

Emergency appeal



International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

West Africa: Population movement

Emergency appeal n°MDR61007
GLIDE n° OT-2010-000255-CIV

30 March, 2011

This Revised Emergency Appeal now seeks CHF 3,977,698 in cash, kind, or services to support the Red Cross Societies of Côte d'Ivoire and Liberia, as well as National Societies in other neighbouring countries to assist some 13,500 families (67,500 beneficiaries) for 12 months. The operation will be completed by the end of December 2011. A midterm report will be made available after six months into the operation, and a final report submitted by the end of March 2012 (three months after the end of the operation).



Children make up the larger percentage of the Ivorian refugees in Liberia/IFRC

The budget has been increased to better respond to the dramatic rise of the needs of the affected populations in Côte d'Ivoire itself and the surrounding countries. The revised Appeal now targets a caseload of 2,000 families in Côte d'Ivoire and 11,500 families in neighbouring countries—primarily in Liberia, which currently accommodates over 95% all Ivorian refugees—along with Guinea, Mali, Burkina Faso and Ghana.

The operation will provide assistance in the form of relief items, emergency shelter, emergency health care, water and sanitation as well as support to livelihoods in the form of seeds and tools. The operation will also aim to strengthen capacities of the National Societies to respond to the current crisis and be better prepared for future emergencies.

[<click here to view the attached Emergency Appeal Budget; or here to view contact details>](#)

Appeal history:

- CHF 200,000 allocated from the International Federation Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) to support this operation.
- This Emergency Appeal was initially launched on a preliminary basis on 23 December, 2010 for CHF 1,350,184 for 6 months to assist some 45,000 beneficiaries.
- An information bulletin was issued on 22 December, 2010.
- Operations Update no. 1 covering the period 24 December 2010 to 03 January 2011 was issued and communicated about the regional coordination mechanism.

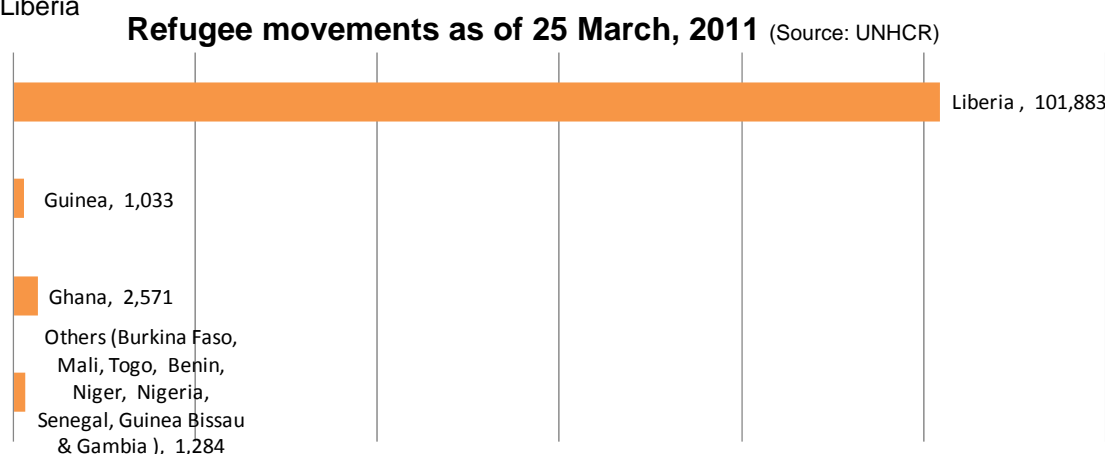
- Operations Update no. 2 covering the period 04 to 12 January 2011 highlighted the relief activities carried out in Liberia.
- Current appeal revision to address increased numbers of refugees and internally displaced.

