANKA : JERRYCANS, TARPAULINS, KITCHEN SETS, BED SETS
CANADA RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	
CANADA RC	DELEGATE(S)			185,200		
CHINA - HONG KONG RC BRANCH	DELEGATE(S)			54,200		
DENMARK	DELEGATE(S)			94,600		
DENMARK RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	
DENMARK RC	ERU LOGISTICS	1		250,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, value Danish RC
FINLAND RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
FINLAND RC	DELEGATES			30,600		
FRANCE RC	ERU HEALTH	422,000	EUR	651,146	27.12.04	SRI LANKA - BHC ERU
FRANCE RC	ERU WATSAN	1,025,000	EUR	1,581,575	30.12.04	INDONESIA - WSAN ERU
FRANCE RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	
GERMANY RC	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	
GERMANY RC	ERU WATSAN + ERU HEALTH	1,475,000	EUR	2,275,925	30.12.04	INDONESIA - ERU BHCU, ERU SPECIALISED WATER - EQUIPMENT, PERSONNEL, VEHICLES & TPT
GERMANY RC	ERU WATSAN	646,000	EUR	996,778	30.12.04	SRI LANKA - ERU SPECIAL WATER EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES & TPT
GERMANY RC	GOODS	89,600	EUR	138,253	02.01.05	SRI LANKA - HYGIENE PACKS, BODY BAGS as per MOB TABLE
GERMANY - RC	GOODS	170,540	EUR	263,143	03.01.05	SRI LANKA - JERRYCANS; KITCHENSETS; BEDSHEETS
GERMANY - RC	GOODS	348,535	EUR	537,789	16.01.05	INDONESIA : BABYPACKS (MOB TABLE); BLANKETS; STORM LANTERNS
GERMANY - RC	GOODS	11,950	EUR	18,438	16.01.05	SRI LANKA : JERRYCANS
GERMANY - RC	DELEGATES			42,600		
GREAT BRITAIN RC	FACT	1	15,756	34,364	10.01.05	MALDIVES : FACT, CASH & EQUIPMENT
GREAT BRITAIN RC	ERU - LOGS	241,039	GBP	525,706	28.12.04	SRI LANKA : LOGS ERU PERSONNEL, & EQUIPMENT
GREAT BRITAIN RC		14,100	GBP	30,752	29.12.04	REHABILITATION TEAM & EQUIPMENT

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GREAT BRITAIN RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	806,417	GBP	1,758,795	04.01.05	SRI LANKA : BODY BAGS, BLANKETS, KITCHEN SETS, TARPULINS, MOSQUITO NETS
GREAT BRITAIN RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	544,459	GBP	1,187,465	04.01.05	INDONESIA : VEHICLES, TARPULINS, BLANKETS, RUBHALLS
GREAT BRITAIN RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	316,975	GBP	691,322	04.01.05	MALDIVES : GENERATORS, HYGIENE KITS, RUBHALLS, MEDICAL EQUIPMENT
GREAT BRITAIN RC	DELEGATE(S)			185,600		
GREECE	DELEGATE(S)			36,400		
ICELAND	DELEGATE(S)			4,400		
INDIA	DELEGATE(S)			9,600		
IRAN RC	RELIEF ITEMS	672,000	USD	759,360	31.12.04	PMN to be finalised
IRELAND	DELEGATE(S)			30,800		
JAPAN RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	
JAPAN RC	ERU HEALTH	1		512,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
KOREA REP. RC	BLANKETS	90,000	USD	102,600	28.12.04	BILATERAL
NETHERLANDS	DELEGATES			36,200		
NEW ZEALAND RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	
NEW ZEALAND	DELEGATE(S)			113,600		
NORWAY	DELEGATE(S)			122,600		
NORWAY RC	ERU HEALTH	1		515,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
NORWAY RC		NOK	3,330,000	623,267	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised - JERRY CANS, TENTS, RUB HALLS, BLANKETS + TPT & INSURANCES
NORWAY RC/GVT	GOODS & TRANSPORT	7,086,104	NOK	1,383,763	02.01.05	SRI LANKA : JERRYCANS, TENTS, RUBHALLS, BODYBAGS
SPAIN RC	DELEGATE(S)			36,200		
SPAIN RC	ERU TELECOM	1		155,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SPAIN RC	FACT	1	12,000	12,000	27.12.04	
SPAIN RC	ERU WATSAN			440,000	30.12.04	PMN to be finalised, estimated value
SWEDEN RC	ERU WATSAN	1,400,000	SEK	239,000	27.12.04	PMN to be finalised, value Swedish RC
SWEDISH RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	18,379,000	SEK	3,142,809	11.01.05	SRI LANKA/INDONESIA/ MALDIVES : WAT/SAN METEIRAL KITS
SWEDEN	DELEGATES			97,800		
SWITZERLAND	DELEGATES			94,800		

Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

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PLEDGES RECEIVED

22/03/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SWISS RC/GVT	GOODS & TRANSPORT	305,200	CHF	305,200	31.12.04	SRI LANKA : KITCHEN SETS, PLASTIC SHEETS, TARPAULINS, LANTERNS, AQUATABS
SWISS RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	381,360	CHF	361,360	20.01.05	INDONESIA : MOSQUITO NETS
SWISS RC	GOODS & TRANSPORT	217,250	CHF	217,250	24.02.05	SRI LANKA : JERRYCANS
USA AMCROSS	DELEGATE			18,400		
USA AMCROSS	FACT	2	12,000	24,000	27.12.04	
USA AMCROSS	RELIEF TEAM	1		114,000	30.12.04	INDONESIA
USA AMCROSS	ERU RELIEF	1		171,000	30.12.04	SRI IANKA
SUB/TOTAL RECEIVED IN KIND/SERVICES				26,795,172	CHF	14.6%

ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL BUDGET

DONORS	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
AUSTRIA RC	SUPPORT TEAMS	142,103	EUR	219,265	03.01.05	
AUSTRIA RC		700,000	EUR	1,080,100	03.01.05	2 TRANSPORTS 60 MT. MEDICAL RELIEF GOODS & MEDICAMENTS
CHINA - RC		50,000	USD	56,500	31.12.04	THAILAND RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		100,000	USD	113,000	31.12.04	SRI LANKA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		100,000	USD	113,000	31.12.04	INDONESIA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		20,000	USD	22,600	31.12.04	MYANMAR RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		50,000	USD	56,500	31.12.04	INDIA RC DIRECT
CHINA - RC		20,000	USD	22,600	31.12.04	MALDIVES DIRECT
CHINA - RC		20,000	USD	22,600	31.12.04	MALAYSIA RC DIRECT
FIJI - RC		400,000	FJD	276,000	21.01.05	DIRECT CONTRIBUTION TO INDONESIA RC, SRI LANKA RC, INDIA RC, THAILAND RC
FIJI - GOVT		250,000	FJD	177,400	03.02.05	DIRECT CONTRIBUTION TO INDONESIA RC, SRI LANKA RC, INDIA RC, THAILAND RC
KUWAIT - RC					28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA : 3500 PCES BLANKETS, 500 PCS KEROSENE LAMPS, 1000 PCES FOOD CANS, 1'095 CART. FOOD
MALAYSIA - RC		30,000	USD	34,200	30.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDONESIA, SRI LANKA, INDIA
SPAIN - RC		240,000	EUR	370,536	28.12.04	BILATERAL
SAUDI ARABIA		2,000,000	USD	2,264,000	30.12.04	INDONESIA VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SAUDI ARABIA		800,000	USD	905,000	30.12.04	THAILAND VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
SAUDI ARABIA		1,200,000	USD	1,358,000	30.12.04	SRI LANKA VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT

Asia - Earthquake and Tsunamis

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PLEDGES RECEIVED

22/03/2005

DONOR	CATEGORY	QUANTITY	UNIT	VALUE CHF	DATE	COMMENT
SAUDI ARABIA		500,000	USD	566,000	30.12.04	MALDIVES VARIOUS SUPPLIES DIRECT
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		500,000	USD	572,500	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		610,000	USD	698,500	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDONESIA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		400,000	USD	458,000	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR INDIA, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		120,000	USD	137,400	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR THAILAND, PURCHASE OF RELIEF ITEMS
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - RC		41,625	USD	47,661	28.12.04	BILATERAL FOR SRI LANKA: BLANKETS, CLOTHES
TOTAL ADDITIONAL TO APPEAL				9,571,362	CHF	