The situation

Since the announcement of the results of the rerun presidential election in Côte d'Ivoire on 2 December 2010, the country has been plunged into a political turmoil with two claimants to the presidential seat. The country's electoral commission had pronounced opposition candidate, Alassane Ouattara the winner of the runoff election but the constitutional council overturned the result and announced incumbent President Laurent Gbagbo the winner. With the international community recognizing the former as the elected president against the army-backed Laurent Gbagbo, Côte d'Ivoire has been embroiled in political stalemate as mediation efforts by the regional bloc ECOWAS¹ and the African Union (AU) to resolve the crisis have not yielded any fruitful result. A panel set up by the AU to find a lasting solution to the crisis has also recognized the victory of Ouattara as the elected president. Nevertheless, Gbagbo camp has rejected the outcome of this panel. On 10 March in Addis Ababa, Alassane Ouattara attended a meeting of the African Union High-Level Panel Mandated to propose binding solutions to the crisis. Gbagbo did not attend the meeting. On 9 March, the Gbagbo Government announced that it was banning all flights of the United Nations and Licorne (the French Armed Forces peacekeeping operation) from Ivorian airspace. This decision came as Ouattara departed for Addis Ababa.

The crisis in Côte d'Ivoire has been creating humanitarian concerns in the country and in the entire sub-region in the five (5) neighbouring countries of Burkina Faso, Ghana, Guinea, Mali and especially in Liberia. As in previous crises, civilians are the main victims and have begun to flee to neighbouring countries. The Red Cross has witnessed a persistent movement of population across the border. And armed clashes near the town of Toulepleu in western Côte d'Ivoire in late February and early March resulted in a further exodus of well over 38,000 Ivoirians, crossing into Liberia. According to UNHCR's latest figures, over 100,000 refugees have already been registered in Liberia

as of 25 March, while 2,571 refugees have been registered in Ghana and 1,033 in Guinea. Almost 1,300 refugees have also been registered elsewhere, including 200 in Mali, and 32 in Burkina Faso along with



others in Togo, Benin, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Guinea Bissau and Gambia. Early March estimates highlighted that 60% of refugees were children under the age of 18.

In Côte d'Ivoire itself, UNHCR reports a mass population movement on 22 March, with an estimated 1,000,000 internally displaced persons (IDPs) in and around Abidjan, and many reportedly scrambling to return to rural places of origin. Violence in the western part of the country has resulted in over 45,000 IDPs as reported by OCHA on 25 March. Added to this are outbreaks of Yellow Fever and Cholera in the country with confirmed deaths and referral of cases to health facilities, according to Côte d'Ivoire health authorities. Medical supplies are becoming scarce as replenishment becomes a challenge. Access to the injured in some parts of Abidjan for First Aid by the Red Cross is sometimes a challenge while some IDPs are reluctant to stay in some of the temporary camps for fear of attack. The political stalemate has also led to an increased cost of living as prices of foodstuffs and other essential items are soaring due to scarcity. These compounded factors have created serious humanitarian needs in the country and in the other neighbouring countries especially in Liberia.

In Nimba County in Liberia where most of the refugees are currently staying with relatives, this has put tremendous pressure on the health and water supply and sanitation conditions, with reported cases of diarrhoea

¹ ECOWAS: Economic Community of West African States

in host communities. The education of refugee children who constitute the larger percentage of the refugee population is a concern as they are yet to be integrated in the school system in their host communities as the school system in Liberia is quite different from that in Côte d'Ivoire. As the most vital support system for refugees, host families themselves are clearly in need of support.

With this revised appeal, the International Federation through its Regional Representations in Dakar and Abuja plans to support the National Societies of Côte d'Ivoire and Liberia, as well as those of Guinea-Conakry, Ghana, Mali and Burkina Faso to respond effectively and efficiently and to be sufficiently prepared for the increasing needs of the affected populations.

Coordination and partnerships

Internal

The activities in each country will be coordinated by the respective National Red Cross Societies, which will link to the Federation Regional Offices and Country Delegations. The overall coordination of this operation will be carried out by the Federation's Regional Representation in Dakar, Senegal, with support from the Regional Representation in Abuja, Nigeria and the Africa Zone office in Johannesburg.

With the Liberia National Red Cross Society (LNRCS) taking the lead, the International Federation and the ICRC have been effectively collaborating in ensuring the National Society's regular and effective participation in national and sectoral coordination meetings with other humanitarian actors including UN agencies in Liberia. A weekly coordination meeting of the Movement components including Partner National Societies (PNS) in-country takes place at the National Society headquarters to discuss support to the LNRCS.

In Côte d'Ivoire, the International Federation is also in consultation with the ICRC delegation with the Red Cross Society of Côte d'Ivoire (RCSCI) on coordination of activities to assist people affected by the crisis. The International Federation has carried out a joint assessment with the National Society and the ICRC to determine the basic needs of the IDPs and is working on a revised plan of action to support the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire. Regular visits are undertaken by the IFRC Zone Office and Abuja Regional Representation to discuss areas of strengthening the National Society's capacity and preparedness as well as to liaise with the ICRC for a better coordinated approach to supporting RCSCI.

In the other neighboring countries, the International Federation is in regular contact with national Red Cross Societies on updates of the Ivorian crisis as it affects humanitarian situation in these countries. Regular discussions (via e-mail, teleconference) take place between IFRC Dakar and Abuja Regional Representations, the IFRC team in Liberia, IFRC Zone Office in Johannesburg, Geneva headquarters and National Societies to promote a common understanding of situations in order to better coordinate Red Cross response.

External

The Sahel Regional Representation is part of a consultation group in Dakar under the auspices of OCHA and participates in the inter-agency standing committee (IASC) coordination meetings on the Côte d'Ivoire crisis. Regular communication is also maintained with the UNHCR to ensure a coordinated response at the regional level. Specific activities of the present operation have been planned in cooperation with UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP and local and international NGOs.

Red Cross and Red Crescent action

Côte d'Ivoire

Prior to the post-electoral crisis, the IFRC through its Abuja Regional Representation had supported the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in activating and eventual rolling out of its election contingency plan. The IFRC also prepositioned emergency stock for 300 families in Côte d'Ivoire with essential materials (mat, blanket, jerry cans, buckets, mosquito nets and bar soaps). A joint Movement press statement was issued. The IFRC Watsan Delegate in Côte d'Ivoire continues to give technical support to the National Society in this specific technical area and participated in a joint Movement assessment of the situation in the country from 12 to 17 March 2011 to determine the basic needs of the affected population and revise the National Society's plan of action. As there are serious shortages of cash due to closure of many banks in the country, the IFRC is working on alternatives to ensure that further support to the National Society is unhampered by current financial challenges. With the support of the Watsan delegate, a sanitation campaign has taken place in Abidjan in some transitional

IDPs sites and other quarters where cholera cases have been reported. A total of 19,096 households have been reached, as well as 85 schools, 34 places of prayer and 25 health centers by mobilizing more than 80 volunteers for distribution of sensitization messages and some cleaning materials (soaps, detergents, Aquatab and brooms) in the affected areas.

Liberia and elsewhere

After initially pre-positioning non-food items in Ghana, Liberia, Guinea, Burkina Faso and Mali for 4,500 families (including blankets, mosquito nets, shelter kits, jerry cans, bars of soap, kitchen sets, hygiene kits, water and sanitation kits along with 125 family and dispensary tents) the IFRC has gone on to provide and plan for further support to the surrounding countries with a particular focus on Liberia. A further 1,000 shelter kits and 2,000 tarpaulins were dispatched to Liberia and Ghana.

In Liberia, the International Federation deployed two delegates in December 2010 to support the LNRCS to carry out assessment in the affected communities. Since then, the National Society has carried out water and sanitation activities and has rehabilitated 13 hand pumps or water points and constructed over 70 latrines in the communities assigned to the Red Cross in Nimba county. Trained Red Cross volunteers are also carrying out good hygiene and sanitation sensitization activities in these communities and distribution of non-food items is ongoing in these communities to refugees and members of their host communities. In all border communities, the IFRC supports the national society with the provision of First Aid to new arrivals.

The International Federation's support to the LNRCS is coordinated by an Operations Coordinator, provided by the Netherlands RC, and provided by two water and sanitation RDRTs from the region, who support the National Society in the implementation of activities. With support from the Australian Red Cross, the IFRC deployed a logistics delegate to Liberia in February to support the National Society in its contingency planning and provide logistic supports and training to enhance the operation as well as strengthen the capacity of the LNRCS. A logistics plan of action was developed by the delegate.

The National Society is further collaborating with ICRC in restoring family links by phone and through transmission of "safe and well" messages back to Côte d'Ivoire as well as working to identify non-accompanied children, separated children and others with tracing needs. ICRC is supporting the LNRCS in water and sanitation activities as well. The Danish Red Cross delegation in Liberia is supporting the National Society to assist the affected population in the provision of water and sanitation facilities, while other partner NSs working in country are providing support.

The Red Cross responded to the latest major influx of refugees with the installation of a water treatment kit, providing safe drinking water to around 20,000 refugees and 3,000 Liberians in the village of Buutuo, on the border with Côte d'Ivoire. In conjunction with the provision of water hygiene promotion and family tracing activities are carried out in this area. However there is a need to scale up the response activities in Liberia as the number of refugees in the country continues to rise. Taking into account the deteriorating situation in Côte d'Ivoire and the continued southward movement of clashes on the country's western border, the Red Cross is preparing for a further influx along the Liberian border, and pre-positioning emergency relief materials in the south-eastern counties of Liberia to be able to respond immediately to arising needs in these border areas.

The needs

Immediate needs: Through this Revised Appeal, the International Federation is seeking donor support to assist the respective National Societies to address the following:

- **In Côte d'Ivoire:** As of 25 March, UNHCR estimated the total number of IDPs at 1,000,000. During a high level joint visit to Abidjan comprising the National Society, ICRC and IFRC, it was decided that IFRC will complement others' efforts by responding to the needs of 10,000 IDPs (2,000 families), especially in water and sanitation as well as distribution of basic relief items, emergency shelter, emergency health and care, and livelihoods. Additionally, IFRC will focus on capacity building of the National Society, mainly through training of volunteers in epidemical vector control (EVC) and the provision of First Aid equipment.
- **In Liberia and four other border countries:** For the 100,000 refugees in Liberia, and nearly 5,000 elsewhere, the main humanitarian needs at present are in water, sanitation, food, health, shelter, psycho-social sectors and the education of the refugee children. Assessments and coordination with other actors have led the LNRCS to prioritize its operation in response to current water and sanitation needs in host communities and in preparedness for scaling up water and sanitation activities, First Aid and Tracing at border crossing points. There is also an urgent need to provide seeds (and tools) to border communities where food stocks have been depleted while feeding the

refugees in the first months of the crisis. Humanitarian actors are trying to cover some of the needs. UNHCR in Liberia is planning to move up to 70% of the refugee's population away from the border villages. Red Cross will support refugees' needs in their current and eventual locations, targeting 7,500 refugee families (37,500 people) as well as 4,000 host families (20,000 people).

- **In all countries:** In close coordination with the ICRC and partners, provide assistance in the form of training and support to National Societies in their preparedness and response activities through refresher courses for volunteers, the provision or upgrading of basic equipment for branches (at border areas for the neighbouring countries and for branches affected by violence in Côte d'Ivoire.) including administrative and logistic support.

Longer-term needs: Enable the National Societies to establish and maintain well-trained and organized teams that will respond effectively to the needs of their communities. Health promotion in general and provision of water and sanitation to refugees and host communities will furthermore strengthen their resilience and prepare them for future calamities. For this reason the emergency provision of water and sanitation coincides with longer term solutions to water and sanitation needs of the host communities.

A second component is to improve and maintain an efficient management of a communication network among the headquarters of the National Societies, Red Cross branches and the Federation Regional Representations.

The operation

Relief distributions (food and basic non-food items)	
Outcome 1: up to 7,500 of the most vulnerable refugee families and 4,000 host families (11,500 families/57,500 beneficiaries) in Liberia and neighbouring countries benefit from the distribution of non-food items as required.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
At least 11,500 refugee and host families have received appropriate non-food items sets.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the National Societies to conduct rapid emergency needs and capacity assessments. • Acquire and transport 11,500 sets of non-food items (NFI); with each set comprised of 2 blankets and 2 sleeping mats, 3 soap, Jerry can, Buckets and kitchen utensils. • Distribute relief supplies as required and control supply movements from point of dispatching to end user. • Monitor relief activities and report. • Develop an exit strategy.
Outcome 2: At least 2,000 Internally Displaced Families in Côte d'Ivoire (10,000 beneficiaries) benefit from the distribution of non-food items as required.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
The 2,000 identified and registered Internally Displaced Families have received basic non-food items.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retrain 100 Red Cross Society of Côte d'Ivoire volunteers and staff on assessment of Internally Displaced Persons and relief distributions based on Sphere standards. • Distribute items in conformity with Federation standards. • Monitor and report on relief activities.

Emergency shelter

Outcome 1: 5,000 of the most vulnerable refugee families in Liberia and neighbouring countries (25,000 beneficiaries in total) have safe and adequate shelter and settlement solutions through the provision of appropriate emergency shelters, shelter toolkits and guidance on improved building techniques.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ongoing assessment of the shelter needs and appropriate shelter solutions. • Train national shelter teams on shelter construction techniques. • Procure, transport and store 500 family tents and distribute to most

<p>5,000 of the most vulnerable refugee families are provided and utilize appropriate emergency shelter.</p>	<p>vulnerable refugee families.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable the provision of safe and adequate locally appropriate shelter solutions through appropriate programming methodologies, as and when required and in partnership with other agencies already active in this field. • Promote safe and durable shelter where possible through the provision of technical assistance and guidance to all involved in the shelter activities. • Promote increased awareness and understanding of safe and adequate shelter response programming with the National Societies and affected communities. • Coordinate with Movement partners and UNHCR in country as well as NGO partners involved in shelter programmes. • Monitor and report on shelter activities. • Develop and implement an exit strategy.
<p>Outcome 2: To ensure that 2,000 Internally Displaced Families in Côte d'Ivoire (10,000 beneficiaries) have safe and adequate shelter.</p>	
<p>Outputs (expected results)</p>	<p>Activities planned</p>
<p>2,000 Internally Displaced Families are provided and utilize appropriate emergency shelter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the most vulnerable Internally Displaced Families without shelter. • Distribute appropriate emergency shelters to the targeted most vulnerable IDPs without shelter. • Coordinate with Movement partners and UNHCR in country as well as NGO partners involved in shelter programmes. • Monitor and report on shelter activities. • Develop and implement an exit strategy.

Emergency health and care

<p>Outcome 1: The health risks to 7,500 refugee families and 4,000 host community families (11,500 families/57,500 beneficiaries) are reduced through the provision of preventive, community-based health services for one year.</p>	
<p>Outputs (expected results)</p>	<p>Activities planned</p>
<p>The adverse effects of the disaster on the health of 57,500 refugees and hosts are reduced through epidemic control and community-based health and first-aid services</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carry out a baseline study in the population as a result of the population movement. • Assess the health risks of the affected population in terms of health services, health needs and risk of communicable diseases. • Training of 30 supervisors on Epidemic Control for Volunteers (EVC) from the affected districts and other epidemic prone districts. • Provide First Aid and referral services for affected communities through 250 volunteers in the coming year. • Acquire and distribute 200 first aid kits + replenishments • Distribute 23,000 mosquito nets to 11,500 families within 6 months accompanied by key health messages and follow up activities through trained volunteers. • Purchase, transport, store and distribute Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS) for 5,000 families for 3 months. • Monitor and supervise activities from headquarters and at district level.

<p>Psycho-social support is provided to up to 10,000 refugees and staff / volunteers of National Red Cross Societies.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Psychological support and accommodation for refugee children and their parents at the first encounter. • Provide psychological and other support to single female-headed households. • Providing the means enabling children to participate in social activities. • Referral to specialised services. • Organise child support activities and set up child friendly spaces. • Organise counselling for staff. • Create women groups and peer support.
<p>Outcome 2: Increase the resilience to health risks of at least 2,000 Internally Displaced Families in Côte d'Ivoire (10,000 beneficiaries).</p>	
<p>Outputs (expected results)</p>	<p>Activities planned</p>
<p>Community's resilience to current as well as future outbreaks of communicable diseases is increased.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training of 18 supervisors on Epidemic Control for Volunteers from the affected districts and other epidemic prone districts. • ECV workshops to train 320 volunteers on yellow fever and cholera from the affected communities. • Develop and test contingency plan for the 4 affected branches to ensure effective preparedness at branch level. • Distribute 4,000 mosquito nets to 2,000 families accompanied by health messages and follow up by trained volunteers. • Monitoring and supervision of activities from headquarters and at district level.

Water, sanitation, and hygiene promotion

<p>Outcome 1 : The risk of waterborne and water related diseases has been reduced through the provision of safe water and adequate sanitation as well as hygiene promotion to 5,000 refugee families and 5,000 host community families (50,000 beneficiaries in total) in neighbouring countries with a focus on Liberia for 12 months.</p>	
<p>Outputs (expected results)</p>	<p>Activities planned</p>
<p>Safe water is provided to 10,000 refugees and host families as damaged systems are restored and new ones constructed.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide for 96 water points in refugee affected areas. • Distributing 10,000 Jerry Cans, 10,000 buckets, 10,000 water guards and 30,000 bars of soap to 10,000 families. . • Preposition & installation of three (3) water and sanitation Kit 2 or equivalent for the provision of clean water to affected population. • Provide 40 new hand dug wells with handpumps to affected population
<p>Improved sanitation for 10,000 families.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction of 250 pit latrines for refugees and host population. • Construction of 120 emergency pit latrines for refugees and host population
<p>Affected population receives coherent messaging on good hygiene practices to enable safe behaviour.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the National Societies develop/use the relevant tools to assess beneficiary locations and other information relating to the needs of 10,000 families • Train 50 community-based volunteers on Participatory Hygiene and Sanitation Transformation (PHAST) and the International Federation WatSan Software in Liberia. • Initiate a hygiene promotion campaign within the affected population focusing on behavioural change and targeting affected communities, including host and refugees' population through the use of posters, flyers, manuals, educational materials, etc. • Coordinate with the Movement partners and UNICEF in country as well as NGO actors/partners involved in water, sanitation and hygiene promotion. • Monitor and report on water, sanitation and hygiene promotion activities.
<p>The scope and quality of the National Red Cross Societies'</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct 8 trainings on PHAST, water supply, sanitation and CBHFA for 150 volunteers, coaches and staff in the affected branches within

water, sanitation and hygiene promotion and first aid services are improved.	the next 6 months.
Outcome 2 : The risk of waterborne and water related diseases has been reduced through the provision of safe water, adequate sanitation as well as hygiene promotion to 2,000 Internally Displaced Families in Côte d'Ivoire for one year (10,000 beneficiaries).	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
2,000 Internally Displaced Families have been provided with hygiene kits and have received buckets, jerry cans and soap.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the National Society develop/use the relevant tools to assess beneficiary locations and other information relating to the hygiene needs of 2,000 internally displaced persons. • Acquire and distribute hygiene kits. • Acquire and transport 2,000 buckets, 2,000 jerry cans, and 6,000 pieces of soap for 2,000 Internally Displaced Families. • Monitor and report on the distribution.
Improved sanitation for 2,000 Internally Displaced families	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction of 60 emergency pit latrines for IDPs.
The scope and quality of the National Societies water, sanitation and hygiene promotion services are improved.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct training on PHAST, water supply, sanitation for 60 volunteers, coaches, and staff in the affected branches within the next 6 months.
The health status of 2,000 Internally Displaced Families is improved through behaviour change and hygiene promotion activities.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the National Society to identify the trainees for refresher course and to use the relevant training modules • Train 150 volunteers and 20 trained NDRT team leaders and supervisors in Participatory Hygiene and Sanitation. • Support the volunteers to distribute water purification tablets and sensitize the communities on their use. • Support the volunteers to organize at least 100 community awareness-raising sessions on health, water treatment, and good hygiene.

Livelihoods

Outcome 1: The food availability to most vulnerable families in Côte d'Ivoire, Liberia and Guinea is improved through the support of household coping mechanisms.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
4,000 vulnerable (displaced and host) families have self-sustainable food growing opportunities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase and distribute seeds and tools to 4,000 vulnerable families in villages where displaced are hosted and access to farm land is secured.

Logistics

Outcome: The local logistics and transport capacities of the Red Cross Societies to respond with relief items are strengthened through pre-positioning of standard items together with technical assistance to effectively manage the supply chain from arrival of relief items, through to clearance, storage, forwarding and distribution.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinated mobilization of relief goods. • Coordinated reception of all incoming goods. • Coordinated warehousing centralized provision of standard vehicles as required; and coordinated an efficient dispatching of goods to the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct rapid emergency needs and capacity assessments. • Acquire and transport 11,500 sets of non-food items (NFI); with each set comprising 2 blankets and 2 sleeping mats, 3 soap bars, a jerry can, buckets and kitchen utensils. • Procure, transport and store 500 family tents and distribute to most vulnerable refugee families. • Purchase, transport, store and distribute Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS) for 5,000 families for 3 months. • Procure water purification tablets and support communities

final distribution points.	<p>sensitization on their use</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Procure 200 first aid kits + replenishments • Distribute relief supplies and control supply movements from point of dispatching to end user. • Carry out reception of relief goods and arrange warehousing and transportation to distribution points following the International Federation logistics procedures. • Store non-food items and pre-position NFI sets in warehouses for maximum efficiency, in compliance with Red Cross policies and procedures. • Liaise and coordinate with other key actors to ensure repair of damaged bridges and roads. • Construct temporary warehouse to position relief items. • Support the review and improvement of National Societies' capacities including systems and local procurement procedures. • Coordinate with the Movement partners and WFP in country as well as other actors/partners (International and National NGOs). • Provide reporting on logistic and transport activities.
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Human resources

Outcome: Sufficient Human Resources in place to support National Societies to respond to the crisis and emergencies now and in future	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
Hire the required Human Resources to ensure quality staff to support the response.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recruit an Operations coordinator to be based in Liberia for nine months support. • Recruit a Watsan delegate with developmental programming and engineering knowledge for 6 Months. • Recruit a logistics coordinator in Liberia for three months. • Engage three Resource persons for 12 weeks to support the Red Cross Society of Côte d'Ivoire (RCSCI) as well as Guinea (CRG) and to promote coordination with ICRC. • Agree with the National Societies to identify consultants to provide surge capacity to ensure that other non emergency programmes do not suffer. • Recruit regionally Emergency Coordinator, Finance Officer and Emergency Assistant for six months support to ensure that other non emergency programmes do not suffer. • Recruit National Coordinators, Finance Assistants, Emergency Assistants and IT assistants to support National Societies headquarters and branches with specialised and on the job training. • Recruit Communication Assistants to support efforts and to increase National Societies' capacities in communications. • Engage a regional reporting officer to support the National Societies' reporting requirements.
Ensure Administration, Finance, Human Resources and other procedures are in place when deploying RDRT, staff and delegates.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RDRT Relief, watsan and health deployments. • Administration and Human Resources support to deployments: briefing, procedures, briefing, debriefing.

Information systems and services (ISD)

Outcome: National Societies' capacities in information systems and services are adequate to ensure effective response to the current crisis and for the future.	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Societies and the emergency operations room are properly equipped to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the National Societies headquarters with selected branches with computers, radios, printers, internet and other software to bridge the digital divide in emergencies and disasters.

<p>ensure regular monitoring of population movements and National Societies' response.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National Societies' chapters and branches offices in operation areas are adequately equipped to ensure regular monitoring of population movement and response. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency room: equip with radios, computer, hardware, GPS, maps. National Societies' chapters and branches offices: Equip with communication and transport means.
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Communications – Advocacy and Public information

The NS and regional communications offices will conduct awareness and publicity activities including field trips to sensitize the public and media on the situation on the ground and the humanitarian response. They will also work with programme teams to develop beneficiary communications that support programme objectives in decreasing the vulnerability of the affected populations.

Outcome: NS and Federation visibility are improved	
Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A steady flow of timely and accurate information between the field and other major stakeholders is maintained. The communications capacities of the National Societies are improved. Appropriate communications tools are developed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support the National Societies to develop communications tools in hygiene promotion, video footage, articles, photos and to produce materials to communicate to refugees and IDPs about hygiene, sanitation and other practices including gender based violence to ensure their wellbeing. Develop the national society communication assistants' capacities to support the emergency appeal operations and profile the work of the National Societies. Support the National Societies in its media relations in positioning the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and profiling its life saving activities. Produce and upload information bulletins on the Federation and make available for NS websites. Share regular updates and learning studies with other stakeholders. Organize media field trips to the key areas. Produce communications materials for the media including stories, photos, and video footage. IFRC delegate in Abidjan to act as spokesperson for international media and gather communications materials to support the profiling of the appeal. Interviewees, spokespersons, hard data/numbers/facts, opinion pieces and podcasts from the field with a focus on Cote d'Ivoire and Liberia. Monitor media coverage and monitoring of activities. Produce and air radio/TV spots, print adverts/supplements. Organise regular press briefings in capital cities and Dakar. Support the volunteers involved with visibility materials (T shirts/tabards). Discuss and agree with ICRC on "working together in Côte d'Ivoire + 5". Organise a regional and 2 in-country donor meetings to support the appeal.

Reporting, Monitoring and evaluation

Outcome: The activities are properly implemented, monitored and reported on to ensure effective management of the operation and accountability to the vulnerable populations and donors.

Outputs (expected results)	Activities planned
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<p>Monitoring visits conducted, and information utilized in management of the operation.</p> <p>Reports produced to share information with stakeholders on operation status, opportunities and challenges.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct monitoring visits to 6 National Societies. • Prepare regular and final situation reports, updates and reports. • Evaluate the relief operations with a view to improving current and future response.
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Planned beneficiary summary

	Beneficiaries	Liberia & others*	Côte d'Ivoire
Relief distributions	67,500	85%	15%
Outcome 1		57,500	
Outcome 2			10,000
Emergency shelter	35,000	71%	29%
Outcome 1		25,000	
Outcome 2			10,000
Emergency health and care	67,500	85%	15%
Outcome 1		57,500	
Outcome 2			10,000
Water, sanitation, hygiene	60,000	83%	17%
Outcome 1		50,000	
Outcome 2			10,000
Livelihoods	20,000	Liberia & Guinea	Côte d'Ivoire
		70%	30%
Outcome 1		14,000	6,000

*Including Guinea, Ghana, Mali and Burkina Faso

Budget summary

See attached budget (Annex 1) for details.

Mr Mathias Schmale
Under Secretary General

Bekele Geleta
Secretary General

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:

1. Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.
2. Enable healthy and safe living.
3. Promote social inclusion and a culture of non-violence and peace.

Contact information

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

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For Performance and Accountability (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting (enquiries))

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[<Emergency Appeal budget below; click here to return to the title page>](#)

BUDGET SUMMARY

Budget Group	Multilateral Response	Inter-Agency Shelter Coordination	Coordinated Support (ERUs)	TOTAL BUDGET CHF
Shelter - Relief	363,695			363,695
Shelter - Transitional				0
Construction - Housing				0
Construction - Facilities / Infrastructure				0
Construction - Materials				0
Clothing & Textiles	153,634			153,634
Food				0
Seeds & Plants	59,406			59,406
Water & Sanitation	962,533			962,533
Medical & First Aid	150,329			150,329
Teaching Materials	60,836			60,836
Utensils & Tools	630,013			630,013
Other Supplies & Services & Cash Disbursements				0
ERU (Emergency Response Units)				0
Total Supplies	2,380,446	0	0	2,380,446
Land & Buildings				0
Vehicles	11,884			11,884
Computer & Telecom	16,185			16,185
Off/House Equip-Audiovisual Equipment	2,573			2,573
Office/Household Furniture & Equipment	7,427			7,427
Medical Equipment				0
Other Machinery & Equipment				0
Total Land, vehicles & equipment	38,069	0	0	38,069
Storage	7,426			7,426
Distribution & Monitoring	48,119			48,119
Transport & Vehicle Costs	266,701			266,701
Total Transport & Storage	322,245	0	0	322,245
International Staff	220,277			220,277
Regionally Deployed Staff	191,139			191,139
National Staff	72,915			72,915
National Society Staff	262,747			262,747
Other Staff benefits				0
Consultants	26,465			26,465
Total Personnel	773,543	0	0	773,543
Workshops & Training	53,759			53,759
Total Workshops & Training	53,759	0	0	53,759
Travel	85,865			85,865
Information & Public Relation	19,802			19,802
Office Costs	31,099			31,099
Communications	10,693			10,693
Professional Fees				0
Financial Charges	9,505			9,505
Other General Expenses	9,901			9,901
Total General Expenditure	166,865	0	0	166,865
Cash Transfers to National Societies				0
Cash Transfers to 3rd parties				0
Total Contributions & Transfers	0	0	0	0
Program Support	242,770	0	0	242,770
Total Programme Support	242,770	0	0	242,770
Services & Recoveries				0
Shared Services				0
Total Services	0	0	0	0
TOTAL BUDGET	3,977,698	0	0	3,977,698
Available Resources				
Multilateral Contributions	0			0
ERUs contributions	0			0
TOTAL AVAILABLE RESOURCES	0	0	0	0
NET EMERGENCY APPEAL NEEDS	3,977,698	0	0	3,977,